

Use Lawrason's  
Horse & Cattle  
SPICE  
3 lb. Pkg. 25c.

# THE NAPAN

Vol. XLV] No. 1 — E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA

Wilson U M 20 Jan 07

NAPANEE

**Madill Bros**

NAPANEE

## CARPETS AND HOUSEFURNISHINGS IN GRAND ARRAY.

Three prominent features in our enormous stocks the greatest variety of designs—the newest designs—the best possible quality and values, when it comes to new carpets, which is your Store? Few people have any adequate idea of the size and extent of this Carpet business. The Stock includes

**Hundreds of Yards of Carpet, Hundreds of Styles,  
and a Big Range of Novelties,**

Which means variety enough for every use and taste, all the New Colors are here represented. The constant activity of our Carpet and Furnishing Department is the inspiration of low prices. We want your trade and we take pains to get it.

New Axminster Wilton and Velvet Carpets,  
New Brussels Tapestry, Wool and Hemp Carpets,  
New Jap Matting and Crex Floor Coverings,  
New Oil Cloth and Lineoliums in 8/4, 12/4, and  
16/1 widths.

New Nottingham, Swiss and Marie Antoinette  
Curtains.  
New Battenburg, Saxony, Brussels and Irish  
Point Curtains.  
New Rugs in Velvet Brussels, Tapestry and Hemp  
New Draperies, Window Shades and Trimmings.

WE DO ALL KINDS OF ARTISTIC DRAPING.

Watch This Space, Next Week's Edition for Special Easter Bargains.

## CORSETS, CORSETS, CORSETS,

Special for Saturday Morning at 10 a. m.

75 pair only, the famous E. T. Corsets in various styles, including the latest short French model, with low bust and long princess hips made from the finest White and Grey batiste with rust proof steels. Fashionable Ladies all recognize the E. T. Corsets, the cream of styles and stand unrivalled for durability, newness of shapes and the graceful contour each and every pair give the figure they are made for, sizes range from 18 to 26 and worth as high as \$1.50 guaranteed first quality at original prices, Special on Saturday.....

69c each

SEE WINDOW.

Special Easter Bargains in Next Week's Edition.



### NEWS IN GENERAL.

A company has been formed in Toronto to run power cars and 'busses in opposition to the Toronto Railway.

Evidence of large sums paid confidential employees came out in the Joseph Phillips conspiracy investigation.

New Century, Sunlight and Handy Washers, sold on approval.

MADOLE & WILSON.

The bill to place further restrictions on automobilists was discussed in the Legislature.

During the past month the deaths in Winnipeg exceeded the births by 25, the figures being, births 233, deaths 258.

A deputation from the Anti-vaccination League asked the Provincial Secretary to insert a conscience clause in the Ontario vaccination act.

Nothing was accomplished at the conference of anthracite coal men in New York, and an adjournment was made until Thursday.

The majority of the operators in western Pennsylvania have signed the increased wage scale, and the outlook of the bituminous strike is hopeful.

At the Cornwall Assizes Miss Josephine Smith of Ottawa was acquitted of a charge of retaining and diverting to her own use a valuable old prayer book. She conducted her own case.

Mr. Herbert Greatrix of Belleville is dying in the hospital, as a result, it is said, of taking a dose of medicine, free samples of which were distributed recently.

The Emperor William comes out of the Algierais conference with the tail feathers only—France has got the bird. Where will his Imperial Hastiness be heard from next?

Revelations regarding the holding of stock in the Toronto Life Company by the employees of the York Loan were made at the investigation of the conspiracy charge against Joseph Phillips.

The Government have decided to mine the Gillies limit, in the Cobalt district, for the benefit of the Province, and to lease the mineral deposits on the right of way of the Temiskaming Railway.

The report that the National Transcontinental Railway would stop at Edmonton is denied by Mr. C. M. Hays who says the line will be continued to the Pacific coast. Mr. Hays has just returned from England, and reports that the company had no difficulty in raising money.

It is announced that the shareholders of the late York County Loan and Savings Company will receive not less than thirty-five cents on the dollar. The persons in the worst plight are the permanent stock holders, who will be the last to receive any remuneration whatever.

In Parliament on Tuesday Mr. Fitzpatrick explained the provisions of his Sunday observance bill, saying that Provincial legislation would be retained. An important debate took place on Dr. Roche's amendment regarding lands in the Northwest, and on a division the Government's majority was 52.

Port Arthur will this year enjoy the lowest tax rate in its history—16 mills. This rate is struck on assessment of \$8,332,111, and is made possible because of the earnings of the public franchises which show a total net profit for the

TRAVELLERS' SAMPLES ON SALE

# TRAVELLERS' SAMPLES ON SALE

SATURDAY, AT 10 A. M.

Including Ladies' Silk, Satana, Muslin Waists, Ladies' Wrappers, Ladies' House Dresses and Whitewear, this lot are in perfect condition, very slightly mussed, almost a complete range of sizes will be placed on front table Dry Goods Section on Saturday at 10 a. m., all marked in plain figures and at Wholesale Prices our advice is, see this complete lot.

## The Ready-To-Wear Department.

Everything new and dainty in Ready-to-wears, Ladies' Muslin Above Knee, Silk and Eyelet Embroidery Waists, Ladies' new Fawn Coat Jackets, Ladies' Tweed Skirts and Jackets, Ladies' Silk Underskirts, Ladies' and Children's Linenette Weir, Ladies' and Misses' Rain Coats and Goggles.

## The Smallwear Department.

Easter Novelties arriving daily. Our stock is always abreast the time. You're sure to find the choicest of styles here. This weeks arrivals are the new gold and silver Belts, Chiffon Chemisette and Cuff Sets, Fancy Novelty Neckwear, Gloves, etc. 20, inch Swede and Silk Gloves in Cream and White.

## The Dress Goods Department.

The Dress Good arrivals are about completed, everything fashion calls for is here represented. This weeks arrivals are Cream Overcheck basket weave Suiting, fancy Chiffon Mohairs and Pearl Grey Suiting, also new Dress and Waist Silks.

## The Wash Goods and Linen Department.

Wash Goods in abundance, flattering remarks in regard to Colorings, Styles, and Weaves. Come and see something exclusive in Wash Goods, Linens, (the Shamrock Brand) Dress Linens, Table Linens, Napkins, Towels etc., all new and exclusive designs.

# Special for Thursday April 12th at 10 a. m.

CARPET ENDS—ABOUT 200 YARDS IN ALL—in colors of Fawn, Red and Green ground neat floral designs, lengths of from 1 to 25 yards each. Some of the lengths being suitable for bedrooms or small dining room. Brussels and Tapestry, prices for Thursday, April 12th, Regular \$1.40 for \$1.00, \$1.00 for 88c, \$1.00 for 88c, 85c for 55c, 65c for 50c, 50c for 39, 25c for 18c.

# MADILL BROS.

## S. CASEY DENISON,

Will be pleased to have your trade in

Groceries, Provisions,  
Flour, Feed, Salt, Straw,  
Pressed Hay, Etc.  
PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.



To Manitoba  
Alberta and  
Saskatchewan

SPECIAL TRAINS FOR SETTLERS

With live stock and effects, from Toronto at 3:00 p.m.

EVERY TUESDAY DURING  
**MARCH AND APRIL**  
COLONIST CARS ATTACHED  
NO EXTRA CHARGE

Settlers travelling without live stock should use 1:45 p.m. train from Toronto daily.

## TOURIST CARS

on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays. Cost of sleeping berths as follows:—

Winnipeg - \$1.00 Regina - \$3.00  
Moose Jaw - 5.00 Calgary - 6.00

"Settlers' Guide" and "Western Canada" booklets of practical use and interest to settlers, with rates and full information, free upon application to nearest Canadian Pacific Agent, or write to C. E. Foster, D. P. A., C. P. R., Toronto.

Heating and Sanitary Plumbing.  
MADOLE & WILSON.

## THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP \$3,000,000  
RESERVE FUND AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS \$3,722,000  
TOTAL ASSETS - - - \$39,000,000

## Savings Bank Department

Interest paid on deposits of One Dollar and upwards, and compounded half yearly.  
Interest allowed on

Cheese Factory Accounts  
Advances made on Farmers' Sale Notes.  
Drafts and Letters of Credit issued upon all parts of the world.

**DUDLEY L. HILL,**

Acting Manager, Nanpance Branch.

**\$705.00**

is the average salary of the March graduates of

**PICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE**  
and SCHOOL OF FINANCE

SPECIAL HIGH-GRADE WORK

Scientific Accounting, Expert Shorthand, Typewriting, Practical Railroad and Commercial Telegraphy, Music and Art.

EVERY GRADUATE IN A GOOD POSITION.

ASK FOR RATES.

JNO. R. SAYERS,  
Principal and Prop., Picton.

A thorough investigation of the mineralized portion of the Gillies timber limit will be undertaken by Prof. Miller, the Provincial geologist.

The Ontario Government is considering the construction of a new railroad from Cobalt to Sudbury, to connect there with the Canadian Pacific Railway.

In the Phillips conspiracy case Magistrate Denison said he had never come across a case so complicated, where so many people were concerned, the object being to defraud the public.

Just In.

Fresh maple syrup 30c qt, maple sugar, 10c a cake also table syrup in all size pails from 10c up

GREY LION GROCERY.

Belleville, April 4—A daring hold-up occurred near here early this morning. William Carnrite, veterinary student with Dr. Purvis with a young man named Peter Purvis, were called to attend a sick horse six miles this side of Picton. They left about 11.30 last night. At 1 o'clock when in the middle of what is known as Long Swamp, three men jumped from behind a tree. One grabbed the horse's head, while the other two came up with clubs, ordering the occupants to hold up their hands and to hand out their valuables. Carnrite happened to have a revolver, which he took from his pocket, and pointing at the men, threatened to shoot. They all took to their heels through the swamp and disappeared. Carnrite fired several shots after the men, but does not know whether they took effect. The men were tall, wearing black overcoats, and were hard-looking characters.

That New Dye called "Dyola" is sold at WALLACE'S RED CROSS DRUG STORE 3 packages for 25 cents also Diamond Dyes, Turkish, Standard or Rex all same price.

Port Arthur will this year enjoy the lowest tax rate in its history—16 mills. This rate is struck on assessment of \$85,322,111, and is made possible because of the earnings of the public franchises which show a total net profit for the year of \$23,145,900, leaving the net amount to be raised by general tax of \$31,180,10. The earnings are divided among franchises thus: Electric railway, net profits, \$5,500,10, electric light \$13,937,70; telephone, \$3,617,10. These figures are after all expenses, including interest and sinking fund, and \$3000 death claim on railway are allowed for.

Belleville, Ont., April 2.—It is now alleged that the young man, Greatrix, who was said to be suffering from a rupture of the bowels, owing to taking free samples of patent medicines, was in reality suffering with an abscess of the intestines, and that the medicine took simply made the case acute. At the present time, a doctor who attended him says he has only one chance in fifty for recovery.

Madoc, April 2.—Peter Jarvis of Kellar's Bridge was killed this afternoon in the American Madoc Company's mine, near Bannockburn. Five men were brought up the shaft in the bucket and when near the top the cable caught on something, tipping the bucket over sideways. Jarvis and John Pressick of Cordova fell out, the latter fell about 25 feet, lighting on a piece of timber, unhurt. Jarvis fell 70 feet to the bottom of the shaft. He lived about ten minutes. The other three occupants caught hold of the cable till the bucket righted itself again. Jarvis was foreman of the mine. He leaves a wife and one child.

International Stock Food, Heave Cure and other remedies. Three feeds one cent.

MADOLE & WILSON.

Will not save a diseased tree. Whatever it is that threatens the life of the tree must be discovered and attacked directly. It is the same

**Pruning the Branches** because the ordinary remedy instead of going at the root of the disease simply prunes the branches. The trouble is in the bone or joint and must be got at there, must be driven out. This is where the pre-eminence of Tuck's Rheumatic Bone Oil comes in over all remedies. It goes straight at the root of the trouble in the quickest and most direct way, penetrates to the bone and effects a sure, permanent and speedy cure. Here is what one sufferer says of it:—

Dear Sirs—You ask me if Tuck's Bone Oil did me any good I can tell you that it did. It cured me of rheumatism and nothing ever helped me for neuralgia until I got that. I suffered everything for years from rheumatism and at times I thought it was going to my heart and would kill me. All my neighbors know how I suffered and they all know that Tuck's Bone Oil cured me, because I tell everybody I see. I took small doses of it, about four drops in milk, and I had it thoroughly rubbed into my legs which were both affected. It seemed to penetrate right to where the pain was and even the first application gave me relief, but the grumbling pain came back in a few hours. I kept on using it and before I had used all of the fourth bottle I was completely free of rheumatism. During this time I had a terrible attack of neuralgia. I used Tuck's Bone Oil and got almost instant relief, I am willing for you to use this any way you like because I think your Bone Oil should be known of by everyone.

W. H. Dean,  
Farnham, Quebec.  
For rheumatism, lame back, neuralgia, sprains, coughs, colds, quinsy or bronchitis, in short for any and all kinds of inflammation there is nothing to equal Tuck's Bone Oil. A bottle should be on the shelf in every home. For sale by all medicine dealers at 50c. a bottle or sent prepaid by The Tuck Bone Oil Co. Limited, Smith's Falls, Ont.



# THE EXPRESS.

**Preston's Paste  
KILLS  
Cockroaches and Bedbugs  
LAWRASON & CO.  
Agents.**

**\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.**

**—FRIDAY, APRIL 6th 1906**

**F. W. SMITH,  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
Strictly Private and Confidential.  
Smith's Jewellery Store,  
Napinee.**

30-3m

## TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber,  
Napinee, April, 2th, 1906

Council met in regular session, Mayor Lowry presiding.

Councillors present, Messrs Graham, Williams, Simpson, Kimmery, Ming. Minutes of previous meeting were read and on motion adopted.

## COMMUNICATIONS.

From Bell Telephone Co. re erecting poles on Richardson street and replacing worn out poles, &c. Laid on table.

From Mayor of Toronto, inviting council to send representative to deputate to Provincial Government re power from Niagara Falls. Ordered placed in the hands of the Board of Trade.

From city clerk of city of Toronto re development of power by Provincial Government at Niagara Falls with accompanying petition. Fyled.

From Gutta Percha Rubber Co., Toronto, re Fire Hose, inclosing tender for hose.

On motion the Chief engineer was heard in reference to hose used by street committee. Communication re hose was laid on table.

The finance committee presented the treasurers financial report for March. Report adopted.

On motion the street committee were requested to repair a culvert and a washout reported to be in a dangerous condition.

The Fire, Water, and Light committee reported in reference to the carting of hose reels by Mr. Chas. Anderson.

The Poor and Sanitary committee reported that Mrs. Williams who is seriously ill and under the care of the committee, required a woman to care for her.

The town property committee reported having given Mr. Briggs the contract to repaint the corridor of the town hall and Magistrate's office.

The communication from the fire Underwriter's Association, laid over from last meeting, was read and again laid on the table.

On motion Dr. Cowan, Medical Health officer, was heard in reference to the condition of Mrs. Williams, sister of John Wickham, who is suffering from dropsy.

On motion the Medical Health officer was instructed to see if she could be sent to the Hotel Dieu, Kingston.

On motion Mr. Chas. Pollard was appointed pound keeper for this year, at the same remuneration as last year.

The Medical Health officer reported that the Hotel Dieu would receive Mrs. Williams.

On motion the Poor and Sanitary committee were given power to act in the matter of Mrs. Williams.

On motion the collector's time for return of his roll was extended until next meeting of Council.

On motion the Fire Water and Light committee were instructed to inquire the cost of a hose wagon and harness.

On motion the matter of securing a horse for hauling hose be left in the hands of the Fire, Water and Light committee.

On motion the Council decided to purchase 300 feet of fire hose.

On motion representatives of the Gutta Percha and Canadian Rubber

## Rough on the Skin.

March and April winds are trying on the skin—Wallace's "Cream of Violets and Witch Hazel" keeps the skin in perfect condition—it contains no oils, greasy substance or chemicals to obstruct the pores of the skin. It is quickly absorbed, leaving no trace of its use and cannot injure the most delicate skin. 50c the bottle at

**T. B. WALLACE, Phm B.  
The Prescription Druggist.**

## LENNOX AND ADDINGTON OLD BOYS' ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of the Lennox and Addington Old Boys' Association was held in the Napinee Council Chamber on the evening of March 29th.

The meeting was called to order by the president, Mr. U. M. Wilson, at 8 p. m. and the minutes of the preceding meeting were read and confirmed.

Moved by Mr. Jas. Reid, ex-M. P. P., and seconded by Councillor Ming, that Mr. Uriah Wilson, M. P. be Hon. President of the Association. Carried.

Moved by Mr. E. S. Lapum, seconded by Councillor Williams, that Mr. Jas. Reid, be an Hon. Vice-President of the Association. Carried.

Moved by Councillor Ming, seconded by Mayor Lowry, that Mr. Carscallen, M. P. P., Mr. Paul, M. P. P., Mr. H. Warner and Judge Madden be Hon. Vice Presidents of the Association. Carried.

Moved by Councillor Ming, seconded by Mr. E. S. Lapum, that Mr. M. S. Madole be Vice President of the association. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Jas. Reid, seconded by Mr. E. S. Lapum, that Mr. Chas. Riley be 2nd Vice President, and that Dr. M. I. Beeman be Asst. Secretary of the association. Carried.

Moved by Mr. W. A. Grange, seconded by Mr. Jas. Reid, that the Reception Committee be composed of the Mayor of Napinee, the Warden of Lennox and Addington, the Reeves of the different municipalities of the county, and the Hon. officers of the association. Carried.

The following persons were nominated and elected to form the Executive and Finance Committee: Councillor Ming, W. A. Grange, W. T. Gibbard, W. Waller, J. S. Madill, W. H. Boyle, J. W. Robinson, Dr. Ming.

Moved by Councillor Ming, seconded by Mayor Lowry, that the provisional Printing and Invitation Committee, composed of Geo. Gibbard, Geo. Walters and F. C. Anderson be sustained. Carried.

Moved by Councillor Ming, seconded by Mr. Jas. Reid, that the Asst. Sec'y be a member of the Printing and Invitation Committee. Carried.

The following persons were elected to be members of the Games Committee: Dr. Leonard, D. L. Hill, J. S. Ham, Colonel Cox, W. A. Fuller, Colonel Clyde, C. H. Spencer, C. R. Jones, P. D. Shorey, Dr. N. S. Northmore, S. J. Sproule, Dr. Dorland, R. A. Fowler, W. Normile, W. Smith, H. Williams, A. Kimmery, P. Gleeson, Geo. Bustin, Harry Fralick, J. S. Chahners, T. B. Wallace, Frank Smith, Fred J. Vanalstine, W. H. Boyle, Clint Rose, Elwell B. Bell.

Moved by Councillor Ming, seconded by G. H. Vanalstine, that Mr. Charles Riley, Dr. Beeman and Mr. Jas. Reid be a Working Committee for Addington with power to add to their numbers. Carried.

Moved by Councillor Ming, seconded by Councillor Williams, that the fol-

## WHEN and WHERE

But we owe it to our great gathering from the style starting points to tell you something about it—to suggest that before you buy you see what's here.

Exclusive styles in Ready-to-Wears.—We are opening up to-day the latest designs in New York Sailors.

Our stock of Gloves, Hosiery, Corsets, Ladies' Vests is well assorted with all the leading lines.

**All the latest Novelties in Belts, Collars, Scarfs, Veilings, Etc.**

We invite attention also to our line of Fine Ladies' Blouses in Washable Silk and Muslin.

We are also agents for the New York Silk Waist Company.

## DOXSEE & CO.

The Leading Millinery House.

## DRY MILLWOOD FOR SALE

Also Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt and Portland Cement.

**COAL** FOR Stoves, Furnaces and Grates, Steam Purposes and Blacksmiths' use.

**The Rathbun Co.** R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

**FOR SALE—BRICK HOUSE AND**  
Lot, in desirable locality on Bridge street also several good building lots. Apply to  
S. GIBSON.

## TO LET

That very desirable property in Salem, consisting of four acres of the choicest garden land, underdrained, with excellent frame house, drive house, barn, stables, henhouse and smokehouse. For further particulars enquire of  
FRANK H. PERRY.  
Will rent house separately, if desired.

## Important Notice.

Seven Sutherland Sisters beg to announce to the ladies of Napinee, that they have made arrangements with Fred L. Hooper, Medical Hall, and will hold daily demonstrations for two weeks commencing Monday April 30th regarding treatment of the hair and scalp. They respectfully invite everyone to call and consult with them. Come and See the Long, Beautiful Hair grown by the use of the Seven Sutherland Sisters' Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner. Canadian Head Office 11 Colborne Street, Toronto. J. H. Bailey, Foreign Manager.

Belleville, April 1.—At noon yesterday the Grand Jury brought in a true bill for murder against Adam Lloyd, who is alleged to have killed his wife on January 23, 1905, and then set her on fire by saturating her clothing with kerosene. The old couple lived alone. Suspicion was aroused, as the woman's hands were not burned, and she was

**SELECTED WHEAT LANDS IN WESTERN**  
Canada near transcontinental railroad. Exceptional investments, absolutely safe and profitable. Full particulars on application.  
Denny & Fringle, Melita, Man., or Kenosha, Wis.

**FINE FARM FOR SALE—John M.**  
Hawley offers for sale, his farm of 200 acres, situated at Hawley, 2nd concession, South Fredericksburgh. This is one of the very best farms in the county, well drained and fenced, and free from foul seed. 160 acres under good cultivation, 10 acres woodland, 20 acres new land ready to stump. Good orchard, 4 splendid wells. Fine brick residence, lawn and shade trees. 2 large barns, tenant house, new poultry house, hog house, etc. Very convenient to church, school, post office and blacksmith shop. 8 miles from Napinee, 4 miles from Bath, and 3 miles from station. For further particulars enquire of  
16-3m JOHN M. HAWLEY.

## EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE SURREGATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.

IN THE ESTATE OF MARY BLACK, LATE OF THE TOWN OF NAPIEE, MARRIED WOMAN, DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to R. S. O. 1857, Chapter 125, Section 38 and Amending Acts, that all persons having claims against the estate of the said Mary Black, who died on or about the 13th day of March, A. D. 1906, are required to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to John English, Solicitor for the Executors, on or before the 25th day of April, A. D. 1906, their names, addresses and descriptions, and a full statement of particulars of their claims.

On motion the Council decided to purchase 300 feet of fire hose.

On motion representatives of the Gutta Percha and Canadian Rubber Co.'s were heard in reference to hose offered by their respective firms.

On motion the council purchased 300 feet 3 ply Paragon hose at 90c per foot.

On motion the Bell Telephone Co. were requested to furnish a plan pointing out alterations in pole line, and that the company be instructed not to do anything until permission has been granted by the Council.

#### ACCOUNTS.

E. B. Perry, night watch \$6.00; J. S. Fullerton Electric Light, advice \$20.00; T. H. Waller, the \$18.00; J. R. Dufco, \$12.50; Bell Telephone Co. 60c; J. L. Boyes \$15.00; Napanee Express \$37.75; Madden Bros. 90.50; Police Magistrate \$2.25, were ordered paid. The Treasurer asked for vouchers for payments amounting to \$117.55.

On motion the clerk was instructed to advertise for town supplies. Council adjourned.

## 33 YEARS

of buying, selling and compounding drugs, medicines, etc., is the record of

### J. P. LAWRASON & CO.

Buying as we do for our many stores puts us in the market for quantities, and quantities make the PRICE!

We give our customers the benefit of our close buying; would it not pay every Express reader to see our manager, Mr. Pasmore, who will keep you right on quality and prices.

In Spring Tonics we quote:—

|                                       |
|---------------------------------------|
| Beef Iron and Wine, 50c and 75c       |
| Blaud's Iron Tonic Pills per 100, 25c |
| Emulsion Cod Liver Oil, 25c           |
| Compound Hypophosphites, 50c          |
| Kola, Celery and Pepsin Wine, 50c     |

### LAWRASON & CO.

J. H. J. Pasmore, Manager.



## Gettin' Wisdom

is a comparatively easy task if you start it while you are young. Don't allow your children's eyes to be ruined for all time because "they look too 'ded' with glasses on."

We'll tell you the truth as to whether they need glasses or not, and charge you nothing for the telling.

Headaches in children are suspicious. We are also the best people to guarantee the quality of our frames, it being part of our jewelry business to acquire that ability and knowledge.

**F. CHINNECK'S**  
THE STORE OF QUALITY,  
Near Royal Hotel, Napanee.

Moved by Councillor Ming, seconded by G. H. Vanalstine, that Mr. Charles Riley, Dr. Beeman and Mr. Jas. Reid be a Working Committee for Adding-ton with power to add to their numbers. Carried.

Moved by Councillor Ming, seconded by Councillor Williams, that the following persons be members of the Decoration Committee, with power to add to their numbers: Harry Hunter, H. Taylor, Robt. Dickinson, Frank Chalmers, E. S. Lapum, Geo. Vanalstine, Fred Lee, Henry Savage, G. A. Aylesworth, Fred Smith, Jr., the Commodore of the Napanee Yacht Club, and the members of the Napanee Street Committee. Carried.

The following were nominated and elected members of the Transportation Committee: Lester Boyes, D. Valloir, H. B. Sherwood, J. B. Allison, O. R. Laidley, R. B. Shipman, J. P. Hanley, E. McLaughlin, C. H. Finkle, M. Dunn, W. H. Boyle, H. E. Smith, E. S. Lapum and D. L. Collier.

The following were nominated and elected members of the Registration Committee: J. T. Grange, C. B. Parks, Frank Chalmers, W. A. Grange, John Osborne.

Moved by Mr. Jas. Reid, seconded by Councillor Williams, that the Finance Committee wait on the different Municipal Councils of the County and on the different societies for the purpose of obtaining contributions to the funds of the association. Carried.

Moved by Mr. E. S. Lapum, seconded by Councillor Williams, that the dates of the reunion this year be August 15, 16, 17.

Moved, in amendment, by Mr. D. Hill seconded by Mr. H. Taylor, that the dates be August 23, 24, 25.

The amendment carried.

Moved by Mr. W. A. Grange, seconded by Mr. Fred Smith, Jr., that the several committees be requested to convene as early as possible, to make what progress possible, and to report to the General Committee in two weeks, Thursday evening of April 15th at 7.30 p. m. Carried.

Moved by Councillor Ming, seconded by Councillor Williams, that the meeting adjourn for two weeks to the date of the former motion. Carried.

F. C. ANDERSON,  
Sec'y.

Pocket Electric Flash Lights will sell at \$1.00 each.

BOYLE & SON.

### VICTIMIZED FARMERS.

George A. Booth, trader, Trenton, Ont., who was found guilty on Friday of false pretenses, was condemned Saturday morning by Judge Choquet to pay a fine of \$50 or serve four months in jail. It was Booth's intention to pay the fine, but he heard that as soon as he stepped outside the prison gate he would be again arrested. Chief Detective Carpenter says that Booth is wanted in Napanee, Ont. to answer to a charge of false pretenses, and when he leaves the jail here there will be awaiting him a warrant for his arrest on the Napanee charge. Booth may make up his mind to serve the four months here, or he may pay his fine and go to Napanee to answer to the charge against him there.

Booth sent out circulars under the name of Bond & Co., requesting farmers in different places to send him their butter and eggs, and he would sell them on commission, or purchase the produce. It was proven that he made arrangements with two or three local firms to receive any produce that was sent addressed to him, and gave them instructions to advance 50 per cent., and dispose of the goods for whatever they could get.

Booth was arrested here February 25, by Detective O'Keefe, and has been in jail here since.—Gazette, April 2nd.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Mitchell*

day the Grand Jury brought in a true bill for murder against Adam Lloyd, who is alleged to have killed his wife on January 23, 1905, and then set her on fire by saturating her clothing with kerosene. The old couple lived alone. Suspicion was aroused, as the woman's hands were not burned, and she was found sitting in a chair far from the stove, with an ugly wound on her head. The case was to have come before the Grand Jury at the last Assizes, but owing to the jury returning no bill against Mrs. Diamond the authorities refused to put Lloyd's case on. Chief Justice Falconbridge fixed Lloyd's trial for Tuesday morning at 9.30.

### NORTH FREDERICKSBURGH.

Honor Roll for March.

Jubilee School No. 15

IV Class—

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NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to R. S. O. 1857, Chapter 125, Section 38 and Amending Acts, that all persons having claims against the estate of the said Mary Black, who died on or about the 13th day of March, A. D. 1906, are required to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to John English, Solicitor for the Executors, on or before the 25th day of April, A. D. 1906, their names, addresses and descriptions, and a full statement of particulars of their claims and the nature of security (if any) held by them, duly certified, and that after the said date the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

JOHN ENGLISH,

Solicitor for the Executors.  
Dated this 23th day of March, A.D. 1906.

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# THE HEIR OF SANTLEIGH

## OR THE STEWARD'S SON

### CHAPTER XXXVIII.—(Continued.)

"You will have an opportunity of witnessing the scene," he said, quietly. "Remember, I have your promise. You and the Ferndales will be at the Court in ten days from now—that's Thursday week!"

"Oh, yes," said Jack, "that's understood."

"Very well. Till then I am Cyril Burne." He suppressed a sigh. "Jack, I wish you were the earl, confound it! You'd make a much better peer than I shall."

Jack Wesley laughed cynically.

"Miss Norah wouldn't think so," he retorted. "My dear boy, don't repine. We must all bear our lot cheerfully, whatever it may be. I sympathize with you deeply, deeply; it must be so trying to be an earl with ever so many thousands a year; but you must bear your heavy trouble like a man, you know. And here's the banns on that last."

Cyril hurried to the door as if he were going to catch a train and hadn't a minute to lose. Then he stopped short and thrust his hand into the breast pocket of his beautifully-fitting frock coat.

"What's the matter? Palpitation of the heart?" demanded Jack.

"No," said Cyril, gravely pulling out a long blue envelope. "I was wondering whether I had forgotten this," and he tapped it significantly.

"Oh, that's all right. What you'll forget will be the ring."

"No, I shan't," retorted Cyril, and he took it out gingerly from his waistcoat pocket. "Come along, come along!"

"Certainly, but allow me to lock the door. Are you afraid the church will run away, or that Miss Norah may change her mind?"

The church was still standing in its secluded corner, and Norah had not changed her mind, for after Cyril had been pacing up and down the small vestry for ten minutes, while Jack had been chatting with the clergyman—a young curate, who really did seem to enjoy the fun of this strange marriage—Lord and Lady Ferndale arrived with the bride, Cyril—and perhaps Jack, too—thought she had never looked more lovely than she did in her simple dress of quiet gray, her glorious eyes downcast, her lips just parted by the quick breaths of mingled joy and shyness.

For herself she still felt as if she were moving in some strange, delicious dream, and it was with a start she heard the young curate murmur softly "Are we ready?"

Then Cyril and Jack walked up to the altar, and Lord Ferndale drew her arm within his and followed.

There were no other witnesses than these dear and tried friends, except the inevitable pew-opener. Norah felt as if the throbbing of her heart could be heard all over the little church.

In his soft, suave voice the curate performed the ceremony; she felt Cyril's dear hand clasp hers as he slipped the "plain ring of gold" upon her finger, then, leaning upon his arm, they led the way back to the vestry.

"My wife!" she heard Cyril murmur in her ear, and as she raised her eyes to his shyly, he bent his head to kiss her. But Lord Ferndale put a hand upon his arm quickly.

"Excuse me," he said, "but I think you are trespassing upon my privilege!" and Norah, blushing and smiling, presented her cheek to him.

"That's my reward for giving her away," said Lord Ferndale, kissing her

apology" for a wedding breakfast awaited them.

It was certainly not a large party, but what they lacked in numbers they made up in happiness.

The newly-married pair were naturally too intent upon each other to need much merriment, but, though they did not need it, Jack had got a fair supply on hand, and for the first time in his life forgot to be cynical, and was content to be genial and amusing, and, as Lord Ferndale remarked afterward, displayed such a vast talent for entertaining that he might have made a fortune on the stage if he had not been in a fair way to make it as a poet.

Indeed, the breakfast could not have been a greater success if there had been half a hundred guests, with the usual complement of bridesmaids and the stock speeches.

The health of the bride and bridegroom was given by Lord Ferndale, and, though he did not make a speech, the way in which he spoke Norah's name and looked at her was worth as Jack declared, "a dozen set orations," and Cyril's "Thank you, sir; thank you, dear Lady Ferndale, and you, Jack!" spoken with a suspicious moisture in his joy-lit eyes, was pronounced by the same critic just a perfect bit of elocution.

All through the meal Lord Ferndale kept watch and guard over his tongue, and it was not until Cyril had glanced at his watch and said that the time was getting short that he said, with a mischievous twinkle in his eye:

"I suppose you won't take a very long holiday, Mr. Burne? You'll be wanting to get back to work, eh?"

And Cyril had, with a marked increase of color, murmured something inaudible, and hurried Norah out of the room. She and Lady Ferndale disappeared together for half an hour, and then they came down, Norah attired in a travelling dress and a set of sables which Lady Ferndale had produced at the last moment.

Both women were rather red about the eyes, and Norah clung to her friend until the last moment, when Cyril standing beside the cab door, held Jack's and Lord Ferndale's hands and whispered:

"Remember! The Court, Thursday week."

Then Norah tore herself away. Cyril put her gently and tenderly into the cab, and Jack and Lord Ferndale having flung a handful of rice over their nice clothes, they drove off, Norah leaning forward and waving her hand until the cab turned the corner and carried them out of sight.

"Well," said Lord Ferndale, with a smile and a sigh, "There goes the prettiest and sweetest girl in Christendom!"

"And the best and warmest-hearted man!" responded Jack, loyally.

"God bless them both!" said Lady Ferndale, with a sob, and she ran in and up to her own room that she might enjoy the "good cry" she had fully deserved.

The two men went to the smoking-room, and mixed themselves a soda and brandy, and talked over the strange history of the young couple and the surprise which awaited one of them; but presently Jack grew very silent and thoughtful, and Lord Ferndale, noticing it, said:

"A penny for your thoughts, Wesley." Jack raised his head, and there was a grave earnestness in his handsome, intellectual face.

"A penny for my thoughts? You shall have them for nothing. But stop. I'll give you a guess."

"Well, er—not very poor as incomes go," he said. "You know what Lord Newall is going to pay me for the pictures I am finishing? And there are plenty of commissions in hand. No, I rather think we shall be—well tolerably off."

"Do you know, I am not so glad as I ought to be? I had set my heart upon proving myself a miracle of economy and management. But never mind; at any rate, we shall have to be careful, I suppose!"

"Well—er—yes!" he said, and at once began to talk about the journey of the morrow.

They started quite early the next day, and Norah cast a wistful glance at the sunny watering place as the train moved out of the station. She had been so supremely and perfectly happy there, you see. It was a long journey, and they did not arrive at Santleigh until late in the afternoon.

"Shall we stay at the Court or the inn, or are we going to Ferndale?" asked Norah, with a smile. "You are very mysterious in your movements, sir!"

"It all depends," replied Cyril. "Anyhow, here is the Court brougham. Would you mind staying at the Court, or would you prefer to go on to Ferndale?"

Norah was puzzled by his manner, but kept her promise, and refrained from asking any questions.

"I should like just what you like to do," she replied, and, of course, he put his arm round her and kissed her.

They reached the Court, and she was stricken dumb with surprise at the sight of the Ferndales and Jack, who, with Mr. Petherick, were grouped in the hall, evidently anxiously awaiting their arrival.

"Why, what does it all mean?" she exclaimed, as she flew to Lady Ferndale with a little cry of delight. "Why are you all here—why are we here? Has the earl come back? Mr. Petherick, surely; you don't mean to keep me in the dark?"

"Not for a moment, my dear young lady!" he responded, with a little cough of bewilderment. "I should be only too glad to enlighten you in respect to this—this—mystery; but I'm as much in the dark as you are. All I know is that I have received a communication from the earl—!" They had moved into the drawing-room by this time, and he stood in the centre of the group looking from one to the other. "His lordship has written stating that he has invited you and Mr. Burne and our good friends here to dinner to-night, and that he hopes to have the pleasure of meeting them. The note reached me this morning, and contains just that and nothing more!"

Norah remained silent and open-eyed, looking from one to the other.

"It's very mysterious," said Lady Ferndale, with perfect gravity. "But, at any rate, whether the missing young man puts in an appearance or not, I hope the dinner will be all right, for these young people must be terribly hungry. Come along, dear, there is barely time to dress!" And she carried Norah off.

(To be continued.)

### A SPRING TONIC.

#### Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Make Rich, Red, Health-Giving Blood.

Cold winter months, enforcing close confinement in over-heated, badly ventilated rooms—in the home, in the shop, and in the school—sap the vitality of even the strongest. The blood becomes clogged with impurities, the liver sluggish, the kidneys weakened, sleep is not restful—you awake just as tired as when you went to bed; you are low spirited, perhaps have headache and blotchy skin—that is the condition of thousands of people every spring. It comes to all unless the blood is fortified by a good tonic—by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills not only banish this feeling, but they guard against the more serious ailments which usually follow—rheumatism, nervous debility, anaemia, indigestion and kidney trouble. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an ideal spring medicine. Every dose makes new, rich, red blood. Every drop of new blood helps to strengthen

## REMEMBERED THE POLICE

### LEGACIES LEFT THEM BY GRATEFUL PEOPLE.

#### A Successful Merchant Bequeathed \$2,500 to the Constable Who Arrested Him.

A certain man died a few years ago. He had been a rich man, successful in business, and honored by all who knew him. When his will was read, those who were assembled to hear its provisions were startled as these words fell on their ears: "I give and bequeath to the constable who took me into custody, and was thus instrumental in getting me eighteen months' hard labor, the sum of \$2,500, and I take this opportunity of thanking him for being one of the best friends I ever had."

The great merchant had been a young clerk once. He had been led astray, and had embezzled his master's money. Then he had tried to get away to America with some of his evil associates. Had he succeeded he would have been a hunted criminal all his days, and would probably have sunk deeper into the mire of crime. But a smart policeman had tapped him on the shoulder as he stood on the Liverpool landing stage. His sentence was a nasty dose. But it did him good. It sobered him. When he was released from prison, he made a new start, and

#### SET OUT TO REDEEM THE PAST.

Policemen come in for unexpected legacies sometimes. An intelligent officer who saves a rich man's mansion from being burgled, or heroically tears the rich man himself from the clutches of a gang of plundering hooligans, might reasonably expect his due reward. But it is far more piquant when the grateful acknowledgment comes from somebody whom he has helped to consign to durance vile.

While arresting a desperate house-breaker, a policeman was so badly hurt that he had to retire from the force. For half a lifetime he was far from prosperous. Then a lawyer's letter informed him that he had been left a fortune—by a burglar.

The latter individual had served a stiff sentence, but while a convict, he had made friends with another prisoner. The pair had hit on a scheme to make money honestly. When released, they had gone abroad together, and had eventually blossomed into rich men.

"If I'd gone on cracking cribs, it would never have brought me much," ran the item in the will of the ex-burglar. "But that bobby who collared me helped me on the way to fortune, and I want him to enjoy himself."

There was a discreet hushing-up of the business when an enormously wealthy man of title died, and left a policeman enough money to make him

#### INDEPENDENT FOR LIFE.

The nobleman had once been very remote from the House of Lords. He had been the family black sheep—an outcast, with whom his kindred had refused to have anything to do. Wandering, homeless and penniless, about the streets of London one night, he had tried to throw himself over one of the bridges.

An alert young policeman, however, had dragged him back. Taken before a magistrate, he had refused to give his real name, and had been sent to prison. Almost simultaneously with his release, those who had stood between himself and the family title and possessions died in rapid succession. He had been saved from a suicide's fate that he might enjoy all the world could give—and he remembered the constable to whom he owed it all.

Other folk owe debts of gratitude to policemen—and pay them. "To the constable who arrested the man I was going to marry. I give and bequeath—" This was an item in the will of a beautiful woman, who had reigned as a rich and envied queen of high Society.

When a girl, she had become engaged to a handsome and fascinating man.



"Excuse me," he said, "but I think you are trespassing upon my privilege!" and Norah, blushing and smiling, presented her cheek to him.

"That's my reward for giving her away," said Lord Ferndale, kissing her hand also. "God bless you, my dear, and make you and the man you have chosen as happy as we all wish you!"

While this pretty little ceremony had been enacting, the curate had been getting out of his surplice and filling in the certificate.

"I have dispensed with my clerk's services this morning," he said, making a great fuss with the blotting paper. "Now—er—Mr. Burne, will you sign, please?"

Cyril wrote his name. "Wilfrid Avon Cyril, Earl of Arrowdale," and the curate covered it quickly with the blotting paper as he turned to Norah.

"Here, if you please, my lady," he said, then staggered and turned red. But Norah did not notice his confusion, or, if she had done so, would have attributed it to his having addressed her by the title she had borne, and, bending down, wrote her own name.

The curate folded the certificate two or three times.

"Will you—er—" he said, addressing Norah, but looking at Cyril.

"Give it to me," he said, quietly, but with downcast eyes. "I have some papers of importance here; I'll put it with them. It will be sure not to be lost then," and he took the envelope from his pocket, inclosed the certificate, and fastened the envelope securely.

As he did so he drew a breath of relief, and glanced at Jack, who smiled significantly, and softly clapped his hands.

Then they went back to the carriage, and were called out to Grosvenor Square, where what Lady Ferndale called "an

## Free \$1.00 Package

**Foso Cures Dandruff, Stops Falling Hair, Quickly Restores Gray or Faded Hair to Its Natural Color.**

**Foso Never Fails to Grow Hair on Bald Heads, Eyebrows or Lashes.**



**The Above Illustration Plainly Shows What Foso Has Done For Others. It Will Do As Much For You. Try It.**

Men whose hair or beards are straggling or all gone, women whose tresses have been thinned by fever or hair falling out, requiring the use of switches; little children, boys and girls whose hair is coarse and unruly; all find in this great remedy just the relief that they want. Foso grows hair on bald heads, thickens eyebrows and lengthens eyelashes, restores gray or faded hair to its natural color, prevents thin hair, stops itching, cures dandruff, scurf of scalp, pimples, and makes the hair of any man, woman or child long, heavy, silky and beautifully glossy. Fill out free coupon and mail to-day.

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Fill out the blank lines below, cut out the coupon and mail to J. F. Stokes, Mgr., 5830 Foso Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio. Enclose ten cents in stamps or silver as an evidence of good faith and to help cover packing, postage, etc., and the \$1.00 package will be sent you at once by mail free of charge.

Give full address | write plainly.

Jack raised his head, and there was a grave earnestness in his handsome, intellectual face.

"A penny for my thoughts? You shall have them for nothing. But stop. I'll give you a guess."

"You weren't thinking of the young people—your face was too grave for that," said Lord Ferndale. "Let me see, were you thinking of that scoundrel, Guildford Berton?"

"Well, yes, partly," said Jack. "To tell you the truth, I was thinking of some one else. I was asking myself a question that has worried me a great deal lately. I was wondering at the moment where that young girl Cyril was supposed to have run off with could be. The question that bothers me is: 'Where is Decca South?'"

"Beca South!" said Lord Ferndale. "Ah, yes. Hidden away somewhere, I suppose. Perhaps here in London—and quite near us. I'll be bound," and he smiled. "That fellow Guildford Berton knows."

"Yes," said Jack, grimly, as he lit another cigar. "Yes, I think Mr. Guildford Berton knows."

### CHAPTER XXXIX.

Nine days later Cyril and Norah were walking along the parade at Torquay. It is summer and sunshine at this English Naples, when the rest of England is cowering before the wintry blast, and these two young people walked arm in arm under the bright rays of King Sol, sauntering as slowly as if the month were June instead of November.

Nine days of perfect happiness will work miracles, and in these nine days Norah had lost all her pallor, and was as blooming a bride as even the most passionate of lovers could desire. In deed, it was not the Norah who watched, pale and weary, beside the sickbed of her supposed father, nor the Norah flying from the Court and crushed by the fear of Guildford Berton, who walked with springy step and erect head; but quite a different Norah, with the rose of health on her cheeks, and the light of happiness in her eyes as she leaned upon her husband's arm.

"And you don't ask me why I want you to go back to the Court so suddenly, dearest?" Cyril said.

"No," she replied, turning her lovely eyes upon him trustfully. "Why should I? Didn't I promise to obey—and obedience means asking no questions. If you don't wish to tell me why we are going there to-morrow, why—well, don't. I am quite satisfied!"

Cyril—there happened to be no one in sight at the moment—bent down—he hadn't to bend very low—and kissed the soft red lips.

"Norah, I always suspected that I had married an angel, now I know it! Will it be painful to you to go there, dearest?" Norah thought for a moment.

"No," she said, softly; "I was very happy there sometimes, and I—well, I grew to love the grand old place; and will you mind my saying that I shall feel rather sorry when I think to-morrow will be the last time I may ever see it again?"

Cyril was silent for a moment. "Perhaps it won't be," he said, guardedly. "The new earl may—well, may be friendly, and invite us now and again—especially as you have surrendered all that money so readily."

Norah laughed gently. "I don't know that it would be wise to be too intimate with earls and countesses, always excepting the dear Ferndales! Don't they say that professional people should keep to their own class? Perhaps if you knew too many 'swells,' as Jack calls them, you would grow lazy and discontented. You see how prudent I am becoming," and she laughed. "Cyril."

"Well!" "When are we going to begin house-keeping, dear?" she asked, nestling closer to him, and looking up in his face with a delicious gravity in her eyes. "I can't tell you how anxious I am to begin the part of the economical wife and house-keeper. I think I shall take lessons in cookery—would you mind?—and I mean to watch every penny. Shall we be—don't laugh, sir!—shall we be very poor?—and, I don't care if we shall be—"

Cyril colored. She was treading on very delicate ground for him.

more serious ailments which usually follow—rheumatism, nervous debility, anaemia, indigestion and kidney trouble. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an ideal spring medicine. Every dose makes new, rich, red blood. Every drop of new blood helps to strengthen the overworked nerves. Overcomes weakness and drives the germs of disease from the body. A thorough treatment gives you vim and energy to resist the torrid heat of the coming summer. Mr. Mack A. Meuse, Sluice Point, N. S., says: "I was so completely run down that I could hardly work. I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as I had heard them highly spoken of, and a few boxes worked a great change in my condition. I am feeling as well and strong as ever I did and can recommend the pills to all weak people."

It is a mistake to take purgatives in the spring. Nature calls for a medicine to build up the wasted force—purgatives only weaken. It is a medicine to act on the blood, not one to act on the bowels, which is necessary. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a blood medicine—they make pure, rich, red blood, and strengthen every organ of the body. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### HIS ADDRESS, PLEASE.

"My husband is an inventor, you know."

"So's mine."

"Indeed. What has he invented?"

"More excuses for staying out late at night than any one ever dreamed of."

WE ARE ALL FAMILIAR with the deep, hoarse bark, grimly called "a graveyard cough." Take Allen's Lung Balm, a remedy for pulmonary trouble, highly recommended even in the earlier stages of Consumption.

### NAUGHTY WILLIE.

Willie (aged five)—"I guess they think up in Heaven that I'm dead."

Mamma—"Why so?"

Willie—"Cos I ain't said my prayers for a week."

If There's a Hint of Catarrh Taint apply Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder without delay. It will save you suffering, heal you quickly whether you have been a slave one month or fifty years. It relieves cold in the head and catarrhal headaches in ten minutes. The Hon. David Mills, Minister of Justice for the Dominion of Canada endorses it. 50 cents.—129

### ENOUGH.

Grayce—"What's the matter dear?" Gladys—"Oh, my home life is not happy."

Grayce—"But your husband seems to think you are an angel."

Gladys—"Yes, but he also seems to think that I ought to be satisfied with an angel's wardrobe."

### THE CARE OF CHILDREN.

Now-a-days wise mothers do not dose their children with harsh, gripping castor oil or purgatives, nor do they give them poisonous opiates in the form of so-called soothing medicines. Baby's Own Tablets take the place of these harsh and dangerous medicines, and the mother has the word of a Government analyst that the Tablets are absolutely safe. Baby's Own Tablets cure indigestion, constipation, colic, teething troubles, diarrhoea, simple fevers, and other little ills of childhood. An occasional dose will keep children well. Mrs. R. E. Long, Peachland, B. C., says: "I have found Baby's Own Tablets unsurpassed for teething troubles, breaking up colds, reducing fevers, and other ills, and they make a child sleep naturally. I now always keep them in the house." Ask for the Tablets at your druggist or you can get them by mail from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 25 cents a box.

Her—"My only objection to Mrs Pryor is that she's a business woman." Him—"Indeed! What business is she engaged in?" Her—"Everybody's!"

constable who arrested the man I was going to marry. I give and bequeath—" This was an item in the will of a beautiful woman, who had reigned as a rich and envied queen of high Society.

When a girl, she had become engaged to a handsome and fascinating man. Blinded by infatuation, she had declined to see any flaws in her idol. She would assuredly have married him, had it not been for the fact that on the very day fixed for the wedding—as he was going into the church, indeed—a keen-eyed policeman had recognized the would-be bridegroom as

### A "WANTED" SWINDLER.

Click! and the handcuffs were snapped on his wrists. At the trial he was proven guilty herself to him, her life would have been a martyrdom of shame and misery.

A hard-working tradesman had a wife who was a drunkard and a thief. Many times she put herself in danger of the law, but he shielded her, although she made his life not worth living. He had ceased to love her, but he felt that he could not very well turn on her. At last, however, she was caught red-handed by a policeman, and, her evil record being brought up against her, was sent to penal servitude. After that, her husband was a lonely man, but, free from his incubus he got on in a modest way, and ended his days in peace. On his death-bed he willed all he had to the man in blue, but for whom he would very probably have died worse than a pauper.—Pearson's Weekly.

## Impoverished Soil

Impoverished soil, like impoverished blood, needs a proper fertilizer. A chemist by analyzing the soil can tell you what fertilizer to use for different products.

If your blood is impoverished your doctor will tell you what you need to fertilize it and give it the rich, red corpuscles that are lacking in it. It may be you need a tonic, but more likely you need a concentrated fat food, and fat is the element lacking in your system.

There is no fat food that is so easily digested and assimilated as

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## SOME "SPOOK" VISIONS

### THE REMARKABLE STORY OF ARCH-DEACON COLLEY.

His Experiences With His Famous Relative, Sir George Colley, in the First Boer War.

Archdeacon Colley, rector of Stockton, Warwickshire, England, who has occasionally attracted public attention to his views and statements on the subject of spiritualism, which he unsuccessfully desired to expound before the last Church Congress, sends to the London Daily Mail a letter on "The psychical events that preceded, happened on, and followed" the death of his Excellency General Sir George Colley, at Majuba, on this date, February 27, 1881.

These circumstances, the Archdeacon writes, are of the most weird and wonderful sort. At the time of the tragedy he himself was in Natal and chaplain to Sir George Colley, who was the Governor of the Colony.

In conversation with Sir George, before he started to meet the Boer invasion, the Archdeacon mentioned some fears he had reason to entertain for his safety. Sir George, however, making light of the matter, playfully took up a Burmese curio—a praying wheel—and purposely turned it the wrong way, so that in Burmese and Chinese superstition the prayer, actuated backwards, might work a curse instead of supplicating a blessing.

"Early on the then fatal Sunday morning of February 27, 1881, I, at the Deanery, Pietermaritzburg, awoke with a feeling of something dreadful about to happen, which feeling increased as the day wore on, to culminate in the sorrowful confirmation of my fears later when, leaving the cathedral pulpit at the close of evening service to dismiss the congregation with the Benediction, a hurried message came to me from Government House saying Sir George Colley had that morning been killed at Majuba."

"The youth shot the Governor of Natal from close behind, the bullet smashing out through the forehead, causing Sir George Colley to leap high in the air with hands outstretched and arms uplifted, and fall the mangled corpse of what a moment before was a courteous, brave, chivalrous gentleman, truly religious and righteous."

### SCOTCH WOMAN'S "SECOND SIGHT."

"At what was probably the very moment of his upheaval and death spasm Sir George in psychic materialized, instantaneous form, was physically, or with her Scotch gift of 'second sight,' subjectively, seen by a domestic, a native of Aberdeen, whose outcry thrilled with dismay and fear the household running to her help, foreboding the sad news which the evening of that same day was brought down from the front."

"The testimony, however, of this Scotchwoman of Aberdeen is so utterly impossible of putting into words without explanations recalcitrant and of Yogi-philosophic teaching, that I must suppress it."

"But Sir George Colley's various appearances to me, and my son, and others are less perplexing, as they have the most part been on the lines of what is usual in spiritualism relative to clairvoyance, and subjective with those who are gifted with the 'discerning of spirits' and have what the Scotch call 'second sight.'"

"It is, therefore, almost always in the way of a 'military' man in high command having a hole in his forehead" that Sir George Colley comes thus to give proof of his identity."

"When this was the experience of my son he did not at first know who the 'military' man with a hole in his forehead was until I told him in detail of the far-reaching effects physical and psychical of the circumstances that concrete to history with the bare mention now of Majuba."

"He, however, now knows who it is that comes and gives proof of his identity. Not to others, with I am sure."

## CURE THE MOST EXTREME CASES

### STONE IN THE KIDNEYS CANNOT STAND BEFORE DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Mr. S. A. Cassidy, of Ottawa, Permanently Cured After Years of Suffering by the Great Canadian Kidney Remedy

Ottawa, Ont., March 26.—(Special).—While all Canada knows that Dodd's Kidney Pills are the standard remedy for all Kidney Complaints, it may surprise some people to know they cure such extreme cases as Stone in the Kidneys. Yet this is what they have done right here in Ottawa.

Mr. A. S. Cassidy, the man cured, is the well-known proprietor of the Bijou Hotel on Metcalf Street, and in an interview he says: "My friends all know that I have been a martyr to Stone in the Kidneys for years. They know that besides consulting the best doctors in the city and trying every medicine I could think of, I was unable to get better."

"Some time ago a friend told me Dodd's Kidney Pills would cure me. As a last resort I tried them, and they have cured me."

"I could not imagine more severe suffering than one endures who has Stone in the Kidneys, and I feel the greatest gratitude to Dodd's Kidney Pills."

If the disease is of the Kidneys or from the Kidneys, Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure it.

Lord Morley is particularly fond of animals, and always has a pet dog sitting on his lap when writing in his study.

Get Instant Relief from Piles.—This most irritating disease relieved in ten minutes by using Dr. Agnew's Ointment, and a cure in from three to six nights. Thousands testify of its goodness. Good for Eczema, Salt Rheum and all skin diseases. If you are without faith, one application will convince. 25 cents—127

PLEASE BEAR IN MIND that what is called a skin disease may be but a symptom of bad blood. In that case, Weaver's Cerate, externally applied, should be supplemented with Weaver's Syrup, taken daily.

Lord Lansdowne, the Duke of Abercorn, and Lord Verulam, are the only persons who hold at once English, Scottish, and Irish peerages.

"FERROVIN" IS A GENTLE STIMULANT to the stomach, thereby aiding digestion. As a tonic for patients recovering from fevers and all diseases lowering the vitality, it is without a rival. At all drug and general stores.

Mr. Andrew Lang once wrote to Israel Zangwill to ask him if he would take part in a certain function. He received the following reply: "If A. Lang will, I. Zangwill."

One Tablet After Eating and what a world of distress would be saved. Dr. Stan's Pineapple Tablets cure sour stomach, distress after eating, weight in the stomach, wind on the stomach, loss of appetite, dizziness, nausea, and a dozen other troubles traceable to bad digestion. One Tablet gives instant relief. A positive and pleasant cure that nature has provided. 35 cents.—128.

### BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The Idea of Building a New One Is Being Revived.

There is an unprecedented demand this session of the British Parliament for seats in the strangers gallery. This is an indication of the political awakening in the country, and the hopes and interest which have aroused. Never before was it needful for the Speaker's secretary to hang outside his office placards which warn members that all orders for the gallery have been already

# PEDLAR'S STEEL CEILINGS

Designs suitable for all classes of work such as Churches, Schools, Stores, Halls. Also special designs for Houses, Kitchens, Dining-Rooms, etc. Nothing has ever been devised to equal Pedlar's Steel Ceilings for farm houses. Cheap as lath and plaster and will never crack or face off.

## Avoid Accidents by Using Pedlar's Steel Ceilings.

Made to fit any size room and can be nailed on by any mechanic. Shipped from our warehouses painted all ready to apply.

Our Catalogue, No. 14c describes many designs. Write for it. It costs you nothing. Write to-day.

## THE PEDLAR PEOPLE

MONTREAL, QUE. OTTAWA, ONT. TORONTO, ONT. LONDON, ONT. WINNIPEG. VANCOUVER, B. C.  
767 Craig St. 423 Sussex St. 11 Colborne St. 69 Dundas St. 70 Lombard St. 615 Pender St.  
WRITE YOUR NEAREST OFFICE.

Head Office and Works,

Oshawa, Ont., Canada



### We Own The Largest Stock Food Factory In The World.

It covers over a city block, contains over 18 acres of floor space, cost \$500,000. Size of our office 360x120, 300 office people, 150 typewriters and we use fifty million letter heads and envelopes every year. A carload every 30 days. Our chemical laboratory is one of the best. Our office is one of the great sights of the business world. Many very small concerns advertise large buildings. We invite you to visit our factory and see that we have everything we claim.

Manufactured and Guaranteed by International Stock Food Co.

"International Stock Food"  
"International Hove Cure"  
"International Worm Powder"  
"International Gail Cure"  
"Silver Pine Healing Oil"  
"International Compound Absorbent"  
"International Photo Chloro"  
"Dan Patch Stable Disinfectant"

"International Poultry Food"  
"International House Killer"  
"International Distemper Cure"  
"International Foot Remedy"  
"International Colic Cure"  
"International Sheep Dip"  
"International Hoof Ointment"  
"International Harness Soap"

Also "Jewel Incubators" and Brooders, and Jewel Chick and Hen Feed.

### DAN PATCH 1.55x MAILED FREE.

We have a Beautiful 6 Color Picture of our Champion Pacer, Dan Patch 1.55x, size 16x24. Free of advertising, fine picture for framing, gives all the records made by our pacing wonder. We will mail you one free, postage prepaid, if you will write us how much stock you own and name this paper. Write at once to

INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD CO., Minneapolis, Minn., U. S. A.

Stranger (at the door)—"I am trying to find a lady whose married name I have forgotten, but I know she lives in this neighborhood. She is a woman easily described, and perhaps you know her—a singularly beautiful creature, with pink and white complexion, sea-shell ears, lovely eyes, and hair such as a goddess might envy." Servant—"Really, sir, I don't know—" Voice (from head of stairs)—"June, tell the gentleman I'll be down in a minute."

### RHEUMATISM AND PARALYSIS.

Their complete home cure. Post free to readers of this paper. For limited period only.

A handsome illustrated treatise, giving full description of Rheumatism and Paralysis, with instructions for a complete home cure, describing the most successful treatment in the world, recommended by the Ministry and endorsed by medical men. This highly instructive book was written by W. H. Veno, a gentleman who has made a study of these diseases. The preface is by a graduate of the University of Wurtzburg. Send postal to-day and you will receive the book free by return—Address, The Veno Drug Co., 24 King St., West, Toronto

### DOMESTIC BOOKKEEPING.

"And what's your reason for increasing the servant's wages, pray?" her friend asked.

"Because my husband complained that my dress and millinery bills equalled the household expenses, and I want to show him that they do not."

Kubelk received \$500,000 for his tour through Russia recently.

### FOR SALE.

50 acres in the banner county of Elgin, about 3 miles from Rodney; has dwelling, barn and stables, hog pen, good orchard, fruit garden, ornamental shrubbery; price \$1900; easy terms. Apply "AGENT," Box 100, West Lorne, Ont.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED AND FOR SALE 24 imported Clydesdale stallions and hackneys; farm 2 1/2 miles from end of street car line.—O. SORBY, Guelph, Ont.

## Dyeing! Cleaning!

For the very best send your work to the "BRITISH AMERICAN DYING CO." Look for agent in your town, or send direct. Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec.



military man with a hole in his forehead" was until I told him in detail of the far-reaching effects physical and psychical of the circumstances that con- crete to history with the bare mention now of Majuba.

"He, however, now knows who it is that comes and gives proof of his identity. Yet to others, until I say who it is that comes to them . . . Sir George Colley (though an utter stranger to them at first) is still the 'military man,' evidently killed in battle—having a hole in his forehead."

"Hence last September, in a shop at Birmingham, into which I had casually gone to buy something that attracted my attention in the shop window, a stranger diffidently accosted me and whispered that there was standing with me at the counter 'a military man having a hole in his forehead, appearing to have been killed in battle."

#### A "SEER" OF BIRMINGHAM.

"In haste to catch train to Leamington I could not then stay to question my informant, evidently a 'seer,' but found when next in Birmingham that he was a working spectacle maker and a poor relation of the people of the shop."

"Moreover, only last Tuesday, February 20, while at breakfast with two friends at Leamington—both clairvoyants and knowing nothing of what I have written—one of them was suddenly 'controlled' by the late Governor of Natal, who sent a most important message to my son, now quartered at Jabulpore, the truth of which, when I have answer from India, I may some time speak."

"But before this given, which is more of a family nature, the sudden and unlooked-for seizure of one of my friends was a dramatic and most thrilling, painful, and terribly intense setting of the events of this day's disaster at Majuba."

"There were the arduous circumstances of the climb to the hill-top of Majuba, the boulders to be surmounted, the wild, desperate effort to reach the brow of the hill and its rugged crest, the impossibility of getting the field guns and rockets up the precipitous steeps in time to fend off the Boer attack, the terrific energy of the few troops surrounded by the ever growing host of the enemy, and the 'Up, up, up, cry of the agonized leader that came in my startled, terrible dream sixteen years ago at the Deenary, Pietermaritzburg, and was heard with the tragic vision at Government House that fatal Sunday morning. Then the last scene of all, with force tremendous, alarming, and intense, set forth, dramatized and described as a piece of realism incapable on the part of any other than the controlling power, as Sir George Colley and I pledge my soul for his identity) with a moan, pitiful, and a dreadful cry, leaps up with a crash to fall, even as on this day fell the corpse of the martyr of Majuba."

#### HORSE MORE IMPORTANT.

"Aren't you afraid that horse will run away with somebody?"

"Friend," said Broncho Bob, "it ain't nothin' in Crimson Gulch for a hoss to run away with a man. It's when a man tries to run away with a hoss that there's danger."

Much that passes for love wouldn't stand the test of curl papers.

When a man has nothing else to boast of he boasts of his ancestors.

A servant may know his place, but doesn't always keep it.

Every dollar a man borrows is a step towards the illwill of his friends.

Science has discovered microbes in kisses, which shows that the microbe knows what is good.

"Father," said the inquiring youth, "when a hen sits on an egg for three weeks and it don't hatch, is the egg spoiled?" "As an article of diet, my son, it is henceforth a failure, but for political purposes it has its uses."

this session of the British Parliament for seats in the strangers gallery. This is an indication of the political awakening in the country, and the hopes and interest which have aroused. Never before was it needful for the Speaker's secretary to hang outside his office placards which warn members that all orders for the gallery have been already issued, and that further application will be in vain.

Neither for the public nor for the members is the House of Commons large enough, and the idea of building a new one, on the space now occupied by the Commons court, is being revived. The full and regular attendance of members makes the rooms which they occupy in common, outside the House proper, crowded and uncomfortable to a most unpleasant degree, and the First Commissioner of Works is continually being buttonholed by complaining members. He is understood to contemplate placing one of the rooms in the library at the disposal of the many members who want a place in which to write and smoke in silence, and cannot at present find one.

#### "LIVING ON AN EARTHQUAKE."

##### An Alarming State of Affairs in South Wales.

The Rhymney Valley is not the only part of South Wales where earth movements are creating serious alarm. At Maesteg, in the heart of the colliery district, subsidences are going on which cause increasing alarm, and which seem to threaten the destruction of a considerable portion of this populous town. Crevices have suddenly appeared in the earth, and whole rows of houses have suffered almost irreparable damage. Dwellings have been suddenly vacated because their occupants could hear the walls groaning in the night.

The street pavements are showing signs of the earth's labor, in some spots by sunken patches, and in others by buckling up. Gaping cavities suddenly appear in people's gardens, and not long ago a horse grazing in a field was swallowed up and lost.

The unfortunate feature of this alarming state of things is that many working men who have, at much self-sacrifice, acquired their own houses, are having the experience of seeing their property slowly but surely crumbling to pieces. Whether the mischief arises from the extensive colliery workings below remains to be proved.

#### FOOD HELPS.

##### In Management of a R. R.

Speaking of food a railroad man says:

"My work puts me out in all kinds of weather, subject to irregular hours for meals and compelled to eat all kinds of food."

"For 7 years I was constantly troubled with indigestion, caused by eating heavy, fatty, starchy, greasy, poorly cooked food, such as are most accessible to men in my business. Generally each meal or lunch was followed by distressing pains and burning sensations in my stomach, which destroyed my sleep and almost unfitted me for work. My brain was so muddy and foggy that it was hard for me to discharge my duties properly."

"This lasted till about a year ago, when my attention was called to Grape-Nuts food by a newspaper ad. and I concluded to try it. Since then I have used Grape-Nuts at nearly every meal and sometimes between meals. We railroad men have little chance to prepare our food in our cabooses and I find Grape-Nuts mighty handy for it is ready cooked."

"To make a long story short, Grape-Nuts has made a new man of me. I have no more burning distress in my stomach, nor any other symptom of indigestion. I can digest anything so long as I eat Grape-Nuts, and my brain works as clearly and accurately as an engineer's watch, and my old nervous troubles have disappeared entirely." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville" in pkgs.

ple's home cure, describing the most successful treatment in the world, recommended by the Ministry and endorsed by medical men. This highly instructive book was written by W. H. Veno, a gentleman who has made a study of these diseases. The price is 10 cents. A graduate of the University of Wurtzburg. Send postal to-day and you will receive the book free by return—Address, The Veno Drug Co., 24 King St., West, Toronto

Six-Year-Old: "I say, granny, I think you'd better stop making my trousers! Lot's of times to-day I wasn't sure whether I was going to school or coming home!"

One Fact is Better than Ten Hearsays—Ask Dr. Burgess, Supt. Hospital for Insane, Montreal, for his opinion of "The D & L" Menthol Plaster. Yard rolls \$1, also 5c. tins.

#### NEEDLESS SACRIFICE.

"I would waste through blood for you, Lucy."

"That's no reason you should step on my gore."

"500 People Badly Bent" have in effect used these words in speaking of the curative qualities of South American Rheumatic Cure—"My legs were crippled"—"My hands were distorted"—"My joints were swollen"—"My back was bent double"—"My pain was excruciating"—"Bedridden for years." This great remedy has been the heaven-sent agent that worked a permanent cure.—130

## Free Catarrh Remedy

Gives Instant Relief  
No More Bad Breath



"My Secret Remedy Quickly Cures Catarrh."—C. E. Gauss.

Catarrh is not only dangerous, but it causes bad breath, ulceration, death and decay of bones, loss of thinking and reasoning power, kills ambition and energy, often causes loss of appetite, indigestion, dyspepsia, raw throat and rashes to general debility, idiosyncrasy and lunacy. It needs attention at once. Cure it with Gauss' Catarrh Cure. It is quick, radical, permanent cure, because it rids the system of the poison germs that cause catarrh. In order to prove to all who are suffering from this dangerous and loathsome disease that Gauss' Catarrh Cure will actually cure any case of catarrh quickly, no matter how long standing or how bad; will send a trial package by mail free of all cost. Send us your name and address to-day and the treatment will be sent you by return mail. Try it! It will positively cure so that you will be welcomed instead of shunned by your friends. C. E. GAUSS, 6608 Main St., Marshall Mich. Fill out coupon below.

#### FREE.

This coupon is good for one trial package of Gauss' Combined Catarrh Cure, mailed free in plain package. Simply fill in your name and address on dotted lines below and mail to:  
C. E. GAUSS, 6608 Main Street, Marshall, Mich.

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3 HACKNEYS: farm 2 1/2 miles from end of street car line.—O. SORBY, Guelph, Ont.

## Dyeing! Cleaning!

For the very best send your work to the  
"BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO."  
Look for agent in your town, or send direct.  
Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec.

## RHEUMATISM

many form and cold perspiring feet positively cured within 30 days, by our newly patented Magnetic Discs or money promptly refunded. Mailed anywhere \$1.00. Write for descriptive booklet. Agents wanted. MAGNETIC KIDNEY CURE CO., Sherbrooke, Quebec, Canada

#### APPLE TREES.

Before buying write us, or see our agent near you, for prices. We have the largest stock of fruit trees to be found in Canada. We pay the freight.  
Brown Brothers Company,  
Nurserymen, Limited,  
Brown's Nurseries, Ont.

#### MAN WANTED.

We want a man in all small towns in Canada, to show and sell farms and other properties to our customers, who we send; good salary, good position. Honestly more necessary than experience. If you want a good position and are willing to learn the real-estate business and work faithfully for us, we can offer you a fine position.

Write immediately. Address—

NORTH AMERICAN LAND CO.,  
Andrus Bldg.,  
Minneapolis, Minn.

## Western Canada Land Co

HEAD OFFICE, 38 NINTH STREET,

P. O. BOX 38.

Brandon, Man.

Improved farms and unimproved wheat and ranch lands, wholesale and retail, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and fruit lands in Southern Okanagan Valley, B. C.

Wheat lands on Saskatchewan Plains at \$7.10 per acre, easy terms till Jun. 31st to make selections, the finest wheat lands in the world.

Homesteads located. Selections made. Write or call for any information desired.

\*\*\*\*\*  
STARR'S MACIO RHEUMATIC CURE  
Guaranteed to CURE RHEUMATISM  
Acute, Inflammatory, or Chronic; also Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago and all Kidney troubles. Removes uric acid from the system; gives immediate relief. But suffer, but send for a bottle at once. Hundreds have been cured. The Osborne Remedy Co., Toronto, Ont. \$1.00 per bottle.  
\*\*\*\*\*

## COBALT

The directors of the

Gordon Cobalt Silver Mining Co., Limited are offering to the public for the PURPOSE OF DEVELOPMENT of the Company's properties, a limited number of shares of the Treasury STOCK AT \$1.00 PER SHARE, PAYABLE AT TIME OF SUBSCRIPTION.

THE GORDON COBALT MINE consists of 80 acres in the heart of the COBALT MINING DISTRICT, and ONE MILE FROM THE TOWN OF COBALT and in the famous Cobalt township. Our title has been granted by the present government. The property has been opened and a hole of four feet in depth made, and the assay shows from 90 to 260 ounces of silver to the ton. The assay may be seen at the company's office.

THE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY IS ONLY \$200,000. The company has no bonded debts and no preferred stock. The owner of the mine accepted stock in full payment for his properties.

Experts consider the GORDON COBALT PROPERTIES one of the best prospects in the district, and many have invested in the Company's shares. The property is within 40 chains of the famous Hudson Bay Mines and properties.

The company will commence work at the mines by April 1st. This stock will shortly be withdrawn from the market. For prospectus and applications for stock address

The Gordon Cobalt Silver Mining Company  
Limited,  
34 VICTORIA STREET, TORONTO.  
Suite 40-41.  
W. A. MARSH, JNO. F. LENNON  
President.



# ODESSA HORRORS RECALLED

## Leaders of the Massacre Have Been Acquitted

### PANIC AND HORROR.

The London Times' correspondent at St. Petersburg cabled on Sunday: The Opposition organs express themselves in no measured terms over the acquittal of Neidhart and Kurloff on the charge of complicity in the Jewish massacres at Odessa and Minsk. They say the Judges in the Senate are mostly recruited from superannuated Governors, who naturally are biased. Moreover, Durnovo appeared as special pleader on behalf of the accused, declaring that personages like Neidhart and Kurloff had not acted contrary to the wishes of the Government, with whose intentions they were well acquainted. Professor Hensen, a prominent Jewish publicist, says the Senate's verdict will cause a feeling of panic and horror throughout the Pale. Many newspapers have begun publishing further accounts from eye-witnesses of the horrors at Odessa and Minsk last November.

### MACHINE GUNS FOR PEASANTS.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Agrarian disorders continue to be reported at various places. Near Anatolifka, Province of Kherson, a collision has occurred between rural guards, armed with machine guns and a crowd of peasants who had begun to seize and plow property belonging to the landlords. A score were killed or wounded. In Chernigoff Province, the peasants are boasting that they intend taking possession of the land and the governor has received instructions from Interior Minister Durnovo not to spare the troops in suppressing any outbreak. In the Province of Vitebsk the peasants have risen and a punitive detachment is marching through the country.

### JEWIS FEAR MASSACRE.

A despatch from Kieff, Russian, says: Many Jewish families are leaving this city, frightened by the rumors of a massacre at Easter. The authorities announce that they have taken every precaution and that at the first sign of trouble the troops will be employed to restore order.

### MUTINEERS PUNISHED.

A St. Petersburg despatch says. The naval court-martial on Saturday acquitted 84 of the 207 men who mutinied at Cronstadt in November, 1905. Nine of the remainder were sentenced to penal servitude, as follows: One to life imprisonment, one to 20 years, four to 12 years, two to eight years, and one to six years. The others were deprived of civil rights and sentenced to terms of imprisonment varying from one to four years, or to enrollment in disciplinary battalions.

### PEASANTS STAND TOGETHER.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: The Province of Kostroma, European Russia, is the first to have completed its elections to the Provincial Congress. 46 peasants, 19 noblemen, 18 merchants, six professional men, and three priests were returned. The results show that the "small land-owners," who in reality are only peasants of the more prosperous class, holding their property in severalty, stood together against the big landlords and chose exclusively peasants. The peasants' electors are not classified and have but one plank in their platform, namely, the distribution of land. The others are divided.

### PRINCE ELECTED DELEGATE.

A despatch from Kalufa, Central Russia, says: Prince Eugene Troubetskoy, leader of the Moderates, who refused to

were found in the room with the dead men, giving evidence that every man was armed with some sort of a weapon. The police scout the Mafia theory. The murders were not committed for robbery, as much money was found untouched. In a tin box on the floor of the room was found a check for \$373, made out to Nicolo Demtri. The box also contained \$500 in Italian gold pieces and \$400 in American currency. Several satchels were also found, one being marked Nicolo Demtri. It contained the complete set of vestments of a Greek Catholic priest, even to the mitre. In this satchel were found passports in Turkish, Greek and French.

## DOMINION PARLIAMENT

### NOTES AND PROCEEDINGS OF THE OTTAWA HOUSE.

#### CONTROL OF TELEPHONES.

Hon. H. R. Emmerson introduced a bill, the great feature of which is the placing of telephone rates under control of the Railway Commission. The Minister of Justice announced the Government's intention of making this control as effective as that now exercised over railway freight and passenger rates by the same tribunal. The bill also provides for the inter-change of traffic between telephone companies, and removes a barrier to the entrance of independent telephones to railway stations by removing from consideration in settling the compensation any exclusive contract between the railway and any other telephone company. The leader of the Opposition gave assurance that he would do all he could to assist in perfecting the measure.

#### FISHERIES PROTECTION.

A question of Mr. Boyce's was answered by Hon. Mr. Brodeur to the effect that three inspectors and three officers on board of the cruiser Vigilant were employed for the protection of fisheries on the Great Lakes. No report had been made to the department that fish spawn lodged in Canadian waters in Lakes Huron and Superior were annually taken by American boats to American hatcheries.

#### PENSION SYSTEM.

Dr. Daniel learned from Mr. Emmerson that the question of inaugurating a pension system for Intercolonial Railway employees was under consideration.

#### SELECTION OF LANDS.

Mr. Roche learned from Mr. Oliver that the arrangement with the Canadian Pacific Railway for the final selection of its lands in the Northwest had been made in August, 1903, and that the last selections were to be made on June 30, 1904.

#### TRANSCONTINENTAL SURVEY.

Mr. Crockett was told by Mr. Emmerson that there were 31 surveying parties at work on the Transcontinental Railway between Quebec and Winnipeg, and three between Quebec and Moncton. It was impossible to say when their work would be completed.

#### MARCONI STATIONS.

Mr. Foster was told by Hon. Mr. Brodeur that \$118,542 had been paid up to Dec. 31st last on account of Marconi wireless stations.

#### TRENT VALLEY CANAL.

A detachment of 400 from Peterborough and other points along the route of the Trent Canal waited upon the

## THE COAL STRIKE IS ON.

### Companies Awaiting Developments — Hard Coal for Six Months.

A Wilkesbarre despatch says: The anthracite mine workers in this region left the mines on Saturday afternoon, carrying their tools with them and declaring that they will obey the order for suspension of work.

The companies are now merely awaiting developments. No men are being brought into the region to take the places of the men who quit work. Of this possibility a leading official of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, declared yesterday:

"We have enough coal to supply our regular demand for six months to come, about a million and a half tons. Our customers are now well stocked, and in their cellars and yards are enough to last them some time. We are not going to rush men into this region to take the places of the workers who quit. Not that we cannot get these men—there is no trouble to do that—but because they are a cause of trouble when here."

The operators generally will be content to play the game of sit down and wait until a definite decision regarding a strike is reached. No concerted effort to mine coal will be made. In the meantime, however, the washeries at which large quantities of coal can be cheaply prepared with unskilled labor will be run, and as there are many more washeries than there were in 1902, this production will be considerable. A number of the companies have arranged for guards to protect their property and such men as want to work.

#### IN THE SOFT COAL REGION.

A Pittsburg, Pa., despatch says: Despatches from the soft coal fields on Sunday night indicate almost a general announcement from the operators of western Pennsylvania to pay the miners the advance of 5.55 per ton called for in the restoration of the scale of 1903. With notices posted at the majority of the mines announcing the grafting of the scale the strike in the soft coal field has lost the threatening aspect that has surrounded it since January.

#### LITTLE HOPE OF SETTLEMENT.

A despatch from Philadelphia says: Reports received on Monday from the anthracite coal fields state that the order of the miners' scale committee directing that mining be suspended until an agreement could be reached with the operators is being obeyed almost to the man. That a great many miners believe that a strike is imminent, and that there will be a bitter struggle between the workmen and their employers, was evidenced by the departure Sunday and Monday of scores of miners from the Schuylkill region.

## FOURTEEN MINERS ALIVE

### A Small Party Survive the Lens Coal Disaster.

A Lens, France, despatch says: The sudden appearance of fourteen imprisoned men on Friday night, entombed nearly three weeks ago in the great coal mine disaster, resulting in 1,200 deaths, caused stupefaction. A gang of salvagers had just completed their night's work when they were startled to see a group of miners, terribly haggard and exhausted, appear from a remote part of pit No. 2. The strongest of the party stated that they had broken out of a distant gallery, where they had been entombed since the disaster of March 10. When the rescued men were taken to the surface they were unable to see owing to the dazzling daylight. The men were able to talk sensibly though feebly. They all asked for news of relatives or friends and wished to go to their homes immediately, but were taken to a hospital instead. Large crowds besieged the mines later in the hope of hearing of further escapes. It is said that others of the entombed miners are alive and about to be brought out, their

## ONTARIO LEGISLATURE

### WHAT THE LEGISLATURE AT TORONTO IS DOING.

#### THE COUNTY COUNCILS' BILL.

In moving the second reading of the Government's bill respecting County Councils, Hon. Mr. Monteith noted that during the past year the people of the province had been given opportunity to freely discuss the proposed reversion to the old order of electing County Councils by municipalities rather than by electoral districts. General approval seemed to have been expressed. At any rate there had been no serious opposition made from any quarter. Mr. Monteith thought the new bill would tend to give a renewed interest to the work of the Township Councils and would tend to get better men for these councils. The bill would do away with the anomaly of taxation without representation. Hereafter every municipality would have its representative in the County Council.

#### OTTAWA MODEL SCHOOL.

Mr. May wished to know whether it was the intention of the Government to increase the salaries of certain teachers in the Provincial Model School at Ottawa, so as to place them on the same plane with the teachers in the Toronto Model School.

Hon. Dr. Prynne replied briefly that it was not the intention of the Government to make such increases during the present session.

#### TEMISKAMING LOAN.

In reply to an inquiry by Mr. Harcourt, Hon. Col. Matheson stated that arrangements had been made to have the Temiskaming loan to the extent of \$1,200,000 underwritten in England, but as yet no particulars had been received with respect to the firms which had underwritten the amount. The price received by the province was 96%, but of this 3% had to be paid the Imperial Government as stamp tax.

#### TOO MUCH PATCHWORK.

Premier Whitney, in referring to the various amendments to the Assessment and Municipal Acts proposed, entered a protest against too much patchwork legislation in dealing with these Acts. He hoped the Municipal Committee would go very slow in making any amendments. There was danger in allowing different principles for different localities.

#### FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATIONS.

On request of the Attorney-General Mr. Fraser withdrew his bill to aid the Volunteer Firemen's Association. The bill touches Government revenues, and as such should be introduced as a Government measure. Mr. Foy promised to look into the measure.

#### NEW LICENSE ACT.

On the occasion of the second reading of the new Liquor License Act the Provincial Secretary announced a few changes which had been embodied in the bill. On one or two points, too, he said, the Government held no decided opinions and some minor alterations might be made before the measure became law. On the whole, however, the bill now possesses pretty much the form in which it will be entered on the statute books. The first draft contained a clause legalizing the sale of liquors to hotel guests at the table on Sunday. This, Mr. Hanna explained, was an oversight. It was never meant to be embodied in the bill and had now been stricken out. The granting of licenses to steamers and dining cars had been selling intoxicants it will only be those sailing long distances. It is not likely, however, that the Government will press the clause, though Mr. Hanna remarked that in the past liquors had been sold on boats and dining cars in spite of the fact that such sale was a violation of the law, and as he had no

or land. The others are divided.

#### PRINCE ELECTED DELEGATE.

A despatch from Kalufa, Central Russia, says: Prince Eugene Troubetsky, leader of the Moderates, who refused to accept the portfolio of education in the Witte Cabinet, has been elected by the land-owners a delegate to the Provincial Congress.

#### RUMORED CABINET CHANGES.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Rumors of impending Cabinet changes continue to circulate. The Russ declares that beyond doubt the state of Premier Witte's health will force him to retire, and also predicts the resignation of Interior Minister Durnovo and Finance Minister Shipoff.

#### ACTS OF DEPREDAATION.

A despatch from Odessa says: Attempts to rob private houses occur here daily. On Wednesday ten anarchists rushed into a wholesale grocery store and demanded \$1,000, threatening the clerks with bombs if they refused. A duel with revolvers followed, during which two anarchists were killed. The authorities have taken extraordinary measures to protect property.

#### THREATEN PREMIER WITTE.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Many threats have been made against the life of Premier Witte. On Tuesday he received warning that unless he left the Government in a week he would be killed.

#### BODIES THROWN INTO SEA.

A despatch from Odessa says: Acting under the orders of Vice-Admiral Chouknin, commander of the Black Sea fleet, the bodies of Lieut. Schmidt and his three comrades, who were shot March 19th for mutiny, were exhumed on Wednesday night, taken to the open sea, and sunk. The authorities have issued a public order that visits to the burial place of the mutineers and the placing on the graves of wreaths must cease.

#### STUDENTS TRY TO ROB BANK.

A despatch from Kharkoff, Russia, says: Even more daring than the robbery of the Credit Mutual Bank at Moscow recently was the attempt made in broad daylight on Thursday to rob the Volga Komuna Bank by several college boys and technological students. The youthful desperadoes quietly walked into the bank with cut-throats of the institution, drew revolvers and ordered everybody to hold up their hands. Most of the employees fled in panic, but one cool-headed clerk attracted the attention of guards outside, who immediately barred the entrances to the bank. The students finding themselves trapped, smashed the windows, jumped out to the street and attempted to escape under cover of revolver fire. One policeman was mortally wounded. Four of the would-be robbers were captured.

#### A FEARFUL BUTCHERY.

**Sicilian Laborers Slashed Each Other to Pieces.**

A despatch from Minneapolis, Minn., says: In a little two-story, ramshackle frame building on Tenth avenue six Greek or Sicilian laborers were horribly butchered some time between midnight Tuesday night and Wednesday morning. The dead are Nicolo Demtri, Kirle Demtri, Agne Karodli, Kirstan Yovke, Baakon Kapanni and Unka Naudaha. The building stands less than half a block from Washington avenue, the principal highway connecting Minneapolis and St. Paul, and a stone's throw from the station of the Chicago Great Western Railroad. In this tumble-down structure a group of men fought with knives and hatchets. The six victims were literally hacked to pieces. That the men fought among themselves, and were not murdered by outsiders for revenge, as was at first supposed, is the theory now advanced, although the police are of the opinion that there are two or three men still at large who were concerned in the fight.

Dec. 31st last on account of Marconi wireless stations.

#### TRENT VALLEY CANAL.

A deputation of 400 from Peterborough and other points along the route of the Trent Canal waited upon the Government on Thursday to urge the completion of that waterway. They were received in the Railway Committee-room of the House of Commons, which was crowded for the occasion.

Mr. Hall, M.P., introduced the deputation as representing the municipalities, boards of trade, and manufacturing and farming interests to be served by the Trent Canal. No such question as the north or south mouth of the canal was being considered, but the deputation was present to urge the construction of the canal at the earliest possible time.

Hon. Mr. Emmerson said the Government was still in the canal business, and he was a friend of the Trent Canal. The canals were, like the Intercolonial, making deficits, in one sense made surpluses, which were in the pockets of the people. Mr. Emmerson said Parliament had already granted him money to build the canal. The field work was completed, but the plans and estimates were not ready. The Deputy Minister was attending to the rest of the work, and he hoped soon to be able to make an announcement. When plans were ready the Cabinet would at once decide as to the route. The policy of the Government was well known, for it had already spent considerable money. The intention was to go ahead with the work.

Mr. Paterson and Mr. Hyman spoke favoring to the project.

#### IN PRISON IN RUSSIA.

The imprisonment of a Canadian in Russia was made the subject of a short discussion by Col. Ward, and the Government promised to draw it to the attention of the Home authorities.

#### PRIVATE MEMBERS' DAY.

Private members had Monday to themselves in the House and the sitting was short and uneventful. The order paper was whittled down pretty well, and the record was burdened with lengthy answers to many questions of purely local importance. One general statement of interest was the further announcement that the telephone inquiry would not be further pursued. The early adjournment again caught members arriving by day train from the west, and half a dozen or more were too late to qualify for attendance and so forfeited fifteen dollars each.

#### HIS CATTLE DEAD IN STALLS.

**North Monaghan Farmer Charged with Starving His Live Stock.**

A despatch from Peterborough says: A remarkable state of affairs was revealed in a case that came up before his Honor Judge Edmonson here. Bernard Naven, a North Monaghan farmer, was charged with cruelty to his live stock, and the evidence of the accused's neighbors showed that seven of Naven's cows had died from starvation, and others were so thin that they were lying in the stalls unable to rise. Neighbors who visited Naven's barn found the dead animals lying in the stalls, two of them partially eaten by hogs. His Honor reserved judgment.

#### AN ENGINEER'S SUICIDE.

**Levi Trevillian Shoots Himself at North Bay.**

A despatch from North Bay says: Levi Trevillian, formerly locomotive engineer on the G.T.R. running out of Allandale, discharged off the road a short while ago for some offence, shot himself in his room at Donovan's boarding house on Saturday afternoon. Dr. McMurphy was called in, and after making an examination of the wound he said the unfortunate man could not live. A new revolver of 32 calibre and a box of cartridges were found in Trevillian's possession. One empty shell was found in the revolver. It is supposed despondency was the cause of the rash deed. Trevillian is a married man.

their homes immediately, but were taken to a hospital instead. Large crowds besieged the mines later in the hope of hearing of further escapes. It is said that others of the entombed miners are alive and about to be brought out, their signals having been heard. One of the men rescued, a man named Nemy, said that for the first eight days the party ate the bark off the timbering of the mine. Later they found the decomposed body of a horse, which they cut up and ate with hay. The survivors brought out portions of the decomposed horse meat. Nemy said that after the explosion he groped his way about, stumbling over bodies and seeking refuge from the gases. Friday night they felt a draught of fresh air, which finally guided them to an opening.

The doctors have forbidden the survivors to do any further talking. Nemy's father arrived at the hospital soon after his escape became known and a touching scene followed. Vast crowds of people surround the hospital where the escaped men are being treated.

#### BAYONETS CHECKED MOBS

**Mounted Rifles Forced to Charge on Winnipeg Crowds.**

A Winnipeg despatch says: The street car strike situation is rapidly assuming grave proportions. Drastic measures were decided on on Friday by the city authorities to quell the disorders. The Canadian Mounted Rifles were called out to assist the police in maintaining order, and they marched to the subway, where they were harried all day till 6 p. m. Orders were then issued by Lieut.-Col. Billman for the 90th Regiment to parade at the Armories at 8 p. m., where they were held in readiness.

At 3.15 City Solicitor Hunt announced, under the authority of the Mayor, that citizens were warned to keep off the streets; that disorders had gone as far as could be allowed in the public interest, and that if citizens got in the way they must take the consequences. Police patrols attempted to move the masses that thronged the streets and impeded traffic, but were unable to hold the crowd in check.

The greatest disorder was concentrated at the corner of Main and Higgins Streets and also opposite the City Hall, where large crowds collected. Extra police were sent to that point to maintain order, but were unable to do so. The crowd being beyond the control of the police, the Rifles were called on to disperse them. A detective was seriously injured in an attack by the crowd, and the situation rapidly assumed the most grave proportions. Thousands of yelling, cursing and footing men thronged the streets under and about the subway, the traffic was at a complete standstill. Cars were completely blocked, and the efforts of the police to clear the congestion were futile. The crowd attacked a car just south of the subway, pulling the men in charge off, whereupon the soldiers charged several times with fixed bayonets, and drove the crowd back. Several persons were severely injured.

#### NO SETTLEMENT IN SIGHT.

Principal Patrick, of Manitoba College, and Principal Sparling, of Wesley College, met the directors of the Street Railway Company on Monday night and made a second attempt to arrange a settlement of the strike. Nothing has been given out. The outlook, however, is not hopeful, as the company is apparently not willing to make any concessions to the demands of the men.

#### STREET CAR WRECKED.

A street car in St. Boniface was badly wrecked by a mob at 5.30 o'clock on Monday evening, and a call for a squad of Winnipeg police was necessary to relieve the crew. The car was then escorted back to the barn. Cars ceased running at 6 o'clock.

#### GALICIANS BUYING ARMS.

Galicians have given the interesting information that a goodly portion of their number were purchasing revolvers and ammunition, with the intention of showing their resentment to the calling out of the military. They considered such tactics as savoring too much of their homeland autonomy.

sailing long distances. It is not likely, however, that the Government will press the clause, though Mr. Hanna remarked that in the past liquors have been sold on boats and dining cars in spite of the fact that such sale was a violation of the law, and as he had no doubt the practice would continue in the future the province might as well have the benefit of the revenue to be got from it.

In the matter of the two-years' term for local option, the secretary stated that the Government was indifferent about the length of time, but they were emphatically of the opinion that there should be an inequality between that time and the time in which the question could be re-opened after the defeat of local option. In dealing with the clause providing that three-fifths of the vote polled must be secured to carry local option, Mr. Hanna undermined objections by quoting a number of former temperance leaders, who declared in favor of a preponderant majority in such cases.

#### AUTOMOBILE BILL.

Mr. Sutherland introduced his auto mobile bill against city sports, "with more money than brains," who course the roads regardless of safety and comfort of rural inhabitants. The bill empowers County Councils to close any road against motor vehicles if it is considered dangerous for horses to meet automobiles on the road. It also contains other provisions calculated to curb the recklessness of motor car drivers. The debate on the measure took up most of the time of Monday afternoon's session. In the end, it was referred to the Municipal Committee.

#### HOMESTEAD ENTRIES.

**Twenty-two Nationalities Figure in the Returns.**

A despatch from Ottawa says: Homestead entries to the number of 30,819, representing in all 77,550 souls, were made in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and British Columbia during the last fiscal year. Some twenty-two nationalities figure in the returns, including 4,284 English, 1,225 Scotch and 421 Irish. Canadians from Ontario numbered 4,885, and returned Canadians from the United States, 483. There were 8,532 citizens of the United States who took out entries. That the Doukhobors are breaking away from the communal system is shown by the fact that 207 became homesteaders. The bulk of the foreigners who homesteaded outside of Americans were, Austro-Hungarians. Their strength was 1,931. The total homesteads taken cover an acreage of 4,931,040 acres. Arrivals for the last fiscal year at ocean and inland ports numbered 146,266, of whom 65,359 came from the British Isles, 37,255 from the continent and Iceland and 43,652 from the United States. Last year's arrivals of the same class were 130,330, to which total the British Isles contributed 50,374, the continent and Iceland 34,785, and the United States 45,171.

#### TRAIN WRECK ON C. P. R.

**Gordon Elliott Killed and Several Others Injured.**

A despatch from Neepawa, Man., says: One killed and about 45 injured is the record of a wreck on Friday afternoon on the Manitoba and North-western Railroad, a subsidiary of the Canadian Pacific, six miles east of Arden. The accident was due to a broken rail. Dead: Gordon Elliott, London, Ontario injured are: Mrs. James Parks, Hastings, Ont., side hurt, scar on head; Mrs. Parks, cut on head, not serious; Mrs. W. F. McVey, Melrose Junction, injuries slight; W. H. Colvell, Guelph, jaw broken, head cut, arm injured; F. Dalton, Toronto, back hurt, not fatal; John Chambers, Centralia, slight injuries; Thomas Beckett, Bruce Co., hip hurt one cut, not serious; Agnes Beckett, his daughter, arm broken, head badly cut; Finlay Beckett, his son, forehead cut and other injuries; Johnnie Beckett, son, seriously hurt, probably fatally; J. H. Gilles, traveller for Heap & Co., Vancouver, hip hurt. All the injured were taken to Neepawa Hospital.



## EX-PRESIDENT YORK LOAN.

**Toronto Police Magistrate Refuses to Renew the Bail Bonds.**

A despatch from Toronto says: The disclosures in the investigation into the charges against Joseph Phillips assumed such a serious aspect on Friday morning that Colonel Denison had the defendant taken into custody. The evidence of George Meyer showed that he had paid Phillips money out of the profits of his printing business, but further evidence made it appear that the cash was never handed over to the book-keepers of the loan company. When these statements were made the Magistrate advanced the required bond to \$3,000. "I will consider during the day whether I shall take bail or not," he said, "for the case seems to be getting worse every minute." Mr. J. E. Jones did not think the new developments so serious as that would make it appear. The Crown Attorney, however, thought the evidence had showed that there had been stealing. There were large sums involved and many of the transactions could be described by no other name than theft.

Before the noon adjournment the Magistrate had made up his mind. He instructed the police to take Phillips into custody and the prisoner was kept in the court-room in charge of Inspector Johnson till the afternoon hearing began. He took his dinner in the room adjoining the court. In the evening Detective Twigg and P. C. Campbell took charge of the prisoner. He was searched in the detective department, but had nothing in his pockets except about \$9 in money. While waiting for a cab to remove him to the jail, he remarked to the detective, "You have a pretty hard thing to prove."

## MINTO STANDS BY KITCHENER.

**Approves of a Large Expenditure For the Forces in India.**

A despatch from Calcutta says: A denunciation by native members of the Viceroy's Council on Thursday, during a discussion of the budget, of the enormous military expenditure demanded by Lord Kitchener, commander-in-chief of the British forces in India, which the speakers declared to be unnecessary, "now that the strength of Russia is broken," drew a warning reply from Earl Minto, the Viceroy, who said he hoped India would never be deceived into false security. He added:

"I cannot agree that Russia's reverses have minimized the danger on the frontier for all time. I am afraid that we shall be much more impelled to consider the effect those reverses will have on the pride of a high-spirited race. In time Russia will feel compelled to recover her lost prestige, and the price now paid for our army is a premium for the insurance of India."

## BIG FIRE IN BUFFALO.

**Times Printing Office Threatened with Destruction.**

A despatch from Buffalo says: A fire broke out on the second floor of the office of the Buffalo Times, an afternoon paper, at 2 o'clock on Tuesday morning. At 2.15 the flames were bursting from the windows of the second and third floors. A second alarm, followed by a third, was sounded, when it became evident the flames had gained control of a large portion of the building. The Times is located on the east side of Main Street, a few doors north of Exchange Street. The Courier Printing Co., one of the largest lithographing houses in the United States, occupies the adjoining building on the north.

## A HINT TO PARENTS.

**Sir William Mulock, at Guelph Assizes, Speaks on Child Training.**

A despatch from Guelph says: At the Spring Assizes, which opened on Monday morning, Hon. Sir Wm. Mulock, Chief Justice of the Exchequer Division, uttered words of warning to parents in

## CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

**HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.**

**Telegraphic Events from Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Occurrence.**

### CANADA.

It is thought the Legislature will not prorogue before May 30.

Brantford policemen have received an increase of ten cents per day.

The total loss by fire in Winnipeg was \$312,548 last year.

Free silver worth \$5,000 a ton has been found near Latchford in the Cobalt district.

A friend in the old country has presented Knox Church St. Mary's, with \$1,500.

Queen's Alma Mater Society, Kingston, has decided to erect a gymnasium to cost \$16,000.

The Government is calling for tenders for the right to cut timber on the Pigeon River.

Customs duties in Toronto for March showed an increase of \$63,578.28 over March of last year.

Hon. D. C. Fraser was sworn in as Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia at Halifax, on Friday.

The Grand Valley Radial Railway Company propose to build a line from Brantford to Woodstock.

Mrs. Diamond was acquitted of the charge of poisoning her daughter-in-law, et the Belleville Assizes, on Friday.

Mrs. Selater was acquitted at Three Rivers, Quebec, on a charge of complicity in the murder of her husband.

A company has been formed in Toronto to run power cars and busses in opposition to the Toronto Railway Company.

Inspector Seath recommends the erection of a new collegiate institute at Brantford, and the increasing of the staff by ten teachers.

Nearly all the master builders of Hamilton have signed an agreement not to accede the demand for 50 cents an hour from the bricklayers.

F. L. Wanklyn, vice-president and general manager of the Dominion Coal Company, says the mines at Glace Bay have a daily output of 14,000 tons.

That electrical power developed at Niagara Falls can be sold in Toronto at \$17 per horse-power was the opinion expressed by Hon. Adam Beck in an address to the Toronto Board of Trade.

The Industrial Committee of the Toronto Board of Trade passed a resolution urging the Provincial Government to develop and transmit electric power.

The report that the National Transcontinental Railway would stop at Edmonton is denied by Mr. C. M. Hays, who says the line will be continued to the Pacific coast. Mr. Hays has just returned to Montreal from England, and reports that the company had no difficulty in raising money.

### GREAT BRITAIN.

Dr. Robert Bell of the Geological Survey of Canada will receive the Royal Medal of the Royal Geographical Society.

On the question of immunity for trades union funds the British Government has surrendered to the Labor Party.

The advisability of altering the fiscal system of Great Britain to encourage trade with Canada was discussed in the House of Lords, on Friday.

### UNITED STATES.

The United States naval bill provides for the expenditure of almost \$100,000,000.

Anna W. Hopkins, school teacher at Utica, N. Y., fell in a faint and broke her neck.

## THE WORLD'S MARKETS

**REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.**

**Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.**

Toronto, April 3. — Flour — Ontario wheat patents are \$3.05 in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba first patents are quoted at \$4.30 to \$4.40, Toronto, and strong bakers' at \$3.90 to \$4.10. Bran is nominal at \$1.90 to \$2.00 in bulk outside.

Wheat — No. 2 mixed Ontario wanted at 7c outside, without sellers; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, offered at 82c; Point Edward, May delivery, and No. 2 Northern at 80c, Point Edward, May delivery, without bids.

Oats — No. 2 Manitoba white offered at 40c North Bay, without bids.

### COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples — Choice stock, \$3.25 to \$3.75 per bbl., and inferior qualities, \$2.25 to \$2.50.

Beans — Hand-picked, \$1.75 to \$1.80; primes, \$1.65 to \$1.70.

Honey — The market is steady at 7c. 8c for strained, and \$1.50 to \$2 per dozen combs.

Hops — 15 to 18c per lb.

Hay — Car lots of No. 1 timothy are quoted at \$8 on track, Toronto, and No. 2 at \$6.

Straw — \$5.50 to \$6 per ton.

Potatoes — Ontario stock, 65 to 75c per bag, and Eastern, 75 to 80c per bag on track.

Poultry — Turkeys, fresh killed, 15c; chickens, 12 to 13c; live chickens, 7 to 8c per lb.

### THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter — Pound rolls are quoted at 20c to 21c; large rolls, 19c to 20c; good to choice dairy tubs, 20 to 21c, and inferior at 16 to 17c. Creamery prints sell at 26 to 27c, and solids at 24 to 25c.

Eggs — New laid are selling at 15c to 16c per dozen in case lots, and cold storage at 13c per dozen.

Cheese — Large cheese, 14c, and twins at 14c per lb.

### HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots are nominal. Bacon, long clear, 11 to 11c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$18 to \$18.50; short cut, \$22 to \$22.50.

Hams — Light to medium, 13 to 13c; do., heavy, 12c; culls, 11c; shoulders 11c; backs 15c to 16c; breakfast bacon, 14c.

Lard — Tierces, 10c; tubs, 11c; pails, 11c.

### BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 3. — Grain — The enquiry for Manitoba wheat from foreign sources to-day was limited, and cable offers showed no improvement. The market for oats was steady. Demand was fair and prices held at the recent range, 1c 37 to 38c for No. 4 oats; 38 to 38c for No. 3, and 39 to 39c for No. 2.

Flour — Manitoba Spring wheat patents, \$4.50; strong bakers', \$4 to \$4.10, Winter wheat patents, \$4.25 to \$4.50, and straight rollers \$3.90 to \$4 in wood; in bags, \$1.85 to \$1.90. Rolled oats — \$2 to \$2.05 in bags of ninety pounds. Feed — Ontario bran, in bulk, \$20; shorts, in bags, \$20 to \$20.50; Manitoba bran, in bags, \$20; shorts, \$21.

Hay — No. 1, 88 to \$8.50 per ton on track; No. 2, \$7 to \$7.50; clover, \$5.50 to \$6, clover, mixed, \$6 to \$6.50. Potatoes — Per bag of 80 lbs., 65 to 70c. Honey — White clover, in comb, 13 to 14c per pound section; extract, 8 to 9c; buckwheat, 6c to 7c. Provisions — Heavy Canadian short cut pork, \$21.50 light short cut, \$20.00; American short cut \$20.00; American cut clear fat backs, \$20; compound lard, 7 to 7c; Canadian pure lard, 11c to 11c; kettle rendered, 12c to 12c; hams, 13 to 14c; breakfast bacon, 16c; Windsor ba-

## ON THE FARM

### STOP KICKING.

A good many farmers ought to wipe their glasses, writes a correspondent.

I came across one the other day. He said he never had known hay to be so light as it was last season. "Why," he said, "you could pick up five or six hundred pounds of it and walk right off with it. Nothing to it!"

Then he went on to tell me how fast it went when he came to feed it. "Never saw anything like it in my life!" he growled. "A cow would eat a whole load of it and then look like a rail—and a slim rail at that."

When I went home I told my wife it was worse than a dose of calomel to sit and listen to that man mourn and "take on" all the evening through. Life for him seemed to be one long, dreary day, with never a bit of sunshine to lighten it up.

Why is it, do you suppose, that this is the way with so many who are really blessed beyond their ability to reckon? It is wrong. So much joy, peace and comfort, and so many things to make us happy; and still we are determined to see the shadowy side of it all!

Don't you suppose it would be a good plan to take off the green and smoky spectacles, and wipe them dry? If we wet them with tears—the good honest tears of repentance for our ingratitude;—it would be better yet.

The most of the gray hairs we have come not through good, square, hard work, but through the nibbling and pestering of things that never had a being at all.

A man once told me how he tired a horse out that had the notion of kicking. He hung an old sheep pelt up behind the horse, just where he could see it, and let him kick till he got enough of it.

At first, no doubt, the horse thought that pelt was the worst looking thing he had ever seen in all the days of his life. He peeled his eye back at it and made up his mind that the old evil one must surely be right after him. And he kicked and he kicked.

But the more he kicked the faster the thing fell back on his heels. All night long he worked at it, till the sweat ran down his legs and he was "all of a tremble." Then he stopped; and, by the grey light of the morning, took a good square look at the miserable thing that had been worrying the life out of him.

It was nothing but an old sheepskin. It made him so ashamed to think how he had wasted so much time and strength on a thing like that, that he stopped kicking.

And after that he never kicked.

I have been riding on a railroad which was not so smooth as it might have been. As I looked out of the window at the passing objects, the trees and houses and everything else seemed to be wonderfully out of perpendicular.

But they were all right. The trouble was with the train I was in. The cars rocking from side to side made it appear that things outside were all wrong.

How many times that is true! The world looks wrong to us, and all the while, it is our own selves that are wrong and not the world at all.

Let us wipe our spectacles! It is a good time to do it now.

Then glance around and take a fair look at all that is being done for the comfort of us poor, ungrateful human beings. It is enough to make the worst of us ashamed of ourselves.

But the best plan I know to make us look at things as they really are is to go out and help some one else.

The softest, nicest handkerchief with which to wipe our glasses is the kerchief which has wiped the tears from some other man's eyes.

No more mist after that! In the place of the lament will come the song in the heart. Where we thought there was a



### Speaks on Child Training.

A despatch from Guelph says: At the Spring Assizes, which opened on Monday morning, Hon. Sir Wm. Mulock, Chief Justice of the Exchequer Division, uttered words of warning to parents in reference to the training of children. In addressing the jury, his Lordship reviewed the three criminal cases before him, and particularly urged the necessity of parents and guardians paying stricter regard to the bringing up of their children.

### FOREMAN KILLED BY FALL.

#### Fatal Accident in a Mine in East Hastings.

A despatch from Madoc, Ont., says: Peter Jarvis, of Kellar's Bridge, was killed on Monday afternoon in the American Madoc Mining Co.'s Mundie Mine, near Brantockburn. Five men were being brought up the shaft in the bucket. When near the top the cable caught, tipping the bucket over sideways. Jarvis, foreman of the mine, and J. Pressick, of Cordova, fell out. The latter dropped about 25 feet, lighting on a piece of timber unhurt. Jarvis fell 70 feet to the bottom of the shaft. He lived about ten minutes. The other three occupants caught hold of the cable till the bucket righted itself again. Jarvis leaves a widow and one child.

### PITCH QUILTS FOR MAYOR.

#### Two Brothers-in-Law Who Polled a Tie Vote.

A despatch from Ida Grove, Iowa, says: Robert Lipton and W. J. Anderson, brothers-in-law and partners in the banking firm of Anderson, Lipton & Co., who were candidates for Mayor and came out even in the returns, with 229 votes each, will pitch a game of quilts with the Mayorality at stake. It is rumored that some years ago, when the men were nothing but friends, they courted two sisters, but were undetermined as to which should have his choice. The story goes that they then pitched quilts and abided by the decision, which proved a happy one to both.

### SASKATCHEWAN LEGISLATURE.

#### First of New Province Opened and a Speaker Elected.

A despatch from Regina says: The first Legislature of Saskatchewan was declared open on Thursday afternoon, by Lieut.-Gov. Forget. The opening ceremonies differed but little in regard to official form and ceremony from the summoning of the Territorial Assemblies. Thomas McNutt, M.P.P. for Saskatchewan, was elected Speaker. The speech from the throne made special reference to projected railway development, and announced the consolidation and revision of the laws now in force.

### FELL DYING FROM HIS BUGGY.

#### Prominent Physician of Cobourg Stricken Driving to a Patient.

A despatch from Cobourg says: Dr. W. J. Douglas, a prominent Cobourg physician, was suddenly stricken down on Thursday while in the performance of his professional duties. About 11.30 a.m., he left his office to visit a patient in the country, and, contrary to his usual custom, was driving alone. When about three-quarters of a mile east of his residence he was seen by occupants of two other vehicles to lean out of his buggy, and then to fall out. They immediately went to his assistance, in answer to a question he spoke once and soon afterward expired.

### TWELVE NATIVES SHOT.

#### Natal Government Carries Out Death Sentence on Rebels.

A despatch from Pietermaritzburg, Natal, says: The twelve natives condemned to death for the murder of policemen during the uprising in February against the collection of the poll tax, the postponement of whose execution led to a dispute between the Imperial and Colonial Governments, were shot on Monday morning.

The United States naval bill provides for the expenditure of almost \$100,000,000.

Anna W. Hopkins, school teacher at Utica, N. Y., fell in a faint and broke her neck.

Earl Grey, as the guest of honor at the Pilgrim's dinner in New York, delivered a speech of international interest.

The Westinghouse works at Pittsburg have produced a new type of electric locomotive capable of hauling a train at seventy miles an hour.

George W. Perkins, former Vice-President of the New York Life Insurance Co., was arrested on the charge of grand larceny. It will be made a test case.

Hattie Kohn, a stenographer, fell seven storeys from No. 41 West 24th street, New York, and a cornice broke her fall. Her arm was broken, but she will recover.

Cub. Watts and Joe Watts, twins, of Abbeville, Georgia, shot and killed C. R. Burch and George and James McDuffie because they wanted to write a realistic book describing actual murder. They are boys.

The funeral of Mrs. J. Worth, who weighed 400 pounds, took place at Wilmington, Delaware, on Tuesday. When the pall-bearers tried to carry the casket out, it stuck in the doorway, and after an hours hard work enough bricks were torn away to permit the passage of the body.

### GENERAL.

The new Japanese tariff is retaliatory and decidedly protective. The average rate of duty is 13 per cent.

The League of Russian Writers will try to prevent the impending massacre of Jews at Easter.

### CAR HURLED INTO RIVER.

#### Collision on Canadian Northern Bridge at Red River.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: One car hurled bodily into the river and three more smashed to matchwood were the results of a collision on the C.N.R. bridge crossing the Red River, a little after noon on Thursday. Engineer Cowley, with engine 200, was bringing in a freight from Rainy River, when, owing to misplaced signals, he ran into a yard train on the bridge. No one was killed or injured, but the loss will amount to over \$5,000. The bridge is impassable, and one side has sagged down several feet.

### BRITISH REVENUE GROWS.

#### An Increase During the Fiscal Year of \$3,481,010.

A despatch from London says: The revenue of the United Kingdom for the fiscal year ending on Saturday shows \$769,394,920, an increase of \$3,481,010. During the year the customs revenue decreased \$6,315,480, and the excise revenue \$2,314,110, while there were increases of \$5,400,000 in the postal telegraph revenue, \$3,299,740 in estate duties, and \$2,400,000 in stamps. The surplus balance in the exchequer at the close of business on Saturday was \$24,396,450.

### NATAL MINISTRY REVOLTS.

#### On Account of Recent Interference of Home Government.

A Pietermaritzburg, Natal, despatch says: The interference of the Colonial Office in London with matters which the Natal Government considers to be outside of the Imperial jurisdiction led on Thursday, to the resignation of the Ministry, headed by Charles John Smythe. The latter had confirmed the death sentence imposed on twelve natives who took part in the murder of policemen during the recent uprising in this colony. Viscount Churchill, Under Secretary of State for the Colonies, cabled to Premier Smythe, ordering a suspension of the executions pending the home Government's consideration of the sentences. The Premier curtly refused to do so, and the Governor, Sir Henry McCallum, postponed the executions. Thereupon,

heavy Canadian short cut pork, \$21.00 light short cut, \$20.00; American short cut \$20.00; American cut clear fat backs, \$20; compound lard, 7 to 7½; Canadian pure lard, 11½ to 11¾; kettle rendered, 12½ to 12¾; hams, 13 to 14½; breakfast bacon, 16c; Windsor bacon, 15c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, \$9.75 to \$10; country dressed, \$8.75 to \$9.25; alive, \$7.50 to \$7.75 for select. Eggs — New laid, 17c per dozen; storage and limed, 13c, nominal. Butter — Choice creamery, 22 to 22½; undergrades, 20 to 21c; dairy, 19 to 20c. Cheese — Ontario, 13 to 13½c.

### UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Milwaukee, April 3. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 80 to 81c; No. 2 Northern, 76½ to 79½c; May, 76½c; Rye — No. 1, 65 to 66c; Barley — No. 2, 55c; sample, 37½ to 53c. Corn — No. 3 cash, 41½ to 42½c; May, 44c asked.

Duluth, April 3. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 76½c; No. 2 Northern, 74½c; May, 77½c; July, 78½c; September, 77½c.

St. Louis, April 3. — Wheat — Cash 82c; May, 74½c; July, 74½c.

Minneapolis, April 3. — Wheat — May, 77½c; July 78½ to 79½c; September, 77½c; No. 1 hard, 77c; No. 1 Northern, 76½c; No. 2 do., 75c. Flour — Unchanged, Bran — In bulk, \$14.

### LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, April 3. — There was a good active trade for choice cattle at the Western Market this morning and prices held steady to firm. Inferior cattle were less in demand. Sheep and lambs were firmer and hogs unchanged.

Export Cattle — Choice are quoted at \$1.95 to \$2.25, medium to good at \$4.30 to \$4.70, others at \$1 to \$4.25, bulls at \$3.50 to \$4 and cows at \$2.75 to \$4.

Butchers' Cattle — Picked lots, \$4.75 to \$5.10; good to choice, \$4.40 to \$4.65; fair to good, \$3.75 to \$4; common, \$2.50 to \$3; cows, \$2.75 to \$4.25; bulls \$3 to \$4; canners, \$1.50 to \$2.

Stocks and Feeders — Short-keep feeders are quoted at \$4 to \$4.50, heavy feeders at \$3.85 to \$4.15, medium at \$2.50 to \$3.50, bulls, at \$2 to \$2.75, good stockers run at \$3 to \$3.65, light at \$2.75 to \$3, rough to common at \$2 to \$2.75, and bulls at \$1.75 to \$2.50.

Milk Cows — The range of prices offering is quoted unchanged at \$30 to \$60 each.

Calves — Quotations are unchanged at 3c to 6½c per lb.

Sheep and Lambs — Export sheep are quoted 25c to 50c per cwt. higher at \$5.25 to \$5.75 for ewes and \$4.50 to \$5.40 for bucks. Lambs are quoted at \$6.75 to \$7.50 for grain-fed and \$5.50 to \$6.50 for mixed. Spring lambs are also firm at \$4 to \$7.50 each.

Hogs — Prices are quoted unchanged at 87 per cwt. for choice lightweights and \$6.75 for select and \$6.75 for lights and fats.

### A FATAL EXPLOSION.

#### One Man Killed, Another Dying—Were Plugging Hole.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: As a result of the premature explosion of a virile at Stewart's camp at Riddell, just east of Hawk Lake, one man has died and another is possibly fatally injured. The two men had about finished plugging a hole with the deadly explosive, when by some means it went off, injuring Peter Magnusson so badly that he died soon after reaching the hospital. Atel Johnston's system was so permeated with it that pneumonia has set in and his life is hanging in the balance.

### FARMER SHOTS HIMSELF.

#### Aged Resident of Downie Township Commits Suicide.

A despatch from Stratford says: James Dunseith, an elderly man living in the Township of Downie, committed suicide on Monday by shooting himself in the forehead with a gun. No cause is assigned for the act, and he was apparently in good health.

Municipalities in western Ontario have been invited by Mayor Coatsworth, of Toronto, to participate in a delegation that will meet Premier Whitney on April 11 and discuss the power question.

The best, most successful method with which to wipe our glasses is the kerchief which has wiped the tears from some other man's eyes.

No more mist after that! In the place of the lament will come the song in the heart. Where we thought there was a sore we shall find a beauty spot. Service for a poor fellow-mortal takes away the shadows and cures all the hurts we thought we had.

"Stepping off on to nothing" is not very encouraging business. We have been doing that altogether too much. We have had many a tumble in consequence of this tendency. Our shins have been sore and our hearts weary from the falls we have had that way.

Let us not do it any more, fellow farmers. Let's get the solid rock under our feet and let the shadows be shadows.

### THE NEW CALF.

When the new calf puts in an appearance do a little thinking for the sake of the calf—and yourself. Remember that it is a stranger to everything that you know.

If you are to raise the calf, after the first milking take it away from the mother and put it in a nice, dry, warm stall, with plenty of straw. Don't save a calf that has not at the start at least six teeth all well cut through. This shows good vitality. If the calf has five or six teeth, that is another mark of a good cow by and by.

After the calf is twenty-four hours old, feed it two quarts of milk just from the cow. At first give it your finger then gradually slip the finger out. Some times you can do this at the first feeding; sometimes you can't. There is a difference in calves, just as there is in folks. Be patient about it.

Next time feed the calf a little more warm milk. If things have worked all right, the calf will then be drinking without the finger. But keep cool; things do not always work right. You know how things ought to be done; the calf doesn't. You must use brains for the calf—and for yourself.

Practise this for three weeks, especially the part that relates to patience. Liftle by little give the calf more to eat till you have reached four quarts twice a day.

Then take out some of the new milk and add sweet skimmilk, decreasing the proportion of new milk each day for a week. By that time the calf will be on skimmilk diet. It will then begin to eat a bit of bright hay and be well started on the way to cowhood.

### COWS IN SPRING.

In the spring there is almost always more or less trouble with the udders of cows. Best way to avoid this is to feed no heavy rations for a few weeks before they begin to give milk. Then wheat bran should be about the only grain ration. If the bag becomes caked rub it often with quite warm water. If very bad, drop a little camphor into the water. Vaseline is also very good. But keep the rubbing up till all the bunches are gone.

If the bowels are inclined to be constipated before cows come in a good dose of Epsom salt will be beneficial. You must be the doctor and all else for your cows at this time of the year. They can not do for themselves.

### LIVE STOCK NOTES.

Do not allow a rough, noisy man around the stables. The fellow who works for his board is often expensive help.

Do not neglect to examine the horse's mouth frequently. A sore mouth is the cause of many unpleasant habits. Be careful how the bits are fitted. The placing of the bit in the horse's mouth has a great influence on his manner of going.

You can always depend on the pure bred fowl for uniform growth. Take a mongrel hen, and her chickens will vary. They never grow fast, and one or two in the bunch will be ready for market before the others. Not only that, the pure bred are uniform in looks after dressing, and sell higher on this account for breeding and hatching purposes. Their eggs and themselves sell higher than the market price for either.

# We Trust Doctors

If you are suffering from impure blood, thin blood, debility, nervousness, exhaustion, you should begin at once with Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the Sarsaparilla you have known all your life. Your doctor knows it, too. Ask him about it.

Unless there is daily action of the bowels, poisonous products are absorbed, causing headache, biliousness, nausea, dyspepsia, and thus preventing the Sarsaparilla from doing its best work. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. Act gently, all vegetable.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.  
Also manufacturers of  
**Ayer's**  
HAIR VIGOR.  
ACUE CURE.  
CHERRY PECTORAL.  
We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

**The Napanee Express**

**E. J. POLLARD.**  
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged to per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c per line each insertion.

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file of this paper can be seen free of charge at London, to whom advice gratis be given, if required.

## TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

### CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1905, the following will be the Club Rates:

|  |        |
|--|--------|
| THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Montreal Weekly Herald.....        | \$1.00 |
| THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....                  | \$1.50 |
| THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star..... | \$1.65 |
| THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....              | \$1.65 |
| THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....                | \$1.50 |
| THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....                    | \$1.65 |
| Any three of the above papers.....                             | \$2.40 |
| THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....            | \$1.80 |

The new County Council bill does away with the present system, and provides that the council shall be composed of reeves and deputy reeves. Every municipality will have one representative, and where there are more than 1,000 names on the voters' list a deputy reeve, and a deputy reeve for every thousand up to 3,000.

The Toronto News has it that some Ontario officials, displeased with the attitude of the opposition on the salary question, want to get even by re-

### Halifax Chronicle.

If it were possible to introduce a decimal system, founded on our present English units and nomenclature, that might be quite an admissible proposition. But the other—the Franco-Greek gibberish and the Age of Reason unit, the one-ten-millionth of the imagined distance from the equator to the north pole on the meridian of Paris—not any of it for us.

### Bruce Times.

Liberals and Conservatives alike have been greatly incensed over the increased indemnity bill passed by the Dominion Government last session. While the members by supporting the bill have gained financially, yet, we believe, each and everyone of them has lost in popularity. The voice of the people is heard from one end of the Dominion to the other shouting against the measure.

### Montreal Gazette.

Ottawa police insist on the bill posters covering with paper the legs of figures in Highland costume used for theatrical advertising purposes. It must be somewhat painful for ordinary folk to live with people of susceptibilities so fine that the sight of a pair of bare knees gives them a moral shock. Perhaps the M.P.'s in ways not elsewhere appreciated earn that extra indemnity they voted themselves.

### Ottawa Free Press.

A Province without any other bonded debt, with illimitable prospects and great resources, should have at least sold her bonds at par instead of at 96, the figure of the new loan. It was at least important that the first leap of the Province should make a good mark and if this could not be attained it would have been better to delay it until better terms could be arrived at. The injury which has been done the Province is an irreparable one, which will affect the credit of Ontario for the next forty years.

### Windsor Record.

In a few years death has converted a Conservative majority into a Liberal majority the Senate the result is a body whose great majority is subservient to the Commons. No better argument perhaps could be advanced for the abolition of the upper Chamber, as having ceased to perform that function of restraint and regulation which theory assigns it. This condition is inseparable from party politics, and it is difficult to see how it can be mended and retain the Senate, whose usefulness depends on that independence which the constitution cannot confer.

### SUNDAY OBSERVANCE.

Nelson News:—Strictly enforced, this bill will prove an endless source of aggravation and annoyance to the great majority of Canadians, who are law-abiding, and who believe in the proper observance of the day of rest. Petitions are pouring into Parliament against the bill, and it is to be hoped that such pressure will be brought to bear upon the Minister of Justice who has charge of the bill, and upon members on both sides of the House, as will result either in its withdrawal or such thorough emasculating as will render it innocuous.

Catholic Register:—We are glad that the Dominion of Canada will assert itself as a Sunday-observing country. Whatever sacrifice it may place upon the few, it brings rest and relief to the many, and the benediction of the Most High upon the country

# CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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Bears the Signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher*

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not again be covered with hair, so never will I change or conform to your wish!" Maximian ordered a goat's skin to be nailed to Hipparchus' head and then jeeringly claimed that the condition was fulfilled. But Hipparchus remained obdurate and speedily died on the cross.—London Chronicle.

### He Was Absentminded.

The absentminded man is at it again. He had been reading the egg story and decided to try the trick. The first thing to do was to boil the egg. How many minutes? he asked himself, and, going to the stove with the egg in one hand and his watch in the other, he dropped the latter in the hot water. Then, placing the egg on the table, he sat down to read until the time was up. At the end of five or six minutes he was surprised to find the egg lying there before him, but, supposing that he had himself taken it from the kettle and cooled it, he proceeded to crack and peel it. The consequence may be imagined. Finally he missed his watch. The house was searched high and low, and it was not till the following morning that the cook found it in the kettle, where it had been boiling for hours.—Exchange.

### Whales.

Whales, though they are mammals, are fitted to live like fishes in water. The true whales are of two kinds of families—the spermaceti whale, which has teeth in the lower jaw, and the whalebone whale, which has none. Of

## Albert College Belleville, ONT.

Business School founded 1877. Practical and thorough. Five complete courses. Many graduates occupying important places as book-keepers and shorthand reporters.

\$37.00 pays board, room and tuition, electric light, use of gymnasium and baths, all but books laundry, etc., for 10 weeks—longer time at same rate. Special reduction to ministers, or to two or more entering at same time from same place. A specialist in book-keeping, who is also an expert penman, and a specialist in shorthand in constant attendance. The teachers in the literary department also assist in the work. The high character of the College is a guarantee of thoroughness. New Commercial Hall one of the finest in Ontario. Catalogue with specimen of penmanship FREE.

PRINCIPAL DYER, D. D.,  
Belleville, Ont.

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A LOCAL SALESMAN FOR  
NAPANEE.

To sell High Class Nursery Stock in Fruits and Ornamentals. Largest List of New Specialties ever offered.

START NOW AT THE BEST SELLING SEASON. Big inducements, Liberal Pay, Handsome Free Outfit, Territory Reserved.

WRITE FOR TERMS and Catalogue and send 25c for our ALUMINUM POCKET MICROSCOPE (magnifies 4 times) and 50c for our HANDY SAW just the thing for trimming trees (cuts iron as well as wood).

STONE & WELLINGTON,  
Fonthill Nurseries,  
Over 600 acres,  
TORONTO, ONT.

be transformed into vital force and who have died for want of proper



The Toronto News has in it some Ontario officials, displeased with the attitude of the opposition on the salary question, want to get even by revealing former departmental "secrets." Let them. If there is none more serious than the Matheson-Coates story no one will be hurt.

Mr. Preston of South Brant, in the course of his speech on the budget directed attention to the Whitney Government's announced intention to amend the election law so as to authorize the Government to appoint as returning officers other persons than the Sheriffs and Registrars who have for many years acted ex officio in that capacity. The change proposed cannot be too generally or too strongly denounced. A partisan returning officer can favor his own party, and will be expected to do it; responsible county officials, no matter what their political sympathies may be, are under no inducement to deal unfairly by either side. The law as it stands has worked admirably, and nothing short of a sinister purpose can account for the proposal to change it. Against such attempted legislation the Opposition will be justified in making the most strenuous and determined fight possible.

WHAT OTHER PAPERS SAY.

Toronto Mail.  
If a bill can be passed forbidding treating it will only be necessary to pass another measure, prohibiting the lone drink in order to bring on the millennium for which the Dominion Alliance is working.

Toronto Globe.  
Col. Matheson regards Mr. Harcourt's connection with Coates & Co. as suspicious. He is any more suspicious than Col. Matheson's alliance with the men to whom he sold the gold dollars of the Province for 95 cents?

CAUGHT COLD  
ON THE C.P.R.

A. E. Mumford tells how Psychine cured him after the Doctors gave him up

"It is twelve years since Psychine cured me of galloping consumption." The speaker was Mr. A. E. Mumford, six feet tall, and looking just what he is a husky healthy farmer. He works his own farm near Magnetawan, Ont.

"I caught my cold working as a fireman on the C.P.R.," he continued. "I had night sweats, chills and fever and frequently coughed up pieces of my lungs. I was sinking fast and the doctors said there was no hope for me. Two months treatment of Psychine put me right on my feet and I have had no return of lung trouble since."

If Mr. Mumford had started to take Psychine when he first caught cold he would have saved himself a lot of anxiety and suffering. Psychine cures all lung troubles by killing the germs—the roots of the disease.

**PSYCHINE**  
(Pronounced Si-keen)  
**50c. Per Bottle**  
Larger sizes \$1 and \$2—all druggists.  
OR. T. A. SLOCUM, Limited, Toronto.

country. whatever sacrifice it may place upon the few, it brings rest and relief to the many, and the benediction of the Most High upon the country adopting it and the people obeying its reasonable provisions.

\$100 Reward \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dread disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature to do its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.  
Sold by all Druggists.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Problem In Wizardry.

We want to know why persons who believe in wizards, or, at all events, consult wizards, nearly always prefer to believe in men or women who are of a race inferior to their own or in circumstances which prove that their occult powers are of no use to themselves. The rule is not invariable, for there have been great wizards like Paracelsus, Roger Bacon, Michael Scott and Cagliostro, who were acknowledged by those who consulted or feared them to be in all ways their superiors, but it is seldom broken. In all the letters on country superstitions which we have published the "wise" man or woman has always gypsy blood or some peculiarity of appearance marking out him or her unfavorably from their kind. The wizard of India is usually a naked savage, while those who resort to him are civilized beings clothed carefully in muslin. The reverence of the whites for the black obeah man or woman in the West Indies is the subject of countless narratives, especially in the French islands.—London Spectator.

Solid Emery Wheels.

In the production of solid emery wheels the best cement that can be employed is one that binds the emery together with that degree of strength which will resist the centrifugal strain due to the high speed at which emery wheels cut best—about 5,000 feet speed per minute. It must not soften by frictional heat or glaze or burst or become brittle and break with cold, nor must it hold the cutting grains until they are too dull to cut nor release them so readily as to waste away the wheel too fast. It must be capable of being thoroughly mixed evenly with the grain emery, so that the wheel may not have either hard or soft spots and be out of balance, and must also be capable of being tempered to suit different kinds of metal or work. Great care and skill are required in the matter of selecting only pure and strong chemicals for these cements.—Cassier's Magazine.

The Bald Head.

A bald head is a less familiar (and nowadays less true) representative of the unchangeable than the Ethiopian's skin or the leopard's spots, but it was cited in this character with impressive pathos by Hipparchus, one of the seven martyrs of Samosata. After they had been subjected to severe tortures they were at last confronted with seven crosses, and the Emperor Maximian offered them a last chance to recant. But the aged Hipparchus put his hand on his bald head and cried, "As this, according to the order of nature, can-

**CASTORIA.**  
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Pritchett*  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

The true whales are of two kinds of families—the spermaceti whale, which has teeth in the lower jaw, and the whalebone whale, which has none. Of the first named there are two species, the cachalot and the sperm, which when full grown measures from seventy to eighty feet. The capture of this animal is attended with greater danger than that of the whalebone or Greenland whale on account of its formidable teeth.

Crabs Helped In Rabbit Hunt.

On a property where the rabbit shooting was strictly preserved upon the southern coast of England a boy was caught with two dead rabbits in his possession and nothing that would account for their decease. A search of his pocket revealed nothing but two live crabs of small dimensions, the end of a candle and a box of matches. Under promise of release the urchin was persuaded to disclose his method of procedure. First he selected a likely burrow and then stripped off his clothes, putting his coat over one hole, his trousers over another and his shirt over the third. He lit the candle end, dropped a little grease upon the crab's back and stuck the lighted candle thereon and then put the crab at an unoccupied opening. Straightway the frightened torchbearer fled sideways into the darkness and explored the innermost depths, while the boy, expectant as a terrier, awaited events outside. Presently a rabbit bolted into the coat. As it did so that boy was after it like a shot, and boy, rabbit and coat all rolled over together, the boy rising from the fray with the rabbit in his clutches.—Korea News.

Priceless, Yet Costless—Pure Air.

There is no menace to vitality and to the sum and the value of the products of vital energy so continuously imminent, so insidious, so effectively active as are the invisible wastes of the body. The dead by the weapons of the world's battlefields are few compared with those whose lives have been either blighted or prematurely ended because of failure to maintain the body in a correct relation to the atmospheric source of abundant energy waiting to

The Better Way

The tissues of the throat are inflamed and irritated; you cough, and there is more irritation—more coughing. You take a cough mixture and it eases the irritation—for a while. You take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

and it cures the cold. That's what is necessary. It soothes the throat because it reduces the irritation; cures the cold because it drives out the inflammation; builds up the weakened tissues because it nourishes them back to their natural strength. That's how Scott's Emulsion deals with a sore throat, a cough, a cold, or bronchitis.

WE'LL SEND YOU A SAMPLE FREE.  
**SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto, Ont.**

be transformed into vital force and who have died for want of proper breath. He who would live at his best must breathe air at its purest. There is no material necessity to life greater than that of pure air. There is nothing so priceless and yet so costless as air. There is no financial investment which does or can yield so sure and so large returns as money wisely expended for pure air.—Professor S. H. Woodbridge in Good Housekeeping.

Villages That Cut Corks.

Thousands of men, women and children in the mountains of Spain and Portugal are employed in cutting cork. It is a domestic trade, and it occupies whole villages. Agents from the factories and export houses of Seville and Lisbon go through the mountain villages each year buying up the corks in enormous quantities. It is not unusual for an agent to purchase 5,000,000 on one journey. The corks as purchased in the native villages are of all sizes and qualities. They are sorted in the cities and, after being packed, are shipped by the ton. Once here many of them are recut by hand at the rate of twenty gross a day. So fastidious are some bottlers that the cork importers have to keep in their employment several cork cutters to recut such corks as do not suit customers.

Arabs and Portraits.

An artist who found it difficult to get pictures of Arabs in Morocco writes: "I once tried to sketch some Arabs in Algiers. They constantly evaded me, and at last an old Moor, with whom we were on the friendly terms produced by constant bargaining for embroidered rags, spoke to me on the matter like a father, for my good. 'It is not,' he said, 'that any harm will ensue to those whose picture you make. It is you yourself will suffer inconvenience in the next world. Allah will say to you: "Following your own will and pleasure, you have made those figures. I now command you give them souls." And where, my friend, will you be then?"

Woman Was Made From an Elm Stick

In the Scandinavian myth of the origin of woman Odlin, Vill and Ve, the three sons of Bor, were walking along the sea beach when they found two sticks of wood, one of ash and one of elm. Odlin and his brothers were gods, of course, but the sight of the stick caused them to wish that they could carve other gods from the inanimate wood. They forthwith set about the task, with the result that they made a living man out of the ash stick and a female, being in godlike form, equally as lively as the man, out of the elm billet.

Injurious to the Memory.

Besides inattentive reading there are other things injurious to memory. One is the habit of skimming over newspapers, all in a confused jumble, never to be thought of again, thus diligently cultivating a habit of careless reading hard to break, says Home Chat. Another is the reading of trashy novels. Nothing is so fatal to reading with profit as the habit of running through story after story and forgetting them as soon as read.

Suspicious Directors.

"Our cashier seems to be a frugal chap."  
"How so?"  
"Always brings his lunch with him and eats it at his desk."  
"Hum. That may be frugality and it may be fear of leaving his books. Better have him investigated at once."  
—Philadelphia Bulletin.



## The Romance of a Slipper

By Virginia Leila Wents

Copyright, 1906, by E. C. Parcells

When Miss Graham had finished her letter and laid her pen down, she sauntered indolently to the small window and looked across at the pine woods. It was one of those country windows to open which demands strength which is as the strength of ten and which, when opened, refuse to be closed again save with the archaic force of a battering ram.

"Even though I do live in a Harlem flat," pondered Kitty Graham, "I've been accustomed to windows that remained up without any visible means of support. Since I've come to the Berkshires I've learned better. Seems to me that one volume of Thackeray doesn't keep the window up high enough." She gazed searchingly about the room. "I reckon one of my high heeled slippers will about do it," and she inserted that bit of personal property with no mean skill, so that the heel raised the sash two or three inches higher.

"That isn't much," she concluded, a trifle warm with the exertion, "but it's something. And how delicious that pine fragrance is!" She bent her pretty head so that her little nose drew in long breaths of the sweet air. Then, picking up her letter, she went downstairs.

"Mrs. Barnes," came Miss Graham's silvery voice from the hall, "shall I leave my letter here on the table? Or is it too late for the butcher?"

"Sakes alive! Yes. He was here 'fore you was up," returned Mrs. Barnes cheerfully from her rocking chair on the front piazza. "But maybe there'll be somebody along presently on the way to North Adams. You might stick it in the railing in case anybody does come," she added.

Kitty sauntered to the fence and leaned over the railing. But no one was in sight.

"Suppose I walk over to North Adams myself," suggested she. "Is it far?" She tapped the belated envelope against her small white teeth.

"Land, yes, child! It's—"

The gate of the "other house" creaked as it was pulled open. They could always hear that gate creak. Mrs. Barnes stopped rocking and looked up the road.

"Here comes Professor Thornton," she said placidly. "But, of course, we couldn't ask him."

"H'm!" murmured Kitty absently. "Why not?"

The professor was a tall, aristocratic looking man of middle age. As he approached, followed by a handsome collier, Kitten went to the gate and held out her letter with a frank, winning smile.

"If you're going to the village would you mind mailing this for me?" said she gravely. "I should be very much obliged."

Mrs. Barnes from the rocker on the piazza looked at the girl with mild reproach, but met no glance of apology. Kitty's wide gray eyes were following Professor Thornton's aristocratic figure down the road and evolving some questions. She turned abruptly.

"Who is he? Why did you hesitate about asking him? Don't you think

ed the small and active insects which went pottering about the needles and moss of soft earth.

"Oh, it's delicious and restful—so restful!" sighed she, stretching her arms above her head.

That night, instead of lighting her bedroom candle, she went to the window through whose uncurtained frame the moonlight poured in. It was still upheld by the volume of Thackeray and by the high heeled slipper. The October night air was quite chilly; there was too much of it. Kitty thought, while she was getting ready for bed, she'd close it from below and profit afterward.

So, staying the sash with her right shoulder, she tried to extricate the slipper and the book, but, alas, the slipper eluded her and tumbled heel first into the path below.

Kitty's first thought was to run and fetch it back, but she was utterly sleepy. "Oh, pshaw!" yawned she. "What's the use? I'll get it in the morning. It isn't going to rain; the sky's cram full of stars."

The next morning, very early, Prince, the big collie, came running in to his master, waving his tail excitedly, and dropped something at his feet. Then, flopping his tawny length upon the hearth rug, he eyed him expectantly.

Professor Thornton looked at the thing which Prince had deposited at his feet without touching it.

It was a slipper, he saw now, but how incredibly tiny it looked on his expanse of floor, how helpless and lost! He picked it up a bit gingerly. Why, it was absurdly tiny. What queer little feet women must have! He set the slipper upright on his big brown hand—an airy suede bridge across his broad palm.

He'd seen things like this—hadn't he?—on blocks in shop windows. No, not precisely like this, either, for this had little curves—a dozen of them—of individuality. Pretty little thing, but what nonsense for a shoe!

He hesitated a second, then softly opened the top right hand drawer of his desk. "Maybe some one will call for it," thought he. "Then I'll be sure to know where it is."

He thought of this drawer several times during the day, but did not open it. It was queer no one missed it. That night, however, he set the tiny thing up on his big blue blotter. It shone under the student lamp in shimmering daintiness, so soft, so smooth, with such curves! Why, it looked almost warm.

The professor leaned back in his revolving chair and looked around his room, dim save for the desk's circling light. The room seemed empty in spite of its furnishings—great cases of books, rugs, antlers, a favorite gun and a generous pipe rack, and in the midst of a circle of light a lonely man and a suede slipper.

Yes, the professor felt lonely. He picked up the slipper, turning it over and over. Suddenly he cried:

"Why, there's K. G. just as plain, right on the lining, in silver letters!" Prince sniffed at this illuminating discovery.

Next day as the professor was passing Mrs. Barnes' place he saw a dainty little figure in white at the gate. She raised her lovely tired eyes in recognition.

"Would you mind inquiring for my mail?" she asked. Both her manner and her words were of a disarming simplicity. "Miss Graham is my name—Kitty Graham."

"Miss Graham—Kitty Graham," repeated he gravely, with a courtly bow. Then he stopped short and regarded the girl with absorption, a wonder

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## ARE YOU A PRISONER?



THOUSANDS of men are prisoners of disease as securely as though they were confined behind the bars. Many have forged their own chains by the vices of early youth, exposure to contagious disease, or the excesses of manhood. They feel they are not the men they ought to be or used to be. The vim, vigor, and vitality of manhood are lacking. Are you nervous and despondent? tired in the morning? have you to force yourself through the day's work? have you little ambition and energy? are you irritable and excitable? eyes sunken, depressed and haggard looking? memory poor and brain fogged? have you weak back with dreams and losses at night? deposit in urine? weak sexually?—you have

**Nervous Debility and Seminal Weakness.**

Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT is guaranteed to Cure or No Pay. 25 years in Detroit. Bank Security. Beware of quacks—Consult old established, reliable physicians. Consultation Free. Books Free. Write for Question Blank for Home Treatment.

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## WHY CAN'T I EAT LIKE OTHER MEN DO?

WHY?—BECAUSE YOU'RE A SLAVE TO DYSPEPSIA—INDIGESTION—OR OTHER STOMACH DERANGEMENTS THAT ONLY CAN BE REACHED AND CURED BY SUCH A TRIED AND TRUE REMEDY AS

## Dr. Von Stan's Pine-apple Tablets

RELIEF IN ONE DAY

Ask half the men or women who have stomach troubles, why it is so and they will tell you that they have to live in such a constant hurry that they have no time to keep well,—if the great army of stomach troubled people would take Dr. Von Stan's Pine-apple Tablets as a traveling companion, from a health stand point, life would be all sunshine,—they are a veritable vest pocket doctor,—they act directly on the digestive organs,—a pure fruit pepsin that is pleasant to take,—powerful in the work it does,—but as harmless as milk,—helps all the stomach distresses immediately and will give good relief to the most acute cases in one day.—You go about your business,—eat hearty meals,—take all the pleasures as they come, and as you do so the Doctor plays his part and works permanent cures.

35 cents a box at all Druggists and Medicine Dealers.

DR. AGNEW'S HEART CURE GIVES RELIEF IN 30 MINUTES

questions. She turned abruptly. "Who is he? Why did you hesitate about asking him? Don't you think he'll mail it all right? It's to mother, and it's very important, and you don't think he'll drop it, do you?"

And what Mrs. Barnes thereupon told her was in substance if not in words something like this:

He was Professor Hamilton Thornton of New York city, serving as his mistress star eyed science. But of Woman (with a capital W) and her Ways (another capital W) he was totally ignorant. The icest of iced water was warm, so rumor had it, to the look he bestowed upon women.

"And how ever you braced up spunk enough to ask him to mail that letter," concluded Mrs. Barnes, rocking way back, "I don't know."

"Ho! Hum!" yawned Kitty. "Well, the woods for mine." And with a nod of farewell she passed out of the gate.

Over the slippery needles she went till she reached a tall tree whose shaft went straight up, not bothering itself with branches for thirty feet. Here she threw herself down and leaned back in the embracing roots, pitying the people in towns and heaving a sigh of satisfaction.

"If only dear mother could be with me, though," said she mentally, "but of course it's impossible. Oh, this poverty stricken workaday world!" She couldn't help thinking of the pretty little estate in Virginia which yielded nothing and of the subsequent hardship which she and her frail, delicate mother were enduring.

"Well, the doctor said if I'd stop fretting and would try to enjoy every moment of my month here in these fragrant hills I'd be all right for my winter work, so I'm only going to think of pleasure and—bracing things." And while the resinous bark gave forth its spicy smell, reclining against the roots of the pine tree, she lazily watch-

## DIED SUDDENLY

### OF HEART DISEASE.

How frequently does a head line similar to the above greet us in the newspapers. The rush, push and strenuousness of the American people has a strong tendency to lead up to valvular and other affections of the heart, attended by irregular action, palpitation, dizziness, smothered sensations and other distressing symptoms.

Three of the prominent ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is made are recommended by some of the leading writers on *Materia Medica* for the cure of such cases. Golden Seal root, for instance, is said by the UNITED STATES DISPENSATORY, a standard authority, "to impart tone and increased power to the heart's action." Numerous other leading authorities represent Golden Seal as an unsurpassed tonic for the muscular system in general, and as the heart is almost wholly composed of muscular tissue, it naturally follows that it must be greatly strengthened by this superb, general tonic. But probably the most important ingredient of "Golden Medical Discovery," so far as its marvelous cures of valvular and other affections of the heart are concerned, is Stone root, or *Collinsonia Can.*, Prof. Wm. Paine, author of Paine's Epitomy of Medicine, says of it:

"I, not long since, had a patient who was so much oppressed with valvular disease of the heart that his friends were obliged to carry him up-stairs. He, however, gradually recovered under the influence of Collinsonia (medicinal principle extracted from Stone root), and is now attending to his business. Heretofore physicians knew of no remedy for the removal of so distressing and so dangerous a malady. With them it was all guess-work, and it fearfully warned the afflicted that death was near at hand. Collinsonia, under such circumstances, affords relief in such cases, and in most instances effects a cure."

Stone root is also recommended by Drs. Hale and Ellingwood, of Chicago, for valvular and other diseases of the heart. The latter says: "It is a heart tonic of direct and permanent influence."

"Golden Medical Discovery," not only cures serious heart affections, but is a most efficient general tonic and invigorator, strengthening the stomach, invigorating the liver, regulating the bowels and curing catarrhal affections in all parts of the system.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure Constipation.

peated he gravely, with a country bow. Then he stopped short and regarded the girl with absorption, a wonder growing in his eyes. "Miss Graham," said he, "do you ever wear slippers?" "What a question to ask a girl!" laughed Kitty some weeks later. "And what an amusing way to begin a courtship!"

### Burma and Buddhism.

Burma is a country dominated by an idea, or, rather, a set of ideas, which owe their origin to the influence of Buddhism. The Burman holds the view that this life is a sorry thing at the best and that the wisest course is, therefore, to get through it with as little care, worry and anxiety as possible. The world is nevertheless at the same time full of good things, which all can enjoy. Therefore why toil for wealth, which brings only a burden of care in its train? Why strain every nerve when possession means the anxiety to hold and preserve. The bounteous earth supplies rice for the needs of all her children, and while there are love and laughter and gaiety to solace us, while leisure can be secured and peace maintained, let us enjoy and be happy. Here we strike the keynote of the life of the Burmans. Strangers call them lazy, but they are not idle except on principle. They can work splendidly when they choose, but they have long ago decided that to turn the world into a workshop, to toil incessantly for a mere subsistence or in order to gather up riches, is folly, as doing so destroys the pleasure of existence. As soon as a farmer has made a little money by selling his crop he gives a play, or pwee, to his town or village.—*Cornhill Magazine.*

### A Spanish Custom.

No one exactly knows the origin of the time honored prerogative enjoyed by the natives of the Spanish village of Espinosa, who for centuries have possessed the curious monopoly of watching over the slumbers of the ruler of Spain. Every night at 11 o'clock the gates of the royal palace at Madrid are ceremoniously closed by a gorgeously appareled functionary armed with an ancient lantern and a huge bundle of keys and escorted by servants, officers and soldiers, and from that time forth until 6 o'clock in the morning, when the gates are opened again with similar ceremony, the guardianship of the interior of the royal dwelling is confided to what are known as the monteras de Espinosa. Each one of them is a pensioned lieutenant or captain of the army, and while two are stationed in the antechamber of the sleeping apartment of each member of the royal family, remaining throughout the night, not sitting, but standing, leaning on their halberds, the others patrol the corridors of the palace, two by two, until the morning, crossing each other at every point, never sitting down and never uttering a single word.

### Nicotiana Affinis.

*Nicotiana affinis*, the border flower, which opens about 6 o'clock and gives a powerful and pleasant fragrance during the night, takes its name from the botanical term for the tobacco plant, *nicotiana*, which was named in honor of John Nicot of Nismes, ambassador from the king of France to Portugal, who procured the first seeds from a Dutchman, who had them from Florida.

### His Plans.

"Did the architect carry out your plans?"

"Guess he must have. I haven't been able to find any of them about the house."

35 cents a box at all Druggists and Medicine dealers.  
**DR. AGNEW'S HEART CURE GIVES RELIEF IN 30 MINUTES**  
**DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER gives relief in 10 minutes**

Sold by **F. L. Hooper.**

# Removed the Growth.

DOUGLAS & CO., NAPANEE, ONT.

DEAR SIR,—During year 1890-91 I was troubled with a large lump growing on the right side of my neck near the ear. Had consulted several physicians and used everything I could hear of, all to no use. Was told to use

## Douglas' Egyptian Liniment.

I did, and before I had used half a twenty-five cent bottle was permanently cured. Since then I have used it for everything where outward application is required; am yet to learn of anything in reason that I cannot cure with it. No man has any idea of its value until he has used it; would not be without it under any circumstance

Respectfully yours,

NATHANIEL W. REID.

Enterprise P. O.



## FROST LOCKS

Make a Fence of Strength

The heaviest, strongest wires made can't make a strong fence unless the locks are as strong as the wires. A fence, like a chain, is only as strong as its weakest spot. The New Frost Lock and Frost Wedge Lock are the most unyielding parts of a Frost Fence. They make the whole fence as strong as the strongest wire.



We guarantee to repair—free of charge—any Frost Fence that goes wrong



F. G. YOUNG, - Sandhurst  
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WALTER RUSSELL, - Selby  
FRED. PERRY, - Chambers

# S. BOND & CO., ODESSA.

TO THE PUBLIC—

Our Spring Goods have now arrived and we are able to show exceptional values and patterns in Crum's Prints, Sateen Prints, Dress Ducks, Organdies, Priestley's Lustres, and Silks.

We have a full supply of Groceries, Flour, and Feed, Patent Medicines, Boots and Shoes, and Hardware, in fact everything kept by a general store.

We are able to compete with any general store in the province!

We pay Highest Price for all Farm Produce.

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# Make Over Your Hair

Make it new again! Get rid of that old, faded color! Arrest old age! Restore freshness, strength, youth to your gray hair! Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer will do all this. Sold for over half a century. For the whiskers and moustache we make BUCKINGHAM'S DYE. It colors a rich brown or a soft black. R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

# DR. HENNEQUIN'S INFANT TABLETS

"Please hurry along Hennequin's Infant Tablets, as we cannot get along without them." M. E. PARKS, Keene, Ont.

"I believe Hennequin's Infant Tablets to be the best medicine for babies teething and troubled with worms. They should be tried by all mothers. They are just lovely." MRS. GEO. A. SMITH, Hayworth, Quebec.

"After 14 years' experience in treating infantile ailments in our home, we have found Hennequin's Infant Tablets superior to any other remedy we have tried." W. C. WEIR, Pastor Baptist Church, Carleton Place.

They solve the problem, and were used produce healthy children, placing them in a condition of attaining the highest conception of perfect manhood and womanhood. Hennequin's Infant Tablets are based on scientific facts, and is the only Dr. Hennequin preparation offered to the public. Positively no drug taste—perfectly safe. The genuine Tablet is stamped with the letter "H." Beware of imitations. Price 25c per package, 5 packages for \$1—postpaid to any address. Send us \$1 for 5 boxes and if, after using part or all of one box, you wish your dollar back, you can have it by mailing us the remaining four boxes. We cannot be responsible for money unless sent by P. O. Order, Money Order, or Registered Letter. DOUGLAS & CO., Napanee, Ont., Can. Wholesale Agents for Canada.

## Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE. No. 28 Taking effect Jan 1st, 1906.

| Napanee and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto |       |       |       |       |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Stations                                      | Miles | No. 1 | No. 2 | No. 3 |
| Napanee                                       | 0     | A.M.  | P.M.  | P.M.  |
| Tamworth                                      | 10    | 6:15  | 1:40  | 4:55  |
| Deseronto                                     | 20    | 6:45  | 2:10  | 5:25  |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 6:50  | 2:15  | 5:30  |
| Ar. Tamworth                                  | 10    | 7:00  | 2:25  | 5:40  |
| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 7:10  | 2:35  | 5:50  |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 7:40  | 3:05  | 6:20  |
| Ar. Tamworth                                  | 10    | 7:50  | 3:15  | 6:30  |
| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 8:00  | 3:25  | 6:40  |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 8:30  | 3:55  | 6:70  |
| Ar. Tamworth                                  | 10    | 8:40  | 4:05  | 6:80  |
| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 8:50  | 4:15  | 6:90  |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 9:20  | 4:45  | 7:20  |
| Ar. Tamworth                                  | 10    | 9:30  | 4:55  | 7:30  |
| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 9:40  | 5:05  | 7:40  |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 10:10 | 5:35  | 7:70  |
| Ar. Tamworth                                  | 10    | 10:20 | 5:45  | 7:80  |
| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 10:30 | 5:55  | 7:90  |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 11:00 | 6:25  | 8:20  |
| Ar. Tamworth                                  | 10    | 11:10 | 6:35  | 8:30  |
| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 11:20 | 6:45  | 8:40  |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 11:50 | 7:15  | 9:10  |
| Ar. Tamworth                                  | 10    | 12:00 | 7:25  | 9:20  |
| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 12:10 | 7:35  | 9:30  |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 12:40 | 8:05  | 10:00 |
| Ar. Tamworth                                  | 10    | 12:50 | 8:15  | 10:10 |
| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 1:00  | 8:25  | 10:20 |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 1:30  | 8:55  | 10:50 |
| Ar. Tamworth                                  | 10    | 1:40  | 9:05  | 11:00 |
| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 1:50  | 9:15  | 11:10 |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 2:20  | 9:45  | 11:40 |
| Ar. Tamworth                                  | 10    | 2:30  | 9:55  | 11:50 |
| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 2:40  | 10:05 | 12:00 |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 3:10  | 10:35 | 12:30 |
| Ar. Tamworth                                  | 10    | 3:20  | 10:45 | 12:40 |
| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 3:30  | 10:55 | 12:50 |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 4:00  | 11:25 | 1:20  |
| Ar. Tamworth                                  | 10    | 4:10  | 11:35 | 1:30  |
| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 4:20  | 11:45 | 1:40  |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 4:50  | 12:15 | 1:70  |
| Ar. Tamworth                                  | 10    | 5:00  | 12:25 | 1:80  |
| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 5:10  | 12:35 | 1:90  |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 5:40  | 1:05  | 2:20  |
| Ar. Tamworth                                  | 10    | 5:50  | 1:15  | 2:30  |
| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 6:00  | 1:25  | 2:40  |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 6:30  | 1:55  | 2:70  |
| Ar. Tamworth                                  | 10    | 6:40  | 2:05  | 2:80  |
| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 6:50  | 2:15  | 2:90  |
| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 7:20  | 2:45  | 3:20  |
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| Ar. Napanee                                   | 0     | 7:40  | 3:05  | 3:40  |
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| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 1:10  | 8:35  | 6:70  |
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| Ar. Deseronto                                 | 20    | 2:50  | 10:15 | 7:70  |
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CENTREVILLE.

Mrs. McGill and Connors are doing a good business in Dry Goods line. Mr. John Clancy's teams are drawing sand to Enterprise. The road in this vicinity are in a horrible state a new council seems to be necessary to deal with the matter. Mr. Samuel Long has moved to Mr. Wm. McGill farm. We are supposed to have good boys around Centreville since Rev. Mr. Scott is holding revival meetings. Centreville lack now a new inspector to look after the hotels so that married men will go home in reasonable hours. Mr. Chas. Whiton has rented his farm to Mr. John Dunn for five years. Mr. Geo. McFarlan is still under the doctor's care, with not much improvements. There is some talk of changing the mail carrier though our present carrier is all that could be desired.

Paints, Oils and Glass, Ready Mixed Paints, White Lead and Colors, Elephant Brand.

MADOLE & WILSON.

HARROWSMITH.

On March the 29th a very pretty wedding took place at Mr. A. Hughes' of this place when his daughter Myrtle was united in marriage to Mr. Percy Shibley, of Wilton. The bride looked charming in a beautiful dress of grey silk and carried a bouquet of carnations. Miss Gracie Hughes, sister of the bride acted as bridesmaid, while John Henderson did duty as groomsman. Only the immediate relatives of the bride and groom were present. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Service, Methodist minister of this place. The groom's present to the bride was a gold locket and chain and to the bridesmaid a pearl pin, and to the groomsman a gold chain and charm. After the ceremony was performed the bridal party sat down to a very sumptuous repast. The bride was the recipient of some beautiful presents. The happy couple took the train going north for Montreal and other places. We all join in wishing them much happiness in their future home.

NEWBURGH.

Lenten services were held in St John's Church last week. Born on Saturday March 24th to Mr. and Mrs. John R. Sharpe, a daughter. Master Ernie Finn is seriously ill with cerebro-meningitis. The book committee of the public library selected the books to be purchased, and the new volumes will soon be placed on the library's shelves. It is hoped our citizens will rally to the support of this institution. C. H. Finkle shipped a cushioned-tire run-about to Dr. H. E. Paul, Fort William, last week. Harold Fairbairn is taking an engineering course in Montreal. Simon Fitzmartin is laid up with a sprained ankle. Miss Eda Grant is visiting her aunt, Mrs. D. E. Rose Tamworth. Mr. Ryan shipped his safe to Galt to have a new door put on. Mrs. Shorey spent a few days last week with her son, J. E. Shorey, Caniffon. Rev. J. P. Mears is conducting special services at Strathcona. Miss Anna Sutton and Miss Marion Sutton spent Tuesday with Mrs. D. A. Vallean, Nanaimo. A cement floor is being placed in the cheese factory. Mr. Robinson, employed in Finkle's carriage work, received the sad intelligence on Wednesday of the death of his sister Mrs. John Walker in Caniffon.

# HOW TWO BEAUTIFUL WOMEN ESCAPED PELVIC CATARRH BY AID OF PE-RU-NA.

## Female Weakness Is Usually Pelvic Catarrh. Pe-ru-na Cures Catarrh Wherever Located.



MRS. MABLE BRADFORD

Mrs. Mable Bradford, 13 Church street, Burlington, Vt., Secretary Whittier Oratorio Society, writes: "Peruna is certainly a wonderful medicine for the ills of women. I have heard it spoken of in the highest praise by many, and certainly my experience is well worthy of a good word. "I began to have severe pains across my back about a year ago, brought on by a cold, and each subsequent month brought me pain and distress. "Your remedy was prescribed, and the way it acted upon my system was almost too good to be true. I certainly have regained my health and strength, and I no longer suffer periodical pains and extreme lassitude."—Mable Bradford.

**Thousands of Women Cured Every Year by Correspondence—This Is What Dr. Hartman Proposes to Do For You Without Charge.**

Women who suffer should read the evidences presented here. We have thousands of letters from grateful friends who tell the same story. Half the ills that are peculiarly woman's own are of a catarrhal character. Female weakness was not understood for many years. Dr. Hartman deserves the credit of having determined its real character. He has made catarrh and catarrhal

### A MOHAMMEDAN FUNERAL.

Ceremonies With Which a Body Is Consigned to the Grave.

When the life of a Mohammedan is ebbing away a distinguished reader of the Koran is summoned to recite aloud its chapter on the resurrection, so that the spirit of the person, on hearing it, may have an easy death. The Mohammedan believes that the vital principles of the whole system are concentrated in the head, when death is the result. The watchers at the bedside also read some passages, and then a drink of short is given to the pa-

usual demands, looked puzzled. Made Krudner would smile graciously and pity them for their ignorance of the new novel, thus turning them all into eager readers of "Valerie." Then, laden with purchases, she would drive off to another shop, pretending to search for that which existed only in her imagination. Thanks to these maneuvers, she succeeded in exciting such ardent competition in honor of her heroine that for a week at least the shops sold everything "a la Valerie." Her own friends, the innocent accomplices in her stratagem, also visit-

Mrs. Lizzie Redding, 3134 B Clifton Place, St. Louis, Mo., writes:

"I found after trying many different medicines to restore me to health, that Peruna was the only thing which could be depended upon. I began taking it when I was in a decline, induced by female weakness and overwrought nerves. "I began to feel stronger during the first week I took Peruna and my health improved daily until now I am in perfect health and enjoy life as I never did before."—Lizzie Redding.



MRS. LIZZIE REDDING

diseases, including pelvic catarrh a life long study.

Peruna cures catarrh, whether of the pelvic organs or any other organ of the human body.

**Pe-ru-na, a Natural Beautifier.**

Peruna produces clean, mucous membranes, the basis of facial symmetry and a perfect complexion.

The women have not been slow to discover that a course of Peruna will do more toward restoring youthful beauty than all the devices known to science.

Many a girl has regained her faded beauty, many a matron has lengthened the days of her comely appearance by using Peruna.

In Peruna these women find a prompt and permanent cure.

Thousands of testimonials to this effect are received by Dr. Hartman every year. The good that Peruna has accomplished in this class of cases can scarcely be over-estimated.

If you do not derive a simple and satisfactory result from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, give a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you a special remedy.

Address: Dr. Hartman, President of The American Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio. All correspondence held subject to publication.

Milan, and one day in the year 1854 his neighbors found him lying dead among a confused heap of Cremonas. The old man had amassed a collection of some 250 instruments, the result of a thirty years' "hunt," and, although he had started life a penniless carpenter, he died worth about £12,000.—Cornhill.

### Arctic Mosquitoes.

The presence of mosquitoes in myriads within the bare, uninhabited arctic circle is surely in some degree a mystery. The mosquito is a blood-sucker, but in these unvisited plains he is for the most part, and of strict

cheese factory.

Mr. Robinson, employed in Pinkie's carriage work, received the sad intelligence on Wednesday of the death of his sister Mrs. John Walker in Cannifton.

**A Sure Sign.**

The honeymoon may very properly be said to be over when the wife suggests to her husband that he'd better have his trousers pressed by a tailor.—Detroit Free Press.

**In Methuselah's Time.**

Kind Old Lady—What ails the baby? He looks healthy, I'm sure. The Nurse—Oh, he is, the little dear! But he's peevish today on account of cutting his whiskers.

A small teaspoonful of powdered gum arabic, with the same amount of glycerin, stirred into a tumblerful of cold water and drunk slowly, will often work wonders in quenching thirst.

# ED NURSE

ice, Advises Women in  
their Health.



nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles.

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement.

The needless suffering of women from diseases peculiar to their sex is terrible to see. The money which they pay to doctors who do not help them is an enormous waste. The pain is cured and the money is saved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

It is well for women who are ill to write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., The present Mrs. Pinkham is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, her assistant for many years before her decease, and for twenty-five years since her advice has been freely given to sick women. In her great experience, which covers many years, she has probably had to deal with dozens of cases just like yours. Her advice is strictly confidential.

**Sound Succeeds where Others Fail.**

hammedan believes that the vital principles of the whole system are concentrated in the head, when death is the result. The watchers at the bedside also read some passages, and then a drink of sherbet is given to the patient to lessen the pangs of death. As soon as the spark of life has fled, the two great toes are tied together with a thin strip of cloth, the mouth is closed, and incense is burned near the body.

The internment follows a few hours after death. The "washers" are men and women who wash and shroud the body and dig a hole in the earth to hold the water, so that it cannot spread very much, as it is considered unlucky to tread on this water. The washing is a great ceremony, and when finished the body is shrouded with even more ceremony. If there is a widow of the deceased, she returns the dowry her husband had given her. If the deceased's mother is present, she says, "The milk with which I suckled thee I freely bestow upon thee." Thus she resigns the debt of the deceased to her. When flowers have been placed on the body it is carried to the grave on a bier or, if the relatives can afford it, in a coffin. At the grave four creeds are recited, and the body, with the head to the north and the face looking toward Mecca, is laid on its back in its tomb. The grave is about seven feet long for both sexes, but the depth for a man is measured by the distance between his feet and chest; for a woman, between her feet and waist. If the body is too long for the grave, it is believed that the deceased must have been a great sinner.

Before the body is covered the Mohammedan takes a little earth and, throwing it into the grave, says, "We created you of earth, and we return you to the earth, and we shall raise you out of the earth on the day of resurrection." Then a mound is built to keep the earth in the grave from eroding the body, and water is sprinkled on it in three lines. Special prayers for the safe voyage of the deceased are offered after the burial. As in the case of a Hindoo funeral, the poor are not forgotten, both remembering the needy by distributing money, salt, rice and wheat among them after the funeral.

**ADVERTISING A BOOK.**

How the Author of "Valerie" Captured Parisians Long Ago.

We had some notes a little while ago on the methods which some authors have adopted for the advertisement of their books. A correspondent sends us an example of this sort of thing, which is the better worth quoting because we have never seen it quoted in this connection before. It is taken from a life of Mme. de Krudner, whose novel "Valerie" appeared shortly after Mme. de Staël's "Delphine." "You know quite well," the author wrote to a friend, "that neither talent nor genius nor the excellence of one's intentions is sufficient to insure a success. Everything demands some charlatanism." And the biographer proceeds to tell us how she translated her doctrine into action.

During several days, he writes, she made the round of the fashionable shops incognito, asking sometimes for shawls, sometimes for hats, feathers, wreaths or ribbons, all "à la Valerie." When they saw this beautiful and elegant stranger step out of her carriage with an air of assurance and ask for fancy articles which she invented on the spur of the moment the shopkeepers were seized with a polite desire to satisfy her by any means in their power. Moreover, the lady would soon pretend to recognize the article she had asked for. And if the unfortunate shopgirls, taken aback by such un-

hivers, she succeeded in exciting such ardent competition in honor of her heroine that for a week at least the shops sold everything "à la Valerie." Her own friends, the innocent accomplices in her stratagem, also visited shops on her recommendation, thus carrying the fame of her book through the Faubourg Saint-Germain and the Chaussee d'Antin.—London Academy.

## HUNTING VIOLINS.

**Tariso Was Found Dead Surrounded by Valuable Instruments.**

Violin makers now and again come upon pieces of wood of phenomenal resonance and beauty, and when they do we may be sure they give special care to the making and finishing of the instrument formed of the wood. Stradivarius, at any rate, did. In 1716 he had a piece of luck in this particular, and his luck went into an instrument with which he fell so much in love that he absolutely refused to sell it or allow it to be played upon by any hands but his own. He kept it locked up, and when he died at the advanced age of ninety-three he bequeathed it to his sons. By and by an enthusiastic collector named Salabue got on the scent of this instrument, and about the year 1760 he acquired it—at what figure is not known—from one of the great man's sons.

Salabue cherished it until his death, about 1827, and then a strange character appears on the scene as purchaser. This was an eccentric old fellow named Luigi Tariso, who, abandoning his trade as carpenter, had started collecting old violins and was now searching in every nook and corner of Italy for the treasures of Cremona. He could neither read nor write, this enthusiastic collector, but he could tell a valuable fiddle the moment he saw it, and he estimated the worth of the Salabue "Strad" so well that after he had acquired it he kept it to himself with all the loving care that its maker had already shown for it. Tariso lived entirely alone in a wretched garret in

The presence of mosquitoes in myriads within the bare, uninhabited arctic circle is surely in some degree a mystery. The mosquito is a blood-sucker, but in these unvisited plains he is for the most part, and of strict necessity, a vegetarian. A few birds excepted (and the birds are furnished with impervious feathers), there is no local life whatever. The Lapp in summer drives his reindeer to the sea, and no native crosses the field if he can help it. Yet in this region, "seemingly the most unsuitable for its effective working," the mosquito flourishes, "a primeval and enduring curse, inexplicably developed to its utmost."—London Chronicle.

## Land of Surprises.

New Zealand is not exactly contiguous to or a part of Australia, as many seem to imagine, there being a slight difference of some 1,700 miles between them. Things go by contraries in the "land of the kangaroo." The farther north you travel the hotter it is—125 degrees in the shade in Queensland. Lignum vitae, which sinks in other waters, floats in Australian wafers. The Christmas dinner is eaten in Melbourne and Sydney when it is over 100 degrees in the shade.

## What You Do.

Where you are is of no moment, but only what you are doing there. It is not the place that ennobles you, but you the place, and this is only by doing that which is noble.—Home Notes.

## The Most Popular Tree.

Ryer—Ever study forestry, De Voe? De Voe—Yes, I'm working on my family tree now.—Brooklyn Life.

## Fancy Dishes Given Away.

If you buy your groceries from us, We give coupons on dishes free. Call and see them at GREY LION GROCERY.

## CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

## "Let the GOLD DUST TWINS do your work"



## "Your Servants, Madam!"

The Gold Dust Twins are always ready to work; they are certainly artists in the cleaning line. There's nothing cleanable which

## Gold Dust Washing Powder

will not clean—and do it better, more quickly and more economically than anything else can. You are not serving your best interests if you're trying to keep house without GOLD DUST.

OTHER GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST | Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning wood-work, oil cloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brass work, cleansing bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Montreal, P. Q.—Makers of FAIRY SOAP.

**GOLD DUST makes hard water soft**



# DON'T WORRY OVER DOCTRINES

Find That Which Is Good, That Which Is Worth Holding Fast.

Prove all things; hold fast that which is good.—1. Thess. v., 21.

He who does not doubt is damned. Intellectually and morally nothing is possessed until it is put to the proof. If you do not test things for yourself they will be tested for you by adversity and necessity. There is no virtue in taking things for granted. There is a greater reason for putting the things of religion to the test since it is to take the supreme place in the life.

Doubt is not disbelief; it is not rejection without examination. Neither should it be the habitual dwelling in a fog of uncertainty. It is inquiry and examination; it is the mental process through which all things must pass; it is a road that leads to faith. It is the attitude of mind that says: "I have been endowed with reasoning powers; it were an irreligious act to refuse to use them on all things."

The man who is too indolent to investigate, too impoverished of intellect to examine doctrines and philosophies, to appreciate truth and eradicate error—that man finds it easy and convenient to exercise his credulity and call it faith. To him it is a reprehensible thing to unsettle established beliefs, for it means that they must be carefully reconstructed and this involves

## UNNECESSARY LABOR.

If he wants peace a man would better steal a kingdom than breathe one word against the petrified formulas of the fathers. No offence can be greater than that of disturbing them and causing them to do their thinking all over again. To them their creed is a key to unlock the gate of heaven; to change its shape in the minutest degree would be to destroy its usefulness, and even to inquire whether there might not be another key is to manifest the depravity of one who would enter in as a burglar.

All discoverers have been doubters. They have refused to accept the last word of the stay-at-homes as to what might be abroad. Their doubt led to faith, a faith so strong and sublime that it compelled them to leave ease and face hardship, to forsake friends and face

loneliness and hatred. Often the bravest of all men is he who confronts ancient opinion with the sword of an interrogation.

The only doubts we need to dread are those of the professional doubter, the man who seeks darkness rather than light, or the man who delights in erecting intellectual stumbling blocks that he may show how easily he vaults them. Sometimes it would seem as though the religious world were divided into two parties—those who hope for salvation by blindly believing everything and those who seek fame by blatantly denying all things.

But between the two there is the course of the sane man who uses the reasoning power he has, who doubts all things only that he may prove them, that good may be thrashed

## FROM BAD AND WORTHLESS.

To him doubt is a path and not a terminus, a method and not a product; he comes at last, through the testing of doubt, to certainty, to faith founded on facts.

The wise man leaves many perplexing problems to themselves. There are difficulties not worth the solving, mere matters of idle speculation, becoming diminutive beside real duties. There are difficulties which, when laid away, like a tangled skein, seem to unravel themselves. Problems of history and of speculation come to have little weight as compared with the proving of the daily questions of present duty.

The great thing is to find that which is good, that which is worth holding fast; and that is found not by speculative inquiry, but by plain doing of the best we know. Don't worry over doctrines. Do the deeds of the best life. If there are things you cannot believe, forget them; go right on with the business of building the life on the things that are good, on the lines laid down by the life that ever has been the light of men. The practice of his precepts leads to the possession of his principles. With these at base life comes out of the shifting uncertainty and takes on form, order, and meaning, and finds enduring firmness.

HENRY F. COPE.

# THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,  
APRIL 8.

Lesson II. Jesus and the Sabbath.  
Golden Text: Exodus 20:8.

## LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Note.—These Word Studies are based on the text of the Revised Version.

The Lord's Day.—The Lord's Day, or Christian Sunday, was not intended from the first to be a substitute for the Jewish Sabbath. Sacred in the thought and memory of the apostles and their successors as the day on which Jesus had risen from the dead, it was consecrated almost from the time of the Resurrection as a day on which the disciples gathered together, for the purpose of worship and for the breaking of bread. But as a matter of fact, the Jewish Sabbath also was observed for a long time after Christ, even in Christian circles, the two days being clearly distinguished from each other down to about the close of the third century after Christ. Gradually the observance of

Accuse him—Before the ecclesiastical authorities for false teaching.

11. In the other synoptical gospels the argument of this verse is slightly different. "Is it lawful to do good on the Sabbath days, or to do evil? to save life or to kill?" Matthew here states the argument as it bears specially on the Jewish law (comp. also Luke 14: 5).

14. Took counsel against him—Mark mentions the fact that the Herodians joined the Pharisees in this council (comp. Mark 3: 6-12. Luke 6: 11.)

Destroy him—Destroy not only his influence, but his life—that is, get rid of him.



## YOUNG FOLKS

### THE DISHWASHING GAME.

On Monday, before I go to school, I wash the dishes—it's mother's rule, So Bridget can sort the clothes. To help me get them quickly done, I've made up a game that's lots of fun.

# THE STORY OF NICKEL

FROM THE ROAST YARD TO THE FURNACE OF THE SMELTER.

Average of a Thousand Tons of Ore a Day Are Melted Down 365 Days in the Year.

## IV.

In the last letter the nickel ore was traced from the Creighton mine to the roast yards at Copper Cliff. The only evidence of life in this dismal region is furnished by a string of large gondola cars alongside of which a great steam-shovel is at work. At first sight this looks not unlike some prehistoric monster as it buries its nose in the ore bed, withdraws it again, champs its gigantic jaws as if sampling a morsel, grovels in the ore again, emerges with a mouthful of four tons or so of ore, which it deposits in the waiting car. The ore by this time is burned to a charred cinder.

Let us follow a train of ore from the roast yards and see what becomes of it. The last car is filled. The brakeman gives the signal. You climb up beside the engineer, by special permission. The air is filled with sulphur smoke. It gets into your eyes, your nose, your throat, your lungs. The engineer notices that you are a tenderfoot, and that the conditions are new to you. "If you fold your handkerchief over your mouth, hold your nose and breathe through the handkerchief," he tells you, "you will be all right." You take his advice, and find that he knows what he is talking about. A few minutes brings you out of the smoke of the roast yards to the side track which leads to the smelter.

The smelter stands on the edge of a hillside, about fifty feet above the lowland. It is an

## IMMENSE WHITE BUILDING

700 feet long, and perhaps 70 feet high. At a distance it appears to be built of marble or white stone. A nearer approach shows that it is constructed of wood covered with asbestos board. As the train reaches the building we find ourselves on a trestle beneath which yawn huge pockets over which the train comes to a standstill. The engine feels its way carefully into the proper place over the bins which are marked by numbers over the wall. The brakemen operate levers by means of which the bottom appears to drop out of the train, and the load is discharged into the bins below. It takes but a short time to unload several hundred tons.

Let us go down to the stairway leading from the top of the building, and see what next becomes of the ore. From each end of the long building a covered structure curves away in an immense oval suggesting a race-track. This curved shed covers two lines of trolley track. As you watch a train of ore cars rattles into view, the motorman clanging his gong incessantly as he approaches. Behind the motor trail a dozen hopper-shaped cars holding three to four tons apiece. The cars come to a stop under the ore bins, men operate levers which open the bottoms of the bins, and soon the cars were loaded with the ore which we had just seen brought in from the roast yards. The little train moves again, stops beneath a coke bin, receives a load from there, and off again to pick up a car or two of white quartz rock. Then off to the scale house, where each car is weighed in turn. When the signal is given from the weigh-house that the proper weight of ore, rock and coke have been adjusted, the bell clangs again and away the train rattles around the curve to the furnace.

## WE FOLLOW.

On either side the curving walls of the trolley way we notice hydrants and coils of fire hose. Warnings in French and English, to beware of the trolley wire, which, indeed, is only a few feet above our head, are freely scattered about. Here passes a man with a mop

Your guide informs you that brick alone would never stand the heat that is required night and day, 365 days in the year, in these furnaces. "Brick alone would melt down, just as the ore does; so the walls of these furnaces are really nothing but water. The iron plates that form the frames of the furnaces are barely half an inch in thickness. Left to themselves they would melt in a minute. But if we take two iron plates and place them three or four inches apart, fill the space between with water, and keep that water in circulation, then we can keep the plates from melting, and so build a furnace in which the molten metal is confined by water. Thus we get what is known as the water jacket furnace." The story of the smelting will be continued in the next paper.

# IN THE BRITISH HOUSE

PAYMENT OF MEMBERS AND CHANGE OF HOURS.

An Indemnity in Parliament Was Once Paid by the Constituencies.

Startling innovations are impending at Westminster, where the overwhelming vote cast by the House of Commons in favor of the payment of a salary to its members has been followed by a demand for the removal of the brass grating which shuts off the occupants of the ladies' gallery from the view of all others in the Lower House, while a movement is now in progress which has for its object the change of the hours of the session from the evening and night to the morning and early afternoons. England's Parliament, the parent of all Legislatures now in existence, is invested both by history and by popular sentiment with as many associations of the hoary past as the venerable Abbey of Westminster nearby, writes a London correspondent.

All the laws both written and unwritten, by which its procedure is governed, are relics of olden times, dating in some cases back many hundreds of years. There always has been reluctance on the part not only of Parliament itself, but also of the people at large, to introduce any innovations, the suggestions of which were regarded in much the same sacreligious light as those of the most modern restorations of the grandest masterpieces of art and architecture of the middle ages. The new democracy, however, in England, as in other countries, is disposed to look at matters from a utilitarian and matter of fact point of view.

## FORMERLY PAID THEM.

That the practice of paying salaries to members of the House of Commons formerly existed is apparent from an entry in the famous diary of Samuel Pepys in which he states "all concluded the bane of Parliament hath been the leaving off of the old custom of the places allowing wages to those that served them in Parliament, by which they chose men that understood their business and would attend it, and they could expect an account from which now they cannot, and so Parliament has become a company of men unable to give account for the interests of the place they serve for."

Moreover, Lord Campbell, the eminent jurist and Lord Chancellor, in his "Lives of the Lord Chancellors," has placed it on record that according to laws which stand unrepealed to this day members are entitled to recover wages from their constituents for their attendance in Parliament.

## LATE HOURS KEPT.

By degrees the various constituencies, with the object of saving money, adopted the practice of selecting as their representatives in Parliament territorial magnates and rich men willing to serve in the House of Commons without re-

Resurrection as a day on which the disciples gathered together, for the purpose of worship and for the breaking of bread. But as a matter of fact, the Jewish Sabbath also was observed for a long time after Christ, even in Christian circles, the two days being clearly distinguished from each other down to about the close of the third century after Christ. Gradually the observance of the Jewish Sabbath fell into disuse among the Christians, while at the same time the sacredness of the Lord's Day increased to them. It is not quite accurate therefore to consider the Christian Sunday to have been intentionally substituted for the Jewish Sabbath. Rather must we consider the latter to have been abolished in the Christian church and the Lord's day to have been given the preference as a day of rest and worship. As one commentator puts it: "The observance of the first day of the week is an analogous institution (analogous to the Jewish Sabbath which had been abolished), based on the consecration of that day by our Lord's Resurrection, sanctioned by apostolic usage, and accepted by the early church,—the day being set apart for similar objects—rest from labor and the service of God,—in a manner consonant with the higher and more spiritual teachings of Christ, and to be observed in the spirit of loyal Christian freedom, rather than by obedience to a system of precise statutes." It is necessary to hold these facts continually in mind in order to appreciate the true significance of the Christian Sunday and its actual relation, which is that of similarity only, to the Jewish or Old Testament Sabbath.

Verse 1. The sabbath day.—It was the Jewish Sabbath or seventh day of the week on which Jesus with his disciples went through the grain fields. These were not in those days as now in many places of our own land separated from each other by strong fences, but simply, if at all, by small footpaths. Sometimes these paths went through the centre of the grain fields also.

Ears.—Heads of wheat and barley.  
2. That which is not lawful.—The crushing of heads of grain in the hand to separate the grain from the hull or chaff surrounding it was interpreted as being a form of harvesting and threshing, and therefore was unlawful on the Sabbath day.

What David did.—In Sam. 21. 1-7, we find an account of the incident in David's life here referred to. David in fleeing before King Saul came to Nob to Ahimelech the priest, who gave to him and his furnished companions the showbread which was considered sacred and was eaten ordinarily by no one save the priests who officiated in the tabernacle.

1. Showbread.—Literally, the bread of setting forth, so called from being set forth in the sanctuary, called also consecrated bread because perpetually kept in the sanctuary before the Lord. Twelve loaves or cakes placed in two piles on the table of showbread each Sabbath day (Lev. 24. 5-6; Ex. 25. 30; Lev. 24. 6-8).

2. Profane the Sabbath.—By the labor necessarily connected with their duties in the sanctuary. Among these were the removing of the showbread, the preparing the fire for the sacrifice and officiating at the regular temple services. In these cases, Jesus points out, Sabbath labor was not only countenanced by the law, but actually commanded.

3. One greater than the temple.—Note the exalted claims of Christ involved in this statement.

4. I desire mercy . . . and not sacrifice.—Quoted from Hosea, 6. 6, and quoted again by Matthew in chapter 9. 13. The law rightly understood is an expression not of God's severity but of his love to man. This being true, the law itself is subject to modification in higher manifestations of God's love. Such a higher manifestation was the satisfying of the hunger of David, and in this case that of the disciples. In both cases this involved a setting aside of the law itself, or at least of the law as commonly interpreted by the religious teachers of the time.

5. Son of Man.—A title used by Jesus of himself as the typical or representative member of the human race.

6. Withered hand.—A paralyzed hand which had withered away because of disease.

## THE DISHWASHING GAME.

On Monday, before I go to school,  
I wash the dishes—it's mother's rule,  
So Bridget can sort the clo'es.  
To help me get them quickly done,  
I've made up a game that's lots of fun,  
And here is the way it goes:

The forks are voyagers, and their wives  
Are the tablespoons and the silver  
knives;

The teaspoons are babies wee;  
Each plate, saucer and cup's a boat  
In which from the dish-pan port they  
float—

They're shipwrecked when out at sea.

The soap-sud breakers dash fierce and  
high,  
But all hands are saved and rubbed till  
dry;

The wrecks are towed into shore;  
In closet harbor they safely stay  
Till sailing date on another day.  
They bravely embark once more.

And washing dishes in this way  
Is nothing but fun. And I always say—  
And mother agrees with me—  
"If work's on hand it's a splendid plan  
To do it in the jolliest way you can."  
Just try it yourself and see.

## THE LETTERS MOTHER SENT.

It was a rainy day and the children were lonely. Bobby had drawn his little cart up by the fire, and sat looking into the flames, wondering if the feeling he had was what sister called "homesick." It seemed queer if one could have it right in one's own home. Molly was drumming on the window-pane, and there was no doubt in her mind about the matter; she knew it was homesick. The boys, Tom and Ned, were in the woodshed, whistling out a boat for Bobby. They did not seem to mind.

The reason for this cloud on the house was that mother had gone away, and would not return until the next day. At first they had amused themselves by saying, "Now she has reached the station." "Now she has stepped into the train," and after a long time and much discussion, "She is at grandma's now." Somehow when they reached this point in the journey this strange loneliness had settled on the house. They knew she would be back the next day; but that was to-morrow—and to-day it was raining.

When this moment of the afternoon had come and the shadows were getting a little longer, Molly saw the postman coming up the walk. She almost flew to the door, although she thought it could not be possible mother had written a letter!

"Here are letters enough for two postmen," said the man, fumbling the pile he had in his hand and counting off five letters. "I guess you can find out who they are for."

Molly took the letters and began to jump up and down in delight. "Run and call the boys," she told Bobby, and he hurried away as fast as his fat little legs could carry him.

Soon they were all seated by the fire. And what do you think they found?

Each envelope bore the address in the lower corner, but at the top was a photograph of one for whom the letter was intended. There was a picture of Bobby drawing his cart across the lawn. There was one of Molly standing by the greenhouse. The boys were taken coming through the gate; Ned's letter showed him tossing his cap, while Tom's picture looked as if he were walking right down the envelope. There was one of nurse holding a tray of cakes. Molly ran to call her in.

Mother had made snap-shots of them long before, when they had not even guessed it, and had made the plans to surprise them while she was away. Somehow, it took away all the loneliness to find that mother had realized just how it would be, and that her love had looked forward to this very minute, when they would need the letters so much. And then it came out that nurse was in the secret, for while they were reading the letters and looking at the picture the door opened, and there she stood with the tray of cakes, looking just like her photograph.

## WE FOLLOW.

On either side the curving walls of the trolley way we notice hydrants and coils of fire hose. Warnings in French and English, to beware of the trolley wire, which, indeed, is only a few feet above our head, are freely scattered about. Here passes a man with a mop and pail. "That chap," your guide tells you, "does nothing all day but clean windows." But what has the cleaning of windows to do with the metallurgy? you are tempted to ask. You are informed that if a place is allowed to look dirty men are likely to become careless in their attendance on the furnaces, and a furnace is as critical about attendance as a society dame. Here are two men with ladders who do nothing year in and year out but paint the building and attend to broken glass. These things may look trivial to you, but you will notice that the floor is kept as clean as it is possible to keep it. And you will notice too that the men seem to take a certain pride in keeping up the appearance of things, all of which means good work, and good work pays.

But here are the furnaces. There is little to be seen except two brick stacks, about 18 feet long and 8 thick, on either side of which iron doors hang down to the floor. At one end a peephole admits a view of the interior. A few feet down from the floor on which we are standing we see a dull black mass, from which lambent flames, blue, purple, and violet, rise and flicker. There is little to indicate the tremendous activities below. The ore train, which has preceded us, stands at one side of the furnace. As you watch a man turns a valve, the iron door at the side of the furnace rises slowly, revealing the cavernous maw of the pit. The men spring to one side of the ore train, and tilt over a car, out of which the

## COKE POURS IN A STREAM.

which, as the car moves along, is spread from end to end of the furnace. A car of quartz, spread along in the same way, follows the coke.

"What is the meaning of this?" you ask.

Your guide proceeds to enlighten you. "You see, this ore has plenty of iron, but very little rock in it. If we were to melt it without the quartz we would get what we call a 'bad slag.' That is to say, the rock which is in the ore would melt and form a thick, pasty metal, which would hold up and retain a large percentage of the nickel and copper which we are trying to get out. In order to make this slag thin and fluid so that it will not hold up the metals, we have to add the barren quartz which comes from the quarry at Naughton, nine miles away."

After the quartz has been put in the brekenum dump in the ore—four cars of ore, each carrying 3,000 pounds, of 12,000 in all, at each charge. Each furnace takes about 400 tons of ore a day. With this ore goes into the furnace again a lot of rich metal which has already gone through once. So that the total daily charge for both furnaces is about 1,000 tons. To melt down this immense mass the furnaces require about 120 tons of coke a day, worth about \$700 dollars. When you realize what \$700 a day for coke alone means you will begin to form some idea of the extent of the operations.

Let us now go down to the lower floor and see what becomes of all this mass that has been poured into the furnace. As we go down we see the furnace platform, a solid brick and stone construction

## ABOUT TEN FEET HIGH.

On this stand the two furnaces. A third is approaching completion, and no doubt is completed as this article appears. Curiously enough there is no sign of heat, except where at one end of each furnace a stream of molten metal about the size of a man's arm pours forth in a dense orange cascade into a brick-lined iron tank about sixteen feet in diameter. Icicles hang in stalactites from the corners of the furnaces which are exposed to the chill winds that sweep in through the open ends of the building.

"What is all that water doing here?" you ask.

from their constituents for their attendance in Parliament.

## LATE HOURS KEPT.

By degrees the various constituencies, with the object of saving money, adopted the practice of selecting as their representatives in Parliament territorial magnates and rich men willing to serve in the House of Commons without remuneration and to bear all the expenses in connection with the representation and the maintenance of the dignity of the office.

It was only natural that a house thus composed, and receiving no remuneration for its services, should suit its own convenience rather than public interest in the selection of the hours for the sittings, and thus it came that after spending the small hours of the morning in gambling and carousing, the members were naturally disinclined to rise ere the afternoon, and parliament, in lieu of meeting in the morning, found it impossible to assemble for business ere 4 or 5 in the afternoon. Another drawback of the mode of life led by the British legislators of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries was that, frequently embarrassed by reason of their losses at cards, and no longer in receipt of the stipend which, according to the law of the land, should have been paid to them by their constituencies, they became an easy prey to the temptations of bribery, which attained absolutely fantastic proportions.

## WEALTHY MEMBERS.

So outrageous had the condition of affairs in that respect become that the House at length was compelled in deference to popular clamor to enact drastic reforms in the matter of corrupt practices, and the legislation which rendered a seat in the House of Commons immeasurably less profitable than when the Walpoles, for instance, were at the head of the government, brought into Parliament a new class of legislation, namely, those with professional callings and rich merchants and manufacturers. To these men, who had their own business to attend to during the day time, the evening sessions of parliament were the most convenient, being, indeed, the only time that they could spare to devote to the affairs of the nation without pay.

Parnell in a way revived the pay system by granting the Irish members a salary from the Home Rule fund. Labor members also now receive allowances from their unions.

## WANT TREASURY TO PAY.

What Parliament voted the other day by a majority of 238 was that salaries should be paid to its members not by the constituencies, but by the national treasury, and before this vote can become law the question of the responsibility of the constituencies in the matter will have to be determined by the legal advisers of the crown. The members would, of course, vastly prefer to place the obligations upon the exchequer to imposing them upon their constituencies. For not only would any demand upon the purses of the electors render them unpopular with the latter, but the constituencies could not, if the old time laws were invoked, be compelled to pay more than the medieval rate of 5 shillings a day, which would, of course, be entirely inadequate.



## WOULD EXPERIMENT.

"Eating a large portion of roast pork, sausage and suetkraut at this time of night? Won't that upset your stomach?" "Can't tell you that till to-morrow."



## FALLS IN REAL DANGER

TO SAVE THEM PROMPT ACTION  
MUST BE TAKEN.

Waterways Commission Presents Re-  
port — Privileges Already  
Granted.

If Niagara Falls is to be preserved as one of the wonders of the world, immediate action by the United States and Canada is required, according to the findings of the American members of the International Waterways Commission, which has for the past year been studying the conditions at the Falls and in the tributary great lakes. This report is signed by General O. H. Ernst, chairman, and the other American members of the commission.

After a brief description of the physical conditions, the report gives a detailed account of all the corporations now engaged in the development of power, with the quantities of water which they are actually using, amounts they are preparing to use, and the amounts which they are authorized under their charters to use. It includes not only corporations taking water directly from the Niagara river, but also those drawing water for power purposes from the Erie canal and the Welland canal; also the Chicago Drainage canal, and also furnishes a list of all franchises granted and not perfected.

### WILL DESTROY FALLS.

The report says: "The total quantity of water taken from the river by works now authorized is 60,900 cubic feet per second. Of that amount 26,700 cubic feet is to be taken on the American side, and the remainder, 34,200 cubic feet on the Canadian side. That is 27 per cent. of the average discharge and 33 per cent. of the low water discharge of the Niagara river will cease to pass over the Falls when these works are completed and in full operation. The quantity to be diverted is more than double the quantity which now passes over the American fall, which at the average stage is about 37,800 cubic feet. That this will in general have an injurious effect upon the falls seems self-evident. The volume of water to be diverted is about the equivalent of the entire discharge of Lake Superior over the Sault Ste. Marie. The amount thus far actually diverted is but 17,800 cubic feet per second, and has had an appreciable effect upon the Falls.

### WILL AFFECT HORSESHOE FALLS.

"To fortify any accuracy the effects in detail of the full diversion authorized would require a more complete knowledge of the bed of the river than is now obtainable. The water taken on the Canadian side below the crest of the rapids will affect the Horseshoe Fall alone if all the water taken on the American side should affect the American fall alone it would practically leave it dry; but it seems probable that only a part of this diversion will be at the expense of the American fall. Exactly what portion that will be cannot be stated with precision, but from a study of the channels and reefs so far as they are known, a reasonable estimate is that the water will come from the two arms in about the proportion of one-sixth from the American fall and five-sixths from the Horseshoe Fall. Exactly what form the changes in the two cataracts will take, whether they will be made narrower or broken up into greater number of streams, or simply be reduced in volume, retaining in general their present form, cannot now be foretold, for the reason that there is no accurate knowledge of the forms of and depth of water on the crests.

### LOSS IS IMPORTANT.

"If 60,900 cubic feet per second be diverted the loss will be important, but if the diversion be limited to this amount or receded as hereafter indicated, it may not prove disastrous. This cannot be definitely determined until the works now under construction have been completed and put in operation.

to a large extent transmitted to and used in the United States. In the negotiation of a treaty, however, the point should be considered.

### CANADIANS AGREED.

"The substance of this report was submitted to our Canadian colleagues before the passage of the joint resolution, with a view to uniting in a joint report under the general law providing for the commission. There was a substantial agreement in the statement of facts, and such differences as developed with respect to their accommodations which ought to be made, did not seem insuperable, but our colleagues desired time for further consideration. We have no doubt of their sympathetic interest in carrying out that part of the instructions contained in the resolution with the members of said commission representing the Dominion of Canada, if practicable, all possible efforts for the preservation of Niagara Falls in their natural condition."

## STRUGGLE IN NIGERIA

HISTORY OF BRITAIN'S FIGHT FOR  
CIVILIZATION.

Constant Uprisings, Punitive Expeditions  
and Conflict With Foreign  
Ambitions.

The history of the British colony of Northern Nigeria, where a small garrison of native troops officered by Englishmen is reported to have been massacred by tribesmen of Sokoto, is one of continual trouble with the natives, of repeated military expeditions for the suppression of risings and the abolition of savagery and barbarous native customs and practices. Many white men have met their death in the pursuit of these objects. Some have been killed in fights with natives; others have been massacred during sudden risings of tribesmen at distant outposts; while still more have fallen victims to the terribly trying climate.

The establishment of a British protectorate over the extensive territories of Northern Nigeria dates only from 1899, when the country was taken over by the Government from the Royal Niger Company, which had held a charter since 1886. The charter was obtained after years of hard work by Sir George Taubman Goldie, who in 1877 visited the Niger, and found that no lasting advance either in commerce or civilization was possible unless some government were established which would give peace and security both to natives and to white men.

### RACE FOR TERRITORY.

Sir George Goldie, by keen competition, lavish presents to native chiefs, and the increase of his staff and garrisons, caused the disappearance from the Niger of French influence, which had been growing rapidly and, but for the efforts of Sir George, would undoubtedly have resulted in the establishment of a French protectorate.

In 1885 a German explorer, Herr Flapfel, set out with a great expedition to Sokoto and Gando to secure treaties with the chiefs. He was, however, anticipated by the British company, who sent out Mr. Thompson and concluded treaties with the powerful Emirs before the German emissary arrived on the scene. The next difficulty was to secure the delimitation of the boundary between Nigeria and the German Cameroons, but the energetic Sir George succeeded in getting this done.

Ten years of pioneer work followed. Inter-tribal wars had to be put down, slave-trading suppressed, pagan sacrifices stopped, and other abominations wiped out. All this time the efforts of the British colonizers were handicapped by the rivalry of the French, who, by means of semi-military expeditions, were attempting to extend the boundaries of the French Sudan. But Sir George and his able lieutenants checkmated their designs, and finally obtained the proper

## Fashion Notes.

### FABRICS FOR COMING GOWNS.

Burlingham silk will be chosen for street and other simple gowns, especially in the early spring. This silk is firm enough to make into the fashionable circular skirt, but since the tendency of these skirts is to sag, it is well to allow them to hang for at least a week before finishing or trimming. Very little trimming is used on Burlingham silk gowns. The fabric is rough and permits little decoration beyond folds or shirred bands of the material, tucks, and occasionally soutache braid of a matching color. The heavy laces combine well with this silk.

### A LIGHTER SILK.

Rajah is a much lighter silk, approximating to the finer pongees, yet having a rougher surface. This is a silk which permits of all kinds of manipulation, and gowns and coats made of it may be as elaborate as one chooses. This silk is the one of all colors preferred for evening coats and wraps. Both Rajah and Burlingham are admired as much for their exquisite coloring as for their texture. The irregularity of the weaving serves to catch the light and gives the silk a brilliancy which is most attractive.

### RADIUM SILK.

Radium silk has a beautiful successor in chiffon mignon, a diaphanous material fit for the handsomest evening gowns. Not that radium has been retired, for it has not by any means. It will be worn a great deal, made into afternoon and calling gowns. Another silk which holds over in an improved form is Lansdowne, which is really silk and wool, but has the appearance of soft silk. It is so light and lends itself so well to draping and shirring that it is always a favorite for children's wear and for young girls' party gowns. Tafetas are rather overshadowed just now, yet many travelling and walking gowns will undoubtedly be made of this useful silk.

Next to the burlap weaves in popularity come the two-toned summer silks which show the fine hairline stripes in combination with brocaded figures or large dots. Most of these are in pompadour effects, as far as designs are concerned, although the traditional pinks and blues are varied. Pin checks embroidered with pompadour flowers and figures are extremely good. These also appear in Dresden effects. Checks and hairline stripes are used even for dancing gowns. This is most unusual, but the extreme delicacy of many of the new silks justifies the innovation.

### FANCY SILKS.

A dozen or more fancy silks might be described. There is a taffeta checked, with a figure in contrasting color embroidered over, and an openwork lace design between the embroideries. For example a creamery white chiffon has a ten-inch border of smoky-black, with out a suggestion of brilliance. Above this is a large design of crimson and pink roses with their bright foliage. Another has a corn-yellow ground with a brown border and a design of green and white lotus. One can imagine the most poetic gown in looking at these chiffons.

### LINENS AND COTTONS.

If the spring silks are alluring, what shall be said of the new linens and cottons? Some of the latter are dangerous rivals of silk.

The color which the dressmakers and importers say will lead this spring is grey. Several shades are offered, all of them light and tending to warm tones. No color is more refined, but few colors are so trying, especially to pale or sallow complexions. The unbecomingness may be modified by a judicious use of white or black, and fortunately the present style of gimpie dresses lends itself to this idea. Not many gowns carry the fabric close to the throat. Practically all have some sort of white collar, usually transparent. If a touch of color, the most becoming, be added to the collar, the palest woman may wear the fashionable grey with assurance.

### A SILVER GREY.

## HEALTH

### TREATMENT OF ANEMIA.

The chief symptom, at least, the most obvious one of anemia, is pallor. The skin is white, the whites of the eyes are even whiter than usual, the lips are light in color, and the pink color of the nail-beds is absent. But pallor is sometimes deceptive, and may be present even when there is little or no real anemia. This occurs in certain cases in which there is an unequal distribution of the blood, the surface of the body being poorly supplied, while the central organs are congested.

Other signs of anemia are irritability of the heart, palpitation occurring on slight provocation; indigestion, loss of appetite, constipation, shortness of breath, nervousness, weakness and inability to do any hard work with either brain or muscles, swelling of the feet and ankles in the evening, headache, dizziness, ringing in the ears, and sometimes spots before the eyes. All these signs point to an impoverishment of the blood, and the suspicion is confirmed by a direct examination of a drop under a microscope.

In the treatment of anemia, which is very frequently a secondary condition, the first care is to discover and remove, if possible, the underlying cause. The cure is helped along, however, and hastened by certain measures which we may briefly enumerate. The diet of every anemic person must be carefully looked to. It is usually the quality of the food rather than its quantity that needs regulating. Tender, not overcooked meat, milk, eggs, and other albuminous articles are to be preferred to vegetables and starchy foods. The juices of fruits and of lettuce, celery and other salads, without the woody substance, are useful as promoting digestion and accelerating the nutritive changes in the body.

Next to food, fresh air and sunlight are the most powerful stimulants to the blood-making functions.

All exercise that causes fatigue should be avoided, but a quiet stroll, a drive over smooth roads, and especially sitting or lying in the open air, occasionally in the direct sunlight, the head being protected, are of great value to the anemic invalid. If sitting outdoors is impossible, the chair or sofa should be continuously by a wide-open window, and, at night, all the windows in the room should be open.

Cold douching or bathing is of great benefit, but the judicious adaptation of this curative measure to the individual needs calls for medical skill, as does also the prescription of iron and other blood-making drugs.—Youth's Companion.

### TRY SINGING.

An eight-year-old girl, with a cut in her hand, was brought to a physician. It was necessary for the best results to take a few stitches with a surgeon's needle. While the physician was making preparations the little girl swung her foot nervously against the chair, and was gently admonished by her mother. "That will do no harm," said the doctor, kindly, "as long as you hold your hand still, adding with a glance at the strained, anxious face of the child, "You may cry as much as you like."

"I would rather sing," replied the child.

"All right, that would be better. What can you sing?"

"I can sing, 'Give, Give, Said the Little Stream.' Do you know that?"

"I am not sure," responded the doctor. How does it begin?"

The little patient proceeded to illustrate.

"That's beautiful," said the doctor. "I want to hear the whole of it."

All the while the skilled fingers were sewing up the wound, the sweet, childish voice sounded bravely through the room, and the only tears shed on the occasion came from the eyes of the

## LOSS IS IMPORTANT.

"If 60,000 cubic feet per second be diverted the loss will be important, but if the diversion be limited to this amount or receded as hereafter indicated, it may not prove disastrous. This cannot be definitely determined until the works now under construction have been completed and put in operation. When that happens, if it be found that the falls have not suffered serious damage as a scenic spectacle, it does not follow that additional water may be diverted with impunity. Additional diversion would be an experiment even more dangerous than that now being tried, and, in our opinion, should not be permitted.

## STATE GETS NOTHING.

"In return for the impairment of the Falls thus far authorized, the state of New York will receive practically nothing for the 342,000 horse-power authorized on that side, and the Queen Victoria Niagara Falls Park will receive an annual rental of \$270,000, or an average of 65 cents per horse-power for the 418,000 horse-power authorized on the Canadian side. These figures do not include the 8,000 horse-power being developed by the electrical railway, nor the power developed by the Hamilton property with the water from the Welland Canal.

## MANY MILLIONS INVESTED.

"Charters have been granted to corporations which propose to divert additional amounts in quantities not now limited. The sums of money invested, or being invested, in the works now in operation, or under construction, and in the industries dependent upon them, amount to many millions of dollars. It is probably not expedient to attempt the withdrawal of the rights thus utilized. The commercial value of the water-power at Niagara Falls is very great, but if compared with values set aside by wealthy communities elsewhere for park purposes, this value is not too great to be devoted to similar purposes. The place is visited annually by about 800,000 people.

## MUST MAKE TREATY.

"If the falls are to be preserved, it must be by mutual agreement between the two countries. As a step in that direction we recommend that legislation be enacted which shall contain the following provisions, viz:

"The Secretary of War to be authorized to grant permits for the diversion of 23,500 cubic feet per second, and no more, from the waters naturally tributary to Niagara Falls, distributed as follows:—Niagara Falls Hydraulic Power and Manufacturing Company, 9,500; Niagara Falls Power Co., 6,800; Erie canal or its tenants, in addition to lock service, 400; Chicago drainage canal, 10,000. All other diversions of water which is naturally tributary to Niagara Falls to be prohibited, except such as may be required for domestic use or for the service of locks in navigation canals. Suitable penalties for violation of the law to be prescribed.

## TO BE PERMANENT LAW.

"The foregoing prohibition to remain in force two years, and then to become the permanent law of the land, if in the meantime the Canadian Government shall have enacted legislation prohibiting the diversion of water which is naturally tributary to Niagara Falls, in excess of 36,000 cubic feet per second, not including the amounts required for domestic use or for the service of locks in navigation canals.

"It is assumed, however, that an understanding upon this subject would be reached by treaty.

"The object of such legislation would be to put a stop to the further depletion of the Falls, and at the same time inflict the least possible injury upon the important interests now dependent upon this water power. The amount to be diverted on the Canadian side, 36,000 feet, has been fixed with a view to allowing to the companies on that side the amount for which they now have works under construction.

"Such legislation would give to Canada the advantage of diverting 7,500 cubic feet per second more than is diverted in the United States. The advantage is more apparent than real, since the power generated on the Canadian side will

slave-trading suppressed, pagan sacrifices stopped, and other abominations wiped out. All this time the efforts of the British colonizers were handicapped by the rivalry of the French, who, by means of semi-military expeditions, were attempting to extend the boundaries of the French Sudan. But Sir George and his able lieutenants checkmated their designs, and finally obtained the proper delimitation of the boundary.

## PLOT TO EXTERMINATE WHITES.

In 1897 the British Company was faced by the great crisis in its career. For years the Foulah (or slave-trading) power had been growing. The native chiefs were banded together, and planned the expulsion or extermination of every white man in the country. But the British had been steadily preparing their forces, and took the field with five or six hundred well-drilled soldiers, led by thirty British officers, against twenty or thirty thousand natives, among whom was a large proportion of cavalry. Sir George Goldie conducted the campaign himself, and so well were his plans laid, and so rapid his movements, that Northern and Southern Nupe and Illorin, the centres of the rebellion were quickly subdued without very serious fighting. Foulah power was broken forever.

Then trouble with the French on the frontier supervened, and for some time threatened the maintenance of peace between France and Great Britain. Matters were, however, smoothed over, and the chief result of the trouble was the establishment of the West African Frontier Force, with headquarters at Jebba and strong garrisons at the various points on the frontier evacuated by the French. It was raised and organized by Sir Frederick Lugard, and consists of about 3,000 Hausas and Yorubas, and over two hundred white officers and non-commissioned officers. This is the force which has had to bear the brunt of fighting since 1898.

Early in 1900 an expedition had to be sent against the Munshi tribe, a truculent set of cannibals on the Benue River which had attacked an isolated British force. They were for the time subdued, but last month were reported to have broken out again. In 1901 an expedition was sent to Kontagora and Bida for the purpose of suppressing trouble caused by native pagan practices, and in September of the same year the Emir of Adamawa turned obstreperous, and had to be persuaded into obedience by a small force of troops.

## MANY EXPEDITIONS.

The Province of Bornu was brought under control in 1902 by means of a military expedition, and in the following year Col Morland proceeded against the Emir of Kano, and took the Town of Kano, together with Sokoto and Katsena. The Sultan of Sokoto fled, but was pursued by Capt. Sward, and finally killed after some severe fighting.

In 1904 another expedition was rendered necessary against the Okolo tribe, who had murdered Capt. O'Riordan and Mr. Amvatt Burney, and, except for the reported rising of the Munships, there has since been peace and order in the country.

At the end of 1904 Sir Frederick Lugard, the High Commissioner, made a tour of the country, covering a distance of over 2,000 miles by land and 1,600 miles by water, and was able to report in the most satisfactory terms on the condition of affairs. He recorded the submission of the last recalcitrant tribes and the final disappearance of the horrible rites and sacrifices which had once been so prevalent in the country. Trade was increasing, civilization spreading, and new industries springing up.

His report provided convincing evidence of the advantage of British rule and the efficient way in which the dark places of "Darkest Africa" have been and are being opened to the light by the work of British pioneers.

## QUITE CLEAR.

She—"She told me you told her that secret I told you not to tell her."

He—"The mean thing! I told her not to tell you I told her!"

She—"I promised her I wouldn't tell you she told me, so don't tell her I did."

sent style of gumpie dresses worn soon to this idea. Not many gowns carry the fabric close to the throat. Practically all have some sort of white collar, usually transparent. If a touch of color, the most becoming, be added to the collar, the palest woman may wear the fashionable grey with assurance.

## A SILVER GREY.

Lansdowne in a silver grey, combined with lace tinted to match, made a charming afternoon gown. The full circular skirt was trimmed with two deep flounces shirred on heavy cords. These reached nearly to the knees. The waist had a deep pointed yoke of cream-colored Bruges lace, the collar showing a narrow band of gold-colored taffeta. The blouse below the lace yoke was shirred, and ended in a high empire girle of the yellow silk. Gold buttons closed the girle and trimmed the blouse. The sleeves were three-quarter length, and had short cuffs of yellow silk, trimmed with the gold buttons.

## GREY HATS NUMEROUS.

Grey hats are numerous. The latest braid is an imitation horsehair with a very glossy surface, called pyroxylin. Two shades of grey or grey and white make a charming combination, especially when warmed with red or pink roses. A very pretty wide hat, grey above and white beneath, attracted attention at a recent opening. The brim rolled at the edge, and was turned up cavalier fashion on the left side. A scarf of grey tinalines was arranged around the crown and a large red rose was attached to the side of the crown on the right side. A grey and white ostrich plume trimmed the turned-up brim, and red roses were crushed together over the bandeau that lifted the hat on the side and back.

## MEN OUGHT TO LIVE TO 140.

### Medical Experts Give More Attention to Fascinating Theory.

Human beings ought to live five or six times longer than it takes them to attain the full adult state, just as some animals do, their lives thus extending from 120 to 140 years. Dr. Lasalle has been drawing the attention of the Paris Academy of Medicine to this theory of the famous Flourens.

Life, Flourens argued, was abnormally abridged by the racking conditions of labor generally, from over population and artificial contrivances for the benefit of some caste or class. The rich or fairly rich dug their graves with their teeth, or ate and drank themselves into gout and its off-branching maladies by choosing their food badly.

What was wanted was the culture of the philosophic mind, apt to see the facts and events of life in their true relations.



## STARTING IN SMALL WAY.

Dr. Emdee—Going to open an office across the street.

Druggist—You seem rather young for a family physician.

Dr. Emdee—Yes, I know; but I'm only going to doctor children at first.

The little patient proceeded to illustrate.

"That's beautiful," said the doctor. "I want to hear the whole of it."

All the while the skilled fingers were sewing up the wound, the sweet, childish voice sounded bravely through the room, and the only tears shed on the occasion came from the eyes of the mother.

It is, I believe, a physiological fact that some expression of one's feelings tends to lessen pain. Since weeping and groaning are distressing to one's friends, how would it do for us all to try singing instead?

## HOME REMEDIES FOR BURNS.

Burns are such frequent and painful accidents, says a writer in a recent household magazine, that simple home remedies which are immediately available are among the things which every housekeeper should know.

Scrape or grate a raw potato quickly and bind the pulp into a poultice on the burn. Or make a paste of cooking soda and water, and bind this on the burn. Both these remedies are cooling and will draw out the fire. If care is taken the blister will not break. The water in the blister helps to form a new skin and should be kept as long as possible.

It is a splendid plan to keep a bottle of linseed oil and lime water on a shelf where it can be quickly procured in case of a burn. This is a well-known remedy, though not as cooling as the first mentioned.

## HEALTH RULES IN BRIEF.

Breathing through the nose is an excellent preventive against colds.

Earache may be caused by a bad tooth, the pain being transmitted, or by a foreign body in the ear, or by rheumatism. Warm fomentations of poppy heads or poultices will afford relief.

Deafness is often caused by collection of hard wax in the ear. Remove the cause by dropping into the ear a few drops of glycerine at night-time, and syringe in the morning with warm water.

Blackheads.—Those who suffer from blackheads should steam the face occasionally and rub in some simple ointment. Face massage and strict attention to cleanliness will effect wonders in bad cases.

Neuralgia, or hraw ague, should be treated with a mixture of quinine when due to malarial origin. Defective sight is a fertile source of the trouble, and the only treatment is the wearing of properly-made spectacles.

For Croup.—One teaspoonful of pulverized alum, two tablespoonfuls of honey, one-fourth teaspoonful of borax, and one teaspoonful of camphor. Give half a teaspoonful every fifteen or twenty minutes. Put the patient in a hot bath.

Chilblains may be prevented by avoiding extremes of heat and cold. Don't toast your feet over a hot fire and then go out for a walk on cold pavements. Wear woollen socks and stout boots. To alleviate pain rub the feet with castor-oil.

Before Breakfast.—Always put on your boots before breakfast—If you have to go out immediately after it. Bending down to lace or draw on boots after a good meal may produce faintness or syncope, caused by pressure of full stomach on the heart.

Eat fruit for breakfast. Eat fruit for luncheon. Avoid pastry. Shun muffins and crumpets, and buttered toast. Eat whole-meal bread. Refuse rice pudding. Decline potatoes if they are served more than once a day. Wash the face every night in warm water. Sleep eight hours a night.

Would the woman aid her digestion, clear up a muddy skin, and secure all round health, let her become an apple eater. Pears are health aids, but better when cooked. Peaches are calculated to beautify, and grapes are declared the healthiest of all fruits. Cherries, an authority says, frequently restore health and strength to the weak. Strawberries, though a cold fruit, have the virtue of healing rheumatism. Pineapples are said to be the best cure for dyspepsia known.



# THE BANKS OF CANADA

HAVE AGENCIES IN EVERY TOWN IN THE DOMINION.

What an American Has to Say About the Banking System of This Country.

The chartered banks have thrown their net over the British Northwest and are establishing branches at its every municipal knot. There are more than a score of them doing business in Winnipeg, half as many are to be found at Edmonton and Calgary, and they have their agencies in nearly every new town of the wheat belt. One of the first buildings I saw in the wilds of the Co. ball mining regions was a pine shack, with the words "Imperial Bank" painted upon its walls, and near by the Canadian Bank of Commerce was doing business in a tent, writes Frank G. Carpenter from Winnipeg to the Chicago Record-Herald.

The Bank of Montreal has just put up a new building at Edmonton, and altogether there are hundreds of substantial banking institutions in this new part of the world. As far as I can learn they are all making money. Six of the large banks, whose branches are spread most widely over this territory, earned more than 14% per cent on their paid-up capital in 1903, and upon their capital and surplus combined almost 9% per cent. This covered the whole of Canada, and a great part of the profits came from the West.

During my travels here I have met the leading financiers, and have learned something about the banking system. It is different from ours. Canada's financial matters are managed by big institutions with big capital, which have branches scattered throughout the country. There are no small banks with \$50,000, \$100,000 or \$200,000 capital. It is not possible to start a bank of that kind. The money business of the whole country is done by chartered banks, which have altogether a paid-up capital of more than \$50,000,000 and a surplus of more than \$54,000,000.

## NETWORK OF BRANCH BANKS.

There are now thirty-five main banks in Canada, with more than one thousand branches spread all over the country. Of these branches 401 are in the Province of Ontario, 183 in Quebec, 98 in Nova Scotia, 45 in New Brunswick, 87 in Manitoba, 50 in British Columbia and almost 100 in this Canadian Northwest.

The Bank of Montreal, which has its head office in Montreal, has almost a hundred branches. It has three banks in the United States and some in Great Britain. The Canadian Bank of Commerce, the Union Bank, the Imperial Bank, the Bank of British North America, as well as some thirty others, have all a large number of branches.

These banks are all making money. They have altogether assets of more than \$640,000,000. They have deposits approximating half a billion dollars, and I am told that the deposits of the Bank of Montreal alone are more than \$100,000,000. A significant evidence of the prosperity of Canada is that the assets of these banks have increased about 50 per cent. within the past five years and the stock of each of them sells far above par. That of the Bank of Montreal at this writing is 255, and that on a capital of over \$14,000,000, with a surplus of \$10,000,000.

The chartered banks are largely under government control and their capital and dividends are limited by law. Every bank has to pay a certain proportion of its money in government notes, and not less than 10 per cent. of its cash reserve must be paid in such notes. The banks have a right to issue notes to the amount of their unimpaired paid-up capital, but each must also deposit with the government an amount equal to 5 per cent. of its note circulation. This 5 per

and its stock is high. We have also established here a system of canals which is aiding in opening up our country. We are raising wheat by the millions of bushels and building mills to grind it. Indeed, I do not see how Canada could be better off than she is now."

## FINANCE IN FAR WEST.

It was in the city of Calgary, in the range country not far from the foothills of the Rockies, that I talked with C. W. Rowley, the manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce at that point. The Canadian Bank of Commerce is one of the most enterprising in the dominion. It has 104 branches, covering the entire northern part of the continent from Cape Breton on the Atlantic to Vancouver on the Pacific, and from San Francisco to Dawson. It has a capital of \$10,000,000 and a surplus of \$3,000,000. It keeps right in front of the new development in the British northwest and it has branches established at almost every settlement. Mr. Rowley is one of its leading bankers in the West and he knows all about the financial situation. He said:

"Our banks are making money in this part of the world. There are eight of the chartered institutions represented in Calgary, and that notwithstanding the population is only 12,000. We have, however, a great wholesale business here and we control the trade of the country about."

"What are your interest rates?" "They are about the same as those in western parts of the United States. We are now getting 7 and 8 per cent."

There are many loan associations here. A great deal of real estate selling and loaning is done, and some of the big land companies are making large profits. The secretary of such a company here, one of the biggest in Canada, which is handling some millions of its own and railroad lands, tells me he has made \$70 for every one he has put in the company. Another company started with a grant which cost them a dollar or so an acre on installments. They paid the first installment and the sales from the lands then began to come in. These were used for the future payments, so that only \$2,500 was actually invested by the original incorporators. One of the men who went into that deal is said to have made \$700,000 and another to have netted almost \$1,000,000. Nearly all the chartered banks have savings departments, and there are in addition postoffice savings banks, which are to be found at every country cross roads, as well as in the towns and cities. The private savings banks have something like \$20,000,000 in deposits, and the postoffice savings banks have \$44,000,000 and 200,000 depositors. In the postoffice banks 3 per cent. interest is paid, but no one may deposit more than \$1,000 in one year or have more than \$3,000 standing to his credit at one time.

# SOME NOVEL CHURCHES

MANY ARE BUILT OF STRANGE MATERIALS.

Place of Worship Constructed of Snow-Blocks — Rushes Was Used for Another.

The Rev. E. J. Peck, who, after thirty years' missionary work amid the ice and snow of the Arctic regions, has just returned home, relates some curious experiences in church building amid the Eskimos. One place of worship he constructed out of snow-blocks, from which material he likewise made both the seats for the congregation and the altar. This church, although but a rude and temporary structure, answered its purpose in protecting the worshippers from the bitter cold and winds.

Even more singular was the church this indefatigable missionary erected in

# IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND DEATH BY ELECTRICITY

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

Mr. W. Greenwood, a Blackburn magistrate, fined himself in a case brought against him for chimney firing. There are thirty-five cases of scarlet fever at the Norwood Poor-law schools. Birmingham Boys' Anti-Cigarette League has now a membership of over 5,000.

Cordite street is the name given to a new thoroughfare near Woolwich arsenal.

Mr. Keir Hardie, M. P., pays 7s 6d. weekly for his place in Neville's Court, Fleet street, London.

Local men only will, as far as possible be employed in building the new Lambeth Town Hall at Brixton.

Islington Guardians have spent £300 in maintaining the family of a man who has just been imprisoned for deserting his wife.

It is estimated that the Germans in London number something between 100,000 and 200,000 people.

Admiral of the Fleet Sir John Fisher has just celebrated his sixty-fifth birthday. He is now in his fifty-second year of his naval service.

The beautiful monument in Merton church, originally placed there by Mrs. Cook, the widow of the famous Capt. Cook, has lately been restored.

The substitution of Colonial for English meat in Christchurch (Hants) workhouse has resulted in a saving of £27 during the past quarter.

After enjoying a pension for forty years, Joseph Willey, a Crimean veteran, has just died at Littlethorpe, Leicestershire. He was 77 years old.

James McNally, an inmate of the Home of the Little Sisters of the Poor, South Lambeth, has entered upon his 110th year. He is the King's oldest subject.

St. Pancras children are being encouraged to learn to swim by the gift of free passes to the borough Council's baths to all school children who win swimming races.

"I constantly see it stated that foreign seamen are more sober than English sailors," said Mr. Mead, at the Thames police court, "but my experience is the reverse."

Two letters from Lord Nelson, dated 1801, and addressed to the mayor and town clerk of Yarmouth, have recently come into the possession of the Yarmouth Town Council.

Mr. Balfour is already planning to complete some literary work which he has not been able to attempt during his term of office, and amid the excitement of a general election.

Among the well-known people who will, this year, celebrate their golden weddings are Professor Sir William and Lady Crookes, Sir John and Lady Strachey, and Lord and Lady Amherst.

The Postmaster-General has made a joke. He said that the ex-Prime Minister was recently unable to insure his life, because no clerk in the insurance office could make out his policy.

Samuel John Voisey, sexton of Culmpton church, Devon, for 50 years, has just died. He attended every funeral held in the church during the half century he held office, and saw eight vicars come and go.

To ensure fruit dealers and consumers receiving full weight, the Swanwick Fruit Growers' Association have adopted the gallon (5 pound) pasket, made in Winchester prison, as the standard strawberry basket.

For refusing to grind some coffee an able-bodied young man of twenty-three, who has been maintained in the workhouse for twelve months at the expense of Marylebone ratepayers, was sentenced to twenty-one days' imprison-

RESPONSIBILITY IN THE CASE OF ACCIDENTS.

English Law on the Subject of Fatalities From Live Wires and Rails.

"With the introduction of railways worked by electricity on the live-rail system," says W. Valentine Ball, an English barrister, "a very interesting problem arises as to whether and how far the company is held responsible for the accidents which happen to persons on the line. At first sight it may appear to be a simple matter to answer this question: but it is not so easy as it seems as much depends on the answer to a further question, namely, what right had the injured person to be where he was? Although divers accidents from electric shocks have occurred since the live-rail was introduced in England, no case in which the question of liability of the railway company has been considered has yet come before the courts. The subject must, therefore, be approached from the standpoint of first principles."

## AS TO EMPLOYEES.

"And first with regard to persons employed on an electric railway by the company. If any such person meets with an accident by coming into contact with a live rail there is an English statute known as the Workmen's Compensation Act, which would clearly give him a right to claim damages, unless it could be shown that the workman had brought about the accident by his own serious and wilful misconduct. Apart from this and certain other statutes, of which the most important is known as the Employers' Liability Act, there is no rule of the English common law which would entitle a workman to compensation qua workman. In fact the English law as (apart from statute) with regard to the liability of an employer for injuries sustained by a workman is similar to that which, according to Mr. Crosswell, obtain in America."

## LIABILITY OF COMPANY.

"That author states—'As to the liability for an electric (The Law of Electricity, 1895, sec. 266) company to its employees for defective construction and maintenance, the leading rule is, as in other branches of the law of master and servant, that the employee in entering the business accepts all the obvious, incidental and natural risks thereof, and the company is not liable for injuries resulting to him therefrom.' The risk of injury by shock from a live rail could hardly be described as anything but an obvious risk, especially if the company took the precaution of posting warning notices in places where the employees were likely to cross the permanent way ('or the road bed') on the level."

## PROTECTION OF PUBLIC.

"Different considerations apply (a) to the public who may at certain places, have the right to cross the line on the level, and (b) to passengers who may be expressly or implicitly requested to cross the line for the purpose of getting from one platform to another. In all these cases it is clearly the duty of the company to take precautions. For instance, it would be their duty to guard the naked conductors with wooden rails in order to prevent a person stepping on the metal. It may be here mentioned that the Board of Trade in England (this being the Government department that has worked in these matters) have made regulations to this effect; but they have declined to call upon electric railway companies to guard the naked conductors throughout their length. Failure to post warning notices would probably be regarded as negligence on the part of the company."

## TRESPASS ON LINE.

but each must also deposit with the government an amount equal to 5 per cent. of its note circulation. This 5 per cent. on all the note circulation of the country issued by the banks forms a common fund for the security of the note-holders, who are further secured by a provision requiring that the notes of a suspended bank shall bear interest at 6 per cent. until the public is notified that they can be redeemed.

#### NOT LIKE AMERICAN SYSTEM.

During my stay in Montreal I met the manager of the Bank of Montreal, E. H. Clouston, and had a chat with him about Canadian banking methods. The Bank of Montreal is one of the chief financial institutions of the world. It was founded by Montreal merchants in 1817, when James Monroe was beginning his first term as President of the United States, and its original capital was \$135,000. It paid a dividend of 8 per cent the first year, and has paid dividends ever since. Its capital has been increased to \$14,400,000, and it has now a surplus twenty times as large as the amount originally invested. Its president is Lord Strathcona, the richest man in Canada and the representative of the Dominion in London.

The Bank of Montreal looks more like one of our government departments than any financial institution of Wall street. It has Corinthian pillars at the front, and its roof, a hundred feet above the floor, is upheld by columns of black granite from Vermont, each as big around as a flour barrel and as bright as polished iron. Everything about the building is stately, and the servants are as imposing as those of the Bank of England. A sleek, black-haired Jeremiah Crumpler-like butler, in a blue suit trimmed with red and a bright red vest with brass buttons, took in my card to Mr. Clouston, and I was conducted into a church-like reception-room and asked to wait.

In speaking of Canadian banking Mr. Clouston said:

"I think our system is better than the American. It has more checks upon bank officials and is more preventive of established here a system of canals which branches in every part of Canada we feel every day the pulse of."

#### THE WHOLE COUNTRY.

We keep track of the financial conditions and financial movements, and we can prevent panics and similar disasters."

"How about your interest rates?" I asked. "Does not your system of chartered banks tend to equalize them throughout the Dominion?"

"I think so," stated Mr. Clouston. "The rate is now about 5½ or 6 per cent. almost everywhere, with an increase where the risk of loss is greater. We get higher rates in the far West and in the mining regions."

"But is not your banking system a monopoly or trust? Does it not tend to crowd out the small fry?"

"It prevents the establishment of small banking institutions, but that is for the good of the public. It is not a trust, although the chartered banks might be called combinations of capital, which to a certain extent work together. I believe that they render our financial condition safer, and that they are for the general good of the country."

"What is the condition of Canada today?"

"It is prosperous, and it has been so for some years."

"Will this condition continue?"

"I see no reason why it should not. Canada is at the beginning of its growth, and it is developing rapidly. Immigrants are settling our great West, factories are being established by capital from the United States, and all sorts of sound enterprises are being undertaken. I see no reason why our country should not go right ahead and steadily increase in population and wealth. I believe that we are doing better here on the whole than you are in the United States. We have one of the best railways in the country, and we are building two others, which will be equally great. When the Canadian Pacific was started the people laughed at the idea that it would be a financial success. It is now one of the most profitable of the world's railways."

from the bitter cold and winds.

Even more singular was the church in this indefatigable missionary erected on the desolate shore of Black Island, Cumberland Sound. Forty sealskins sewn together and stretched over a framework of whale's ribs constituted the walls and roof, while the interior was provided with provision boxes and boards that did duty for seats. All went well until one day the Eskimos' dogs, hard pressed by hunger, made an attack upon the structure, which they partially devoured. The rents in the walls caused by their

#### VORACIOUS APPETITE

were for a time mended with strips of canvas and sacking, but the church was subsequently demolished and a wooden one built in its stead.

The first place of worship ever erected at Perth, in Western Australia, is worthy of note not only by reason of the unusual materials employed in its construction, but because of the varied uses to which it was put. When in 1829, the 2nd Company of the 63rd Regiment arrived in the Colony, the men proceeded to collect a quantity of rushes, from which they, with considerable skill and ingenuity, constructed a small building, where every Sunday Divine service was held. For more secular purposes, however, did it serve for not only was it employed as a barracks, but at intervals it did duty as a theatre, on the boards of which its builders were wont to display their histrionic ability.

#### VITRIFIED CLAY.

is the material of which a Chicago church has been constructed, even the window-frames being of that material. The decorative features are white terracotta, the altars, communion rail, and organ-loft being of that substance. The ceiling is of brick and tile vaulting, the keystones of terra-cotta, and the ribs of the arches and groins of moulded brick. Another peculiarity attaches to this church, for like Solomon's temple, it was built without sound of hammer, not a single nail having been used in its construction.

Near Niagara Falls, in the little village of Munford, stands a church which may be said to be literally built of fossils. At first glance the edifice would appear to be constructed of rough sandstone covered with a coating of coarse plaster, which, on nearer approach, resolves itself into a delicate tracery of leaves, branches, and twigs, preserved for all time by being metamorphosed into indurated masses of flinty limestones—permanent mementoes of

#### SOME PRIMEVAL FOREST.

Though wooden churches are not uncommon, one made from a single tree must be almost, if not quite, unique. Such a one is the Baptist Church in Santa Rosa, which is built entirely from the wood of a single redwood tree, the size of which can be roughly computed from the fact that after the church—one of the largest, by the way, in the country—had been erected, enough material remained from which to cut 60,000 shingles. In a somewhat different sense a church in Gippsland, the eastern province of Victoria, may be said to have required but a single tree-trunk for its construction, inasmuch as a giant eucalyptus was hollowed out until a room sufficient to contain a congregation of fifty was formed. At San Jose, in California, there is a similar church capable of holding twenty-five worshippers and a small organ.

#### THE TALLEST MEN OF EUROPE.

The tallest men of Europe are found in Catalonia, Normandy, Yorkshire, and the Ardennes district of Belgium. Prussia gets her tallest recruits from Schleswig-Holstein, the original home of the Anglo-Saxons; Austria from the Tyrolean highlands. In Italy the progress of physical degeneration has extended to the upper Apennines, but the Albanian Turks are still an athletic race, and the natives of the Caucasus are as sinewy and gaunt as in the days of the Argonauts.

house for twelve months at the expense of Marylebone ratepayers, was sentenced to twenty-one days' imprisonment.

The Medical officer of the London County Council having reported that "standing" as a punishment should not be inflicted on any children in the special schools, orders have been issued to the teachers of such schools prohibiting this form of punishment.

#### WHAT AN EARTHQUAKE DID.

##### A District In Japan Entirely Changed in a Day.

On October 28th, 1891, a great earthquake took place at Gifu, in the interior of Japan, 151 miles from Tokio. The results were carefully mapped. In the inner zone fields changed their shape and size; sometimes they were compressed to seven-tenths of their former size, and had to be surveyed. Riverbeds contracted one or two per cent. A great fracture extended sixty miles across the country, marked by an embankment twenty feet high. Apparently the whole country fell, mountains, hills, rice fields and forests, on one side of the fissure, leaving the other side up. Landslides were brought about, and in one case a whole grove of bamboos moved sixty feet with the trees upright. In the inner zone, near the centre, temples collapsed, bridges were destroyed and shortened, railways were twisted, many fissures and mounds formed, grave-stones were piled together, and in general the country presented the appearance of having been shaken up in a hopper. Bamboo houses were sometimes driven into the ground so that only the roofs remained on the surface. Among the wounded from such an earthquake tetanus and various spinal troubles are common, the bacillus of tetanus being an earth product. In the outer zone the Japanese houses commonly stood, but European masonry suffered. Tombstones and stone lanterns were thrown down, and the pond waters were lashed into foam. In thirty seconds Japan lost \$40,000,000, 9,960 people and 128,750 dwellings, not counting temples and factories. The country was literally tossed to pieces. It is said that the dwellers in an earthquake land are temperamentally affected by it. There is probably some direct relation between seismicity and the national characteristics, such as stolidity, indifference, fatalism and endurance, coupled with high nervous and muscular development.

#### FAMOUS ENGLISH ENGINE.

##### Sixty-four-year-old "Lord of the Isles" to be Broken up.

After having been preserved as a relic at Swindon, England, works since the abolition of the broad-gauge track in 1892, the engine Lord of the Isles has been condemned to the scrap heap. She was the last remaining locomotive of Brunel's famous "white elephant" railroad.

Designed sixty-four years ago by the late Sir Daniel Gooch, the Lord of the Isles, with her big driving wheels, tall chimney, and abundant brass work, stood as the model of all the subsequent broad-gauge express engines.

She remained a monument to British engineering genius, for after her last journey had been run she was sent on show to the Chicago World's Fair and the great Paris Exhibition, gaining medals at both.

In these days, of great locomotives and long non-stop journeys people are apt to look down upon the early engines. The broad-gauge engines, however, certainly had the quality of speed.

It is still handed on as a tradition among Great Western veterans how, in the early forties, a broad-gauge locomotive raced against time from Bristol to Paddington—the limits of the then existing line—a distance of 117 miles.

This urgent journey was to enable a bill to be deposited in Parliament before the House adjourned; and, so the legend runs, the distance was covered in just over an hour.

of the company.

#### TRESPASS ON LINE.

"The law upon this branch of our subject has been thus stated in a text book recently published in England: 'Carriage by Railway,' by H. Disney, barrister-at-law. 'If a person is wrongfully on the premises of a railway company there is no duty upon the company to warn him of even concealed dangers. He comes entirely at his own risk, and, though nothing may be done with the intention of injuring even a criminal (as by setting a man-trap to catch a thief), the company is under no obligation for negligence to a trespasser.' Thus if a person were in a train with the fraudulent intention of traveling without paying, the company would probably not be responsible if that person were injured by negligence. Again, a person trespassing on the line could not make the company answerable for injuries received while so trespassing."

#### FARMING IN LONDON.

##### The Great Metropolis Raised Big Crop Last Year.

Millions of people who look upon the capital of the Empire as anything but an agricultural centre will be surprised to learn that during 1905 2,080 bushels of wheat were grown in the county of London.

The agricultural returns, which were issued recently, show that the acreage under cultivation in London and the estimated yield were as follows:

|                                 | Yield.        | Acreage. |
|---------------------------------|---------------|----------|
| Wheat . . . . .                 | 2,080 bushels | 65       |
| Barley . . . . .                | 880 bushels   | 22       |
| Oats . . . . .                  | 3,456 bushels | 72       |
| Beans . . . . .                 | 440 bushels   | 22       |
| Peas . . . . .                  | 618 bushels   | 27       |
| Potatoes . . . . .              | 1,960 tons    | 324      |
| Turnips and<br>swedes . . . . . | 701 tons      | 50       |
| Mangolds . . . . .              | 4,919 tons    | 246      |
| Hay . . . . .                   | 4,032 tons    | 2,871    |

The only class of produce included in the general returns which London did not raise was hops.

#### GORDON'S ONLY WEAPON.

##### Had a Cane in His Hand When He Fell at Khartoum.

In some reminiscences of Sir Frederick St. John, a diplomatist who served his country well, we have the facts which prompted General Gordon to carry no weapon but a cane when leading the Imperial troops during the Taping struggle. How he came to do so has not, so far as we are aware, been told. We therefore quote Sir Frederick St. John's explanation:—

"When acting in conjunction with the Chinese general, San-ko-lin-sin, against either Nankin or Foochow, Gordon received a message from the rebel leaders, offering submission if their lives were guaranteed. Having obtained the consent of the Chinese commander, he agreed. The town surrendered, and the three rebel chiefs appeared before San-ko-lin-sin. He seeing that they had not shaved their heads in sign of submission had them decapitated on the spot. Whereupon exasperated beyond control by such treachery, Gordon armed himself with a revolver, and was hastening to the general's tent with the intention of chastising him in the most summary manner for his breach of faith, when suddenly he paused, and coming, on reflection, to the conclusion that his contemplated act was simple murder, he threw away his weapon and registered a vow that, so long as he remained in China, he would never again carry any weapon more formidable than a cane."

#### HOT WATER SUPPLY.

The first co-operative system of hot water supply in this country is to be installed at Kells, Whitehaven, England, in thirty-two miners' cottages built for the Earl of Lonsdale. Hot water for all the houses will be supplied from one boiler, and the arrangement is expected to prove economical and convenient.



## TRICKS TO DRAW TRADE

### AN ATLANTA DRY GOODS MAN HAD HIS PARTNER ARRESTED.

### A Balloon Disaster Turned to Good Account — A Clever Welsh Miller.

Not long ago the junior partner in a dry goods firm in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, applied for a warrant for the arrest of his senior partner on the ground that he was selling goods below cost and so losing the firm money. Great was the interest when the case came on. The court was crowded. Then counsel for the senior partner asked for postponement in order to have more time to prepare his case. The request was granted and the senior partner temporarily released. As the senior member left the court the younger stood up and angrily cried, "If he is released the sacrifice will still go on!"

An hour later his shop was simply crowded by bargain-seekers, and when the case was called again no plaintiff appeared and the suit was dismissed. The firm had succeeded in catching their customers.

Disasters are often turned to good account by smart merchants. A small Parisian cloth-manufacturing concern have lately doubled their profits through the

### TERRIBLE BALLOON DISASTER

near Rouen a couple of years ago. It may be remembered that, when the car of the balloon broke away and the aeronaut and his elder son plunged to death, the younger was caught by a hook which pierced his coat. He was so carried for four miles, and came safely to the ground. The identical coat was re-purchased by its makers, the above-mentioned company, and hangs in their windows, with a full description of how it saved the wearer's life.

A Welsh miller proved himself the equal of either American or Frenchman in smartness. He was unlucky to lose a guinea in a bin of flour, and, after trying in vain to find it, told a neighbor the story. "Well, I suppose it will crop up in one of the sacks," said the latter. This gave the miller an idea. He advertised his loss in the local paper, offering a reward to the finder.

### HIS SALES TREBLED

In the next few weeks and he was paid for his lost guinea many times over.

It was an American patent medicine manufacturer who bought a noted trotting horse, named it "Brambling's Liver Pill," and issued an open challenge to race it for \$25,000 a side. The horse has run several races, winning some and losing others, but its odd nomenclature has caused so much comment as to well fulfill its purchaser's purpose.

A most excellent idea on the part of a large Brooklyn shop is what it calls "a vestibule nursery," where children can be left by their mothers while the latter do their shopping. There is a large room with great plate-glass windows and beautifully fitted. Not only is this institution a boon to mothers who cannot afford nurses, and so have to take their babies with them when they go shopping, but the passers-by are attracted by the glimpses they catch of this pretty room, with its crowd of smiling babies and

### NEAT AND DAINY NURSES.

One stormy night a couple of years ago a man was standing looking into a shop-window in North London holding an umbrella over his head. It was one of those cheap affairs with a metal stick and handle. In some unexplainable fashion the tip of his umbrella came in contact with some unguarded portion of the electric light wire overhead. The circuit was completed, and the unfortunate man received a shock which killed him on the spot. The crowds of inquisitive people who gathered next day to view the body

# DON'T THROW MONEY AWAY



THE SETTING HEN—Her failures have discouraged many a poultry raiser.

**You can make money raising chicks in the right way—lots of it.**

No one doubts that there is money in raising chickens with a good incubator and brooder.

Users of the Chatham Incubator and Brooder have all made money. If you still cling to the old idea that you can successfully run a poultry business using the hen as a hatcher, we would like to reason with you.

In the first place, we can prove to you that your actual cash loss in eggs, which the 50 hens should lay during the time you keep them hatching and brooding, will be enough to pay for a Chatham Incubator and Brooder in five or six hatches, to say nothing whatever of the larger and better results attained by the use of the Chatham Incubator and Brooder.

If you allow a hen to set, you lose at least eight weeks of laying (three weeks hatching and five weeks taking care of the chickens), or, in the eight weeks she would lay at least three dozen eggs. Let the Chatham Incubator on the hatching, while the hen goes on laying eggs.

Our No. 3 Incubator will hatch as many eggs as twenty setting hens, and do it better. Now, here is a question in arithmetic:—

If you keep 20 hens from laying for 8 weeks, how much cash do you lose if each hen would have laid 3 dozen eggs, and eggs are worth 15 cents per dozen? Ans.—\$9.00.

Therefore, when the Chatham Incubator is hatching the number of eggs that twenty hens would hatch, it is really earning in cash for you \$9.00, besides producing for your profit chicks by the wholesale, and being ready to do the same thing over again the moment each hatch is off.

Don't you think, therefore, that it pays to keep the hens laying and let the Chatham Incubator do the hatching?

There are many other reasons why the Chatham Incubator and Brooder outclasses the setting hen.

The hen sets when she is ready. The Chatham Incubator is always ready. By planning to take off a hatch at the right time, you may have plenty of broilers to sell when broilers are scarce and prices at the top notch. If you control on the hen, your chicks will grow to broilers just when every other hen's chicks are being marketed, and when the price is not so stiff.

The hen is a careless mother, often leading her chicks amongst wet grass, bushes, and in places where rats can confiscate her young.

The Chatham Brooder behaves itself, is a perfect mother and very rarely loses a chick, and is not infested with lice.

Altogether, there is absolutely no reasonable reason for continuing the use of a hen as a hatcher and every reason why you should have a Chatham Incubator and Brooder.

We are making a very special offer, which it will pay you to investigate.

### Small Premises Sufficient For Poultry Raising.

Of course, if you have lots of room, so much the better, but many a man and woman are carrying on a successful and profitable poultry business in small city or town lots. Anyone with a fair sized stable or shed and a small yard can raise poultry profitably.

But to make money quickly, you must get away from the old idea of trying to do business with setting hens as hatchers. You must get a Chatham Incubator and Brooder.

To enable everybody to get a fair start in the right way in the poultry business, we make a very special offer which it is worth your while to investigate.

We can supply you quickly from our distributing warehouses at Calgary, Brandon, Regina, Halifax, Chatham. Factories at CHATHAM, ONT., and DETROIT, MICH.

**The MANSON CAMPBELL CO., Limited, Dept. No. 35, CHATHAM, CANADA**

**Let us quote you prices on a good Fanning Mill or good Farm Scale.**

## CENSUS OF THE EMPIRE

TAKEN IN 1901 AND THE RESULTS ARE ISSUED NOW.

The Chatham Incubator and Brooder has created a New Era in Poultry Raising.

The setting Hen as a Hatcher has been proven a Commercial Failure.

The Chatham Incubator and Brooder has always proved a Money Maker.

### A Light, Pleasant and Profitable Business for Women

Many women are to-day making an independent living and putting by money every month raising poultry with a Chatham Incubator.

Any woman with a little leisure time at her disposal can, without any previous experience or without a cent of cash, begin the poultry business and make money right from the start.

Perhaps you have a friend who is doing so. If not, we can give you the names of many who started with much misgiving only to be surprised by the ease and rapidity with which the profits came to them.

Of course, success depends on getting a right start. You must begin right. You can never make any considerable money as a poultry raiser with hens as hatchers. You must have a good incubator and brooder, but this means in the ordinary way an investment which, perhaps you are not prepared to make just now, and this is just where our special offer comes in.

If you are in earnest, we will set you up in the poultry business without a cent of cash down. If we were not sure that the Chatham Incubator and Brooder is the best and that with it and a reasonable amount of effort on your part you are sure to make money, we would not make the special offer below.

**WE WILL SHIP NOW TO YOUR STATION FREIGHT PREPAID**

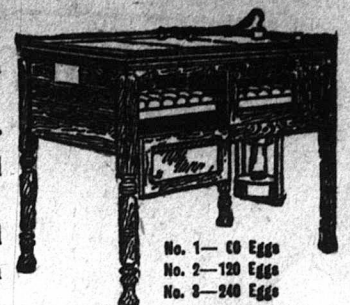
## A CHATHAM INCUBATOR and BROODER

**You Pay us no Cash Till After 1906 Harvest**

"Gentlemen.—Your No. 1 Incubator is all right. I am perfectly satisfied with it. Will get a larger one from you next year. H. M. LOCKWOOD, Lindsay, Ont."

"Gentlemen.—I think both Incubator and Brooder is all right. I got 75 per cent. out of three hatches. R. S. FLEMING, Flatville, Ont."

"Gentlemen.—I had never seen an incubator until I received yours. I was pleased and surprised to get over 80 per cent., and the chickens are all strong and healthy. A child could operate machine successfully. Jas. Day, Rathwell, Man."



No. 1—60 Eggs  
No. 2—120 Eggs  
No. 3—240 Eggs

THE CHATHAM INCUBATOR—It's success has encouraged many to make more money than they ever thought possible out of chicks.

### Every Farmer Should Raise Poultry

Almost every farmer "keeps hens," but while he knows that there is a certain amount of profit in the business, even when setting it takes care of itself, few farmers are aware of how much they are losing every year by not getting into the poultry business in such a way as to make real money out of it.

The setting hen as a hatcher will never be a commercial success. Her business is to lay eggs and she should be kept at it. The only way to raise chicks for profit is to begin right, by installing a Chatham Incubator and Brooder. With such a machine you can begin hatching on a large scale at any time.

You can only get one crop off your fields in a year, but with a Chatham Incubator and Brooder and ordinary attention, you can raise chickens from early spring until winter and have a crop every month. Think of it!

Quite a few farmers have discovered that there is money in the poultry business and have found this branch of farming so profitable that they have installed several Chatham Incubators and Brooders after trying the first.

Perhaps you think that it requires a great deal of time or a great deal of technical knowledge to raise chickens with a Chatham Incubator and Brooder. If so, you are greatly mistaken. Your wife or daughter can attend to the machine and look after the chickens without interfering with their regular household duties.

The market is always good and prices are never low. The demand is always in excess of the supply and at certain times of the year you can practically get any price you care to ask for good broilers. With a Chatham Incubator and Brooder you can start hatching at the right time to bring the chickens to marketable broilers when the supply is very low and the prices accordingly high. This you could never do with hens as hatchers.

We know that there is money in the poultry business for every farmer who will go about it right. All you have to do is to get a Chatham Incubator and Brooder and start it. But perhaps you are not prepared just now to spend the money. This is why we make the special offer.

### IS THIS FAIR?

We know there is money in raising chickens. We know the Chatham Incubator and Brooder has no equal.

We know that with any reasonable effort on your part, you cannot but make money out of the Chatham Incubator and Brooder.

We know that we made a similar offer last year and that in every case the payments were met cheerfully and promptly, and that in many cases money was accompanied by letters expressing satisfaction.

Therefore, we have no hesitation in making this proposition to every honest, earnest man or woman who may wish to add to their yearly profits with a small expenditure of time and money.

This really means that we will set you up in the poultry business so that you can make money right from the start, without asking for a single cent from you until after 1906 harvest.

If we knew of a fairer offer, we would make it. Write us a post card with your name and address, and we will send you full particulars, as well as our beautifully illustrated book, "How to make money out of chicks." Write to-day to Chatham.

Winnipeg, New Westminster, B.C., Montreal.

## LONDON'S GREAT TRAFFIC.

Facts Displayed in Recent Blue Books.

Two blue books of singular interest are volumes V. and VI. of the Report of the Royal Commission on London Traffic. Among the astonishing facts obtain-

dhists, 12 millions; primitive, animistics, pagans, etc., 23 millions.

In regard to lunacy the report states that in nearly all the colonies the proportion is much below that in the United Kingdom. The proportion of lunatics and feeble-minded to the 10,000 is as follows:—United Kingdom. 43; Malta 42; Victoria, 41; New Zealand, 36; New South Wales, 23; Canada, 21; Bahamas,

able fashion the tip of his umbrella came in contact with some unguarded portion of the electric light wire overhead. The circuit was completed, and the unfortunate man received a shock which killed him on the spot. The crowds of inquisitive people who gathered next day to view the scene of the tragedy found the window filled with a brand-new assortment of wooden-handled umbrellas, with a full explanation of the dangers incurred by using one of metal. Needless to say, the enterprising shop-keeper reaped a rich reward. — London Tit-Bits.

### SUICIDE ON WEDDING MORN.

#### Scepticism Drives Last of a Noble Family to Grave.

A terrible wedding tragedy took place at Naples, Italy, recently. The young Prince Vincenza Pignatelli, only 20 years of age, was to have been married at 4 o'clock in the afternoon to the Countess Anna Saluzzo.

In the early hours of the morning the Prince rang for his servant. The latter at once made his way to his master's room, but before he could reach it heard a shot. The Prince was found lying wounded on the floor near the bed. He tried to speak, but fell back dead.

On a table by the bed lay a volume of poems, open at the lines: "Could I forever rest my weary heart! Gone is the last delusion which I cherished."

The Prince left two letters, the first addressed to his father and the second to his betrothed. To his father he summarized his objections to marriage, and ended with the words: "I return to the void whence I came."

In that addressed to his bride he besought her pardon, and said that scepticism alone compelled him to suicide. The Prince and his father were the last two representatives of a noble house.

### PAYING PROFESSION.

The finest profession in the world from a money-making point of view is the law for those who get front places, as witness the case of the Earl of Halsbury, who resigns the Lord High Chancellorship on a comfortable pension of \$25,000 a year. For five years—1875-80—he was Solicitor-General, drawing about \$45,000 per annum in salary and fees, and he has occupied the Woolsack, with but a brief interval, for seventeen years at a salary of \$50,000 per annum. Up to the present, therefore, he has received for his services to the State about \$975,000, to which another \$25,000 must now be added for every year that he survives. The Irish Lord Chancellor, Lord Ashbourne, whose retirement was also necessitated by Mr. Balfour's resignation, has received from public money about \$725,000. He will now have to rest content with the modest pension of \$18,460 per annum.

### ELECTRICITY FROM THE SKY.

A late attempt to get electric power from the atmosphere is credited to M. Michkin, a Russian. A kite was sent up from a mountain near Novo-Alexandria, and when it had risen a little above 100 feet sparks began to appear in the collecting apparatus at the rate of every three to five seconds, soon changing to a continuous stream. A motor was then driven by a pressure of 22,000 volts for an hour, stopping for an interval when the wind fell. The motor reached a speed of 4,700 revolutions per minute, and it was concluded that loftier flying, with a motor designed for higher pressure, could supply considerable power.

### LORD KITCHENER'S DOUBLE.

The chief police-inspector in one of the South London divisions is the living image of Lord Kitchener. By a curious coincidence his name is Kitch. It would be impossible to distinguish the two men but for a genial smile which is ever present on the inspector's face, and which is such a contrast to the usual stern aspect of the Indian Commander.

### TAKEN IN 1901 AND THE RESULTS ARE ISSUED NOW.

#### Figures as to the Religious Divisions of King Edward's Subjects.

Somewhat tardy in making its appearance, but of extreme interest, is the report issued of the census of the British Empire taken in 1901.

The report deals not only with the population, but also includes conditions of marriage, occupations, birth-places, religions, degrees of education, and infirmities.

The first British Empire census was made in 1861, and England and her possessions then comprised 8,500,000 square miles. In forty years the aggregate area of the Empire has increased by 40 per cent., and in 1901 amounted to 11,150,378 square miles, or rather more than one-fifth of the land area of the globe.

#### THE INCREASE SHOWN.

The population in 1861 was about 259,000,000. In 1901, exclusive of North-western Rhodesia, for which no estimate could be obtained, it reached 400,000,000. Of this huge total 294,361,056 are contained in the Indian Empire, increased by 81,000,000 people since 1871.

In 1861 the population of the United Kingdom was 28,927,485; in 1901 it was recorded as 41,458,721.

Next in bulk of figure comes Canada. Five years ago her population was 3,371,315; 45 years ago it was roughly estimated at 3,199,418.

Australia increased her population in 45 years from 1,208,641 to 3,836,154. In one instance only has the population of any British possession decreased. In 1871 the population of Gambia was recorded as 14,190; in 1901 it had shrunk to 13,456.

#### DENSITY OF POPULATION.

In regard to average density of population, there are 33.5 persons to the square mile throughout the British Empire; the most densely populated districts are the Isle of Man and the Channel Islands, 496.3 to the square mile; the most sparsely, Australia, with 1.3.

Calcutta is, next to London, the most populous city of the Empire. In 1710 its population was put at ten or twelve thousand; five years ago the figure reached 848,000.

In religion the report classes 395,000,000 people of the Empire as follows:—Hindoo, 208 millions; Mohammedans, 91 millions; Christians, 58 millions; Bud-

dhist, 25; in regard to race the report states that in nearly all the colonies the proportion is much below that in the United Kingdom. The proportion of lunatics and feeble-minded to the 10,000 is as follows:—United Kingdom, 43; Malta, 42; Victoria, 41; New Zealand, 36; New South Wales, 32; Canada, 31; Bahama Islands, 31; South Australia, 31; Fiermudas, 30; Grenada, 30; Sierra Leone 25; Tasmania, 25.

### HYPNOTIZED BY TELEPHONE.

Some remarkable experiments in the way of hypnotizing by telephone have just been carried out in the Savoy Hotel, London, England, by Mr. F. F. Abbott. The experiments were conducted in the presence of a considerable number of medical men. Mr. Abbott introduced a young Scotsman, whom he had hypnotized seven times during the previous fortnight. After passing his hand over the face of the subject, Mr. Abbott soon reduced the man to a passive state, and, then, accompanied by one of the medical men, he left the building, and from a distance of two miles telephoned to the hotel in which the seance had been held. When the bell in the hotel room rang the young Scotsman went to the telephone, and, with a shudder, fell back quite unconscious. Mr. Abbott had commanded him over the telephone to go to sleep, and the subject remained in a hypnotized state until Mr. Abbott returned and awakened him.

### MUSICAL BED.

A native Indian ruler owns a musical bed. The weight of the body sets the works in motion, and it plays half an hour, while life-sized figures of Grecian maidens at its head and foot finger stringed instruments. Fans are waved by a concealed motor, which keeps them going the whole night long.

### BALDWIN'S BED.

A gravedigger of Alresford, Hants, England, named Baldwin, better known as "Duke," who has just died, had not slept in a bed for twenty years. His usual resting-place was an open shed outside the town, and his only covering a few sacks. Occasionally he slept in a newly-dug grave.

### BEQUEST TO CHICKENS.

A woman who recently died in Chicago had for years kept a number of chickens, and in her will she left \$1,500 to be used in erecting "a chicken-house, good and warm, and lined inside and out, for them."

### Facts Displayed in Books.

Two blue books of singular interest are volumes V. and VI. of the Report of the Royal Commission on London Traffic.

Among the astonishing facts obtainable from these maps and diagrams are the following:—

One-fourth of the population of England and Wales live within 20 miles radius of Charing Cross.

From the Strand one can get to 21 points of London; from Whitehall to 22 and from Piccadilly to 18.

The omnibuses of London carry in one year the whole population of the United Kingdom seven times over.

A passenger in Oxford Street has a choice of 29 different omnibus routes through that street to different parts of London.

The total number of passengers on London's tramways, railways and omnibuses in one year is equal to three-quarters of the population of London.

The route mileage of railways within the area now constituting the administrative County of London was only 29½ in 1845; in 1860 it was 69½; in 1880 it had increased to 215½; and in 1900 to 248½.

At the busy time of the day 642 omnibuses pass by the Bank in an hour, a procession of 2½ miles long; 400 through Oxford street and Piccadilly, a procession of 1½ miles in length.

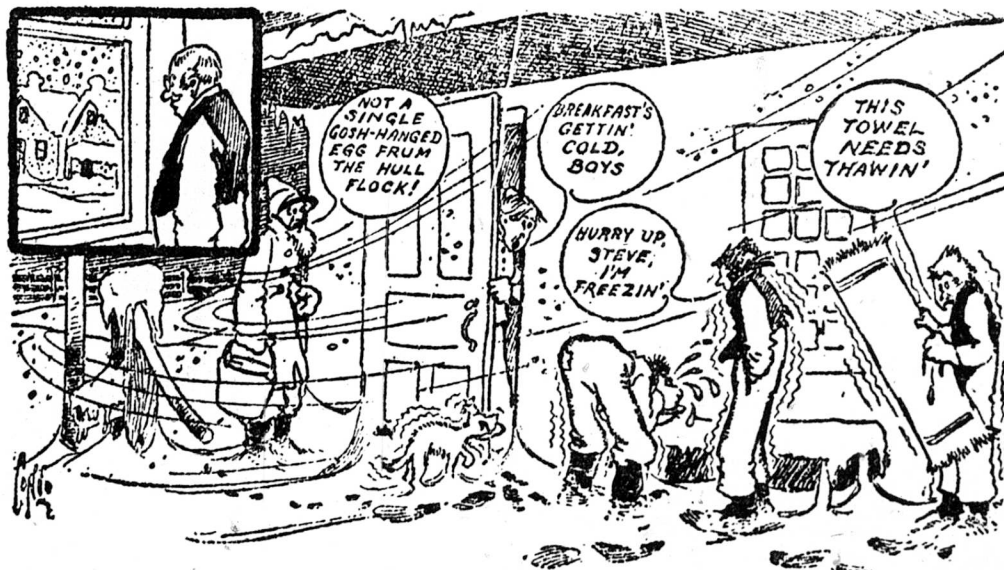
Motor omnibuses hold 34 persons, as against a horse omnibus load of 26, so that if horse omnibuses in London were replaced by motor omnibuses the streets would be relieved of one-fourth of their existing omnibus traffic.

### MILLIONAIRE M'NIFICENCE.

A benevolent bequest of \$5,000,000 is rather above even the multi-millionaire standard. It has, however, recently been attained in France. The old city of Dijon is the legatee, and the testatrix is a widow lady, Mme. Grangier, a wealthy landed proprietress, who died not long ago, and bequeathed the whole of her estate, which is valued at \$5,000,000, to the city of Dijon.

### ISLAND OF BLACK CATS.

Chatham Island, off the Coast of Ecuador, South America, abounds in cats, every one of which is black. These animals live in the crevices of the lava formation near the coast, and subsist by catching fish and crabs, instead of rats and mice.



### COLD FACTS ABOUT THE GOOD OLD DAYS.

"This reminds me of the good old days down on the farm. My, but we were a hardy lot. We never had to have the second call for breakfast. Not much! I can remember how exhilarating it was to wash up after we'd done our chores. No hot water for us! No, indeed! The good, bracing temperature of the water just as it came from the stream put new life into us."





## THE NEW ONES

They are here in all styles and at all prices. High Shoes or Low, Black or Chocolate.

Ladies' Fine Black Kid Oxford at \$100, 1.25 1.50, 2.00, 2.50 and..... **\$3.00**

Ladies' Fine Vici Kid Lace Boots at \$2.00 2.50, 3.00, 3.50 and..... **\$3.75**

Ladies' Dongola Kid Lace Boots with good strong sewed soles at \$1.25, 1.50 and.... **\$2.00**

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.

## THE BEST FLOUR. DAFOE'S NONESUCH DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT

(By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flour in the market.

When buying Flour ask for Dafoe's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior Flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and BUCK WHEAT FLOUR always on hand.

FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best ANTHRACITE COAL. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

NAPANEE,  
16th January, 1906.

## Great Success

Our Wall Paper Opening on Saturday last was a Great Success. Everyone was pleased with the Beautiful designs, the immense stock and the reasonable prices.

Paper is going with a rush. If you propose using any Paper this spring it will pay you to call while the assortment is complete.

## Seeds For 1906 Seeds to Buy! Seeds to Sell!

Poultry Supplies of all kinds.  
Bibby's Cream Equivalent, the World's  
Calf Feed  
Condition Powders.  
Herbageum, Blotchfords, etc.

—AT—

**SYMINGTON'S**  
South Side Dundas Street, Napanee, Ont.  
At The Downtown Office of the  
NAPANEE CANNING CO., Limited,

Lennox and Addington Old Boys' Re-Union will be held in Napanee, on the 23rd, 24th, 25th, and 26th of August.

Builders Hardware, Paints, Oil, Glass, Varnishes for Boats, floor finishes at **BOYLE & SON.**

The committee in charge of the new ferry have commenced the building of the boat. Good progress is being made.

## Try Hooper's

The Crown Bank have leased the store in the Cook Block formerly occupied by Messrs Madole & Wilson. The re-fitting of the building will commence at once.

A large force of Bell Telephone linemen are in town making alterations to the Telephone wires. A large number of wires will be removed from the streets and cables substituted.

Peter Barnhart an old and much respected resident of Hay Bay, passed away on Monday, aged 80 years, 2 months. The funeral took place on Wednesday, the remains being placed

## PROGRESS BRAND —OF— CLOTHING.

For Men and Boys, Nice, Neat, "Up-to-Date" patterns

Suits for Men \$8.00 to \$13  
Rainproof Coats 8.00 to 13  
Boys' Suits - 3.50 to 7

You can probably find higher priced Clothing, but no more "Up-to-Date" or better fitting.— Our guarantee goes with every suit.

See Window Display.

## J. L. BOYES,

Men's and Boys' Clothier.

## Hogs Wanted.

I will ship on Wednesday next, April 4th, and will pay the highest market prices for good select hogs

J. W. HALL.

## Easter: Past and Present.

Long before the Christian era our Saxon fore-fathers held a yearly festival in honor of the Spring Goddess Easter. The early church fathers were wise enough to turn the old-time observances to higher use, and for centuries Eastertide has been Christendom's most widely celebrated festival. We invite your inspection of our choice assortment of Easter Chocolates in dainty packages, also Easter Greeting Cards and Perfumes. The Medical Hall.—Fred L. Hooper.

A small fire in the grass at the east end of the Bay of Quinte Ry. office at the station gave the firemen a run on Monday morning. The blaze was close to office and had begun to scorch the building when discovered. A few pails of water quenched the blaze.

Maple syrup made its first appearance on our market, Saturday, but it was no drug on the market the three farmers who had milk cans filled with the maple product had crowds about their rigs, and their supply did not last very long. The price asked was \$1 per gallon.

"Herpicide" guaranteed to cure Dandruff, stops hair falling, and prevents baldness. 10 cts an application, at  
**THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP**  
A. WILLIS.

On Sunday morning Annie Dorothy, the little daughter of Rev. J. R. Conn, passed away. The baby was but a little over one year old, but for about six months had been a sufferer from rheumatism. The funeral took place from the manse on Tuesday to the Eastern Cemetery.

The death occurred at Hannibal, N. Y., on Wednesday, March 28th, of John Burren, a former resident on the Kingston road about three miles from Napanee, aged seventy-four years. Mr. Burren's house burned on March 26th, and while attempting to save the contents of his home, deceased was so badly burned that he died a couple of days afterwards. Mrs. Thos. Pierson Napanee is a daughter of deceased.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Crescitol tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists

Cord wood and Block wood for sale. Robt. Light

21-t-f.

## PERSONALS

Mr. J. M. Wright, Yarker, was a caller at our office on Saturday.

Mr. J. W. Roundell spent a few days last week in West Lake, leaving this week for Chicago.

Mr. M. H. Fralick, has severed his connection with The Gibbard Furniture Co. and has secured a position at the G.T.R. station.

Mr. Sid Scott is again able to be around after undergoing an operation in Kingston General Hospital.

Mrs. J. S. Ham returned last week from a visit with her sisters in Hamilton.

Rev. H. Cairns left on Monday for Saskatoon, Sask.

Miss Minnie Caverhill, Ottawa, who has been the guest of Miss Pearl Perry returned to her home on Monday.

Mrs. W. A. Steacy is in Perth this week attending the funeral of a relative.

Mr. F. S. Lapum left on Sunday to assume his position in Mexico City.

Dr. Bell V. S. Kingston, was in town on Monday.

The Employees of Councillor Graham presented him with a Morris chair on his birthday last week.

Mr. W. J. Normile was in Toronto this week attending the Cycle and Automobile show.

Capt. A. F. Holmes was in Kingston on Tuesday.

Miss Birdie Schryver, Napanee, rendered a selection from Gounod in Brock street church on Sunday evening. Miss Schryver has a high soprano voice of rare sweetness and shows excellent training.—Whig.

Mr. Jas. McMurrin has taken a position with the Edward Daly Tea Co. of London, Ont.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Hulett, are away on a visit to Toronto and Hamilton and will return by way of Havelock to visit friends at Mr. Hulett's old home.

Mr. W. S. Herrington, Mr. C. M. Warner and Miss Elizabeth Warner, of Napanee, went to Toronto last Saturday.

Miss Jessie Neilson, of Napanee, left Monday for New York via Montreal.

Dr. Oscar Daley, of Kingston, was in Napanee last Sunday.

Dr. David John Smith, of Napanee, left for Chicago, last Friday.

Mr. Guy Simmons, of Wilton, has received the appointment of Postmaster, in place of Mr. Chas. Neilson, deceased.

Mr. W. S. Herrington, went to Belleville, Wednesday.

Mrs. Arnold Wolfe, of Kingston, is in attendance at the bedside of her father, Mr. Frank Morris.

Mr. Hartley Lapum left for Montreal Monday, after spending a few days with friends.

Mr. W. A. Grange spent Wednesday in Kingston.

Mrs. T. J. Naylor, Deseronto, spent Wednesday the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Coates.

Mr. Jas. Ferguson was in Montreal a few days last week.

Mr. J. W. Robinson left on Sunday for Scranton. Mr. Robinson hopes to bring Mrs. Robinson home with him.

Mr. Sam Smith who has been in the hospital at Kingston for the last three months, arrived home on Wednesday.

Mrs. E. W. Rathbun, Deseronto, sailed for England this week.

Mr. G. H. Bensley has been appointed cheese instructor for Napanee district.

Mr. F. F. Miller attended the Automobile Show in Toronto this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Rose, Tamworth were in town on Thursday.

Mrs. Herb Gibson is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Gibson.

Messrs. Wm. Day and Geo. Lindsay

and the reasonable prices.

Paper is going with a rush. If you propose using any Paper this spring it will pay you to call while the assortment is complete.

It is a pleasure to show our goods.

—:—  
—SEE OUR—

GERHARD HEINTZMAN PIANOS

A. E. PAUL.

NOTICE.  
PLYMOUTH COAL!

I now have a full stock of the Celebrated Plymouth Coal on hand.

Also a good grade of Pea Coal.

Special Discount for Cash.

Steam Coal and Blacksmith Coal also on hand.

CHAS. STEVENS,

1-tf Office, West Side Market Square

Know  
Your  
Eyes  
Are  
Right.

To become your eyes are right, or your glasses correctly fitted, consult

H. E. Smith.

Thousands are receiving benefit from his glasses. If you are in doubt about your eyes have them examined at

Smith's Jewellery Store

Paints and oils white lead, gasoline coal oil liquid veneer, removes all stains make furniture new.

BOYLE & SON.

McIntosh Rolled Oats,  
Granulated Oatmeal,  
Rolled Wheat,  
McIntosh's Germ Wheat,  
Cream of Wheat,  
The Genuine Wheatine,  
Gold Dust Corn Meal,

ALL FRESH AND GOOD.

will sell for a Short Time

10 lbs. of Wheatlets for 25c

FRANK H. PERRY.

the Telephone wires. A large number of wires will be removed from the streets and cables substituted.

Peter Burnhart an old and much respected resident of Hay Bay, passed away on Monday, aged 80 years, 2 months. The funeral took place on Wednesday, the remains being placed in the Eastern Cemetery Vault.

What might have been a serious accident happened to Mr. Chas. Vanalstine on Thursday morning. Mr. Vanalstine was drawing machinery from the station for Mr. Jas. Young and while turning at the foot of the canal part of his load slipped off, throwing him off head foremost badly scratching his face.

Canadian and American Coal-OK.  
MADOLE & WILSON.

New Perfume

Royal Hotel Block.

F. S. Scott's shop strictly up-to-date in every respect. A call solicited.

Elocutionary Contest.

The fifth Elocutionary contest for Medals will be held in the town hall on Thursday April 19th, 1906.

The Salvation Army Emigration.

Blank application forms for farmers who wish to apply to The Salvation Army for farm help may be had at this office.

Golf Club.

The Annual Meeting of the Napanee Golf Club will be held at the office of C. M. Warner on April 10th., at 4 p.m.

R. A. LEONARD,  
President.

MARECHAL NEIL ROSE

Elocutionary Contest.

The fifth elocutionary contest will be held in the Town Hall Thursday evening April 19th, under the auspices of the Epworth League of the E.M. Church. A good programme has been prepared. Judges, Messrs. W. J. Shannon, W. J. Campbell and A. C. Baker. Silver collection.

Morven Sugar Social.

Will be held in the Brick church on Tuesday April 10th. Sugar, program and everything first-class. The committee have secured the best local and outside talent and a most pleasant and profitable time is expected. Come and enjoy this evening with us. Tickets 25 cents.

Married in Toronto.

A quiet wedding took place on March 24th, at 20 Phoebe St., in drawing room of Mr. John Little by Rev. T. R. O'Meara, Trinity church, Rector where Mr. Wilfred S. Boyd of Ganarogue was united to Miss Stella Lloyd of Napanee. Miss Tessie Little acted as bridesmaid and Mr. John Furell as groomsman. Afterwards the guests assembled at Arlington Hotel where a wedding dinner was served.

At The

The Old Story.

"I have tried several opticians and paid dollars, and can see no better than before, in fact my eyesight is worse." Permit us to suggest that you try one more. If the expert optician in charge of our new optical department does not make you see as you have not seen for years, it will cost you nothing. We guarantee satisfaction. Eyes tested free. The Medical Hall.—Fred L. Hooper.

Medical Hall.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought

Colic, is, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresolene tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists

Cord wood and Block wood for sale. Robt. Light

21-t-f.



The way to catch 'em

at least to "clinch things."

No girl that's worth having will marry you for your diamonds, but few will say "No" when given them.

Think it over, and then come in and select from our superb stock of engagement and wedding rings, set with all varieties of stones, at all prices.

QUALITY ALWAYS GUARANTEED. Marriage Licenses as well. Strictly private.

F. CHINNECK'S  
JEWELLRY STORE.



See Our New Stock of

MEN'S "CRAVANETTE"  
Shower Proof Coats,  
Prices 5.00 to \$15.00  
All the Latest Goods.

C. A. GRAHAM & CO.,  
NAPANEE.

trict.

Mr. F. F. Miller attended the Automobile Show in Toronto this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Rose, Tamworth were in town on Thursday.

Mrs. Herb Gibson is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Gibson.

Messrs. Wm. Davy and Geo. Lindsay left for Cobalt on Monday.

Mr. Jas. Pringle, Deseronto, was in town on Monday.

Mr. W. J. Jewell is refitting the Milligan store on Dundas street for Mr. Fred Curry.

Mr. Bruce Wagar has accepted a position in the J. J. Haines Shoe store.

Mr. John Hinch, Centreville, was in town on Thursday.

Councillor Ming was in Toronto a few days this week.

Miss Leah Barnhart, Toronto, spent a few days this week at her home here.

Mrs. John Sullivan, Oswego, who has been spending the winter with Mr. Z. A. Grooms, returned home on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Lalonde, Toronto, were in town this week attending the funeral of her mother, Mrs. McCumber.

Miss Julia Wilcox, Picton, is the guest of Miss Alice Pruyn.

Mrs. Thos. Vanluven and daughter, Moscow, spent a few days in town this week with friends.

Mrs. A. Connolly and Miss Helen Trickey of Yarker, were guests of Mayor and Mrs. Lowry, on Thursday.

Mr. Frank Morris was taken seriously ill early this week and is still confined to his bed.

Mr. W. F. Hall has moved his office from near the Paisley House to over Wallaces Drug store, Grange block.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Guess leave for New York next week to visit his son Mr. Geo. A. Guess, of Mexico, who is in New York on business.

Mrs. C. W. Guess was in Picton this week attending the funeral of the late Mr. Mark Losee.

Mr. F. Burrows returned last week from a three months' stay in Cuba. Mr. Burrows says Cuba is an ideal place to spend the winter in, but he thinks he prefer our Canadian summers. While there the days were ninety in the shade, but the nights were cool enough for blankets. Vegetation in that island is wonderful, almost every kind of fruit and vegetables can be grown and in some cases three and four crops a year. Sugar is one of the principal exports of the island. Land is rapidly increasing in value, and the country is filling up with American speculators. Mr. Burrows went there for the benefit of his health, and is very much improved after his stay on the island and a life in the open air.

MARRIAGES.

McLAREN—CRAIG—At the residence of Mr. Wm. Finkle, South Napanee, by Rev. J. R. Real, on Wednesday April 4th, 1906, Mr. Frank McLaren to Miss Augusta B. Craig (daughter of the late Mr. John Craig), Moscow.

KELLAR—SMITH—At Morven, on Wednesday, April 4th, 1906, by Rev. H. Thomas, Joel Kellar, of Ernestown, to Bertie Smith, Morven.

DEATHS.

CONN—At Napanee, on Sunday, April 1st, 1906, Annie Dorothy, infant daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Conn, aged 1 year, 11 days.

LUCAS—At Petrolia, Ont., on March 24th, 1906, Bowen A. Lucas, third son of the late John Lucas, Moscow, aged 67 years.

GREER—At Napanee, on Monday, April 2nd, 1906, Clarissa Greer, wife of John Greer, aged 85 years.

BENJAMIN—At Odessa, on Saturday March 31st, 1906, George Benjamin, aged 58 years.

FINN—At Newburgh, on Sunday, April 1st, Ernest Finn, aged 9 years, 9 months, 20 days.

BARNHART—At Hay Bay, on Monday, April 2nd, 1906, Peter Barnhart, aged 80 years, and 2 months.



## We Make a Specialty

OF

**Fine Black Suits**

**Dress Suits, and  
Tuxedos.**

**Single and Double  
Breasted Frock Suits**

**Clerical Suits and  
Cassocks.**

**All correctly fashion-  
ed in a diversity of  
styles.**

**JAMES WALTERS,**

Merchant Tailor, - Napanee.

### ARDEN.

In a few days farmers will be busy ploughing.

Edward Cole, who was badly hurt on the head by a stone, thrown accidentally by a neighbour's boy, has been taken to Kingston General Hospital by his father.

The township council met Tuesday. The wife of Rev. A. C. Hoffman, Methodist minister, has presented him with a daughter.

A fire broke out in the roof of the engine houses of the Barker steam milling works. Fortunately it was seen in time, very little damage done.

It is intended to have a children's concert on the Thursday evening before Good Friday, for the benefit of the Arden school children.

News has been received that George R. Monks and others have arrived safely at Saskatoon.

The board of Addington license commissioners will meet in Arden shortly.

J. Aylesworth, P.L.S., has been surveying in Kennebec for Addison Miller and others.

Carbo Magnetic Razors are giving entire satisfaction, take one on trial free for a month.

**BOYLE & SON.**

### ENTERPRISE.

Our winter has been much milder than the two preceding ones. However we have had a good deal of cold weather.

Many of the farmers around here have tapped, but the run of sap as yet is rather small.

Mrs. McKeown spent a couple of days last week in Chippewa the guest of her daughter, Mrs. J. Dillon.

Mr. Joseph Barrett intends moving his family to Tamworth in the future.

Mr. Lawrence Burns who underwent an operation at the Hotel Diew Kingston. We are glad to say has so far recovered as to return to his home in Chippewa.

Mr. Ed. Fenwick has started a grocery and shoe store in Mr. Chas. Keech's shop. We wish him success after his great loss.

A. S. KIMMERLY is selling large quantities of Red Clover and Timothy Seed as well as all kinds of garden seed. I will buy English Multiplier Onions. Full stock of Bibby's Cream Equivalent, Ground Oil Cake, Flaxseed Meal. Try our 25c tea. Five Roses Flour beats the world. Pressed Hay for sale.

**KALADAR.**

At Wallace's Drug Store—3 packages of any kind of Dye for 25c. Diamond, Turkish, Standard, Rexall and the new dye—Dyrol—12 lbs. ordinary sulphur 25c. 6 lbs. salts 25c. 6 lbs. pure linseed meal 25c. Herbageum 50c. Hugh Milling's horse powder 35c for 2 packages. Large bars genuine imported Castile soap 25c. genuine Wells and Richardson's Butter Color 15c. the best mixed paint 35c a quart—Imperial measure. 3 tins Gillett's Lye 25c. Have you tried our cheap Brown for Carpet Rags 1 lb the Best—Everything fresh and good at **THE RED CROSS DRUG STORE—T. B. Wallace**

### STRATHCONA.

Sugar making is the order of the day.

The Jolly Pathfinders gave an entertainment in the hall on Tuesday evening to a large house. Those attending report a good show.

John Winters spent Sunday at his home in Yarker.

Rev. T. F. Dowdell is holding services in St. Jude's this week. They are largely attended.

Albert Hanes took a business trip to Kingston on Monday last.

John T. Bowyer of Point Ann spent a few days last week with his family.

Chas. Thompson of Belleville spent Sunday with his family here.

The Misses Lena and Lillie Tait spent a few days in Deseronto last week visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Pybus of Napanee were visiting her father, H. Wager the past week.

R. J. Pybus and family have removed to Napanee.

Mrs. John Murphy is still seriously ill.

Mr. Chas. Asselstine and wife of Peterborough are visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Asselstine this week.

Mr. Bert Storings, and family of Syracuse, N.Y., have moved to this place.

John King of Harlowe is visiting relatives here.

Frank Hanes spent Sunday evening in Camden East.

The reading room is well patronized and is of great benefit to the village.

Abraham Connors and family have removed to Ernestown where he has a situation.

The Boxing Tournament was a great success. Dan made a very efficient and popular referee.

Mr. Chas. Hilton underwent an operation this morning for a cancer on his left foot. We hope that Mr. Hilton will soon be able to be about again.

We are glad to state that Mrs. Geo. Haycock is able to be out again, after being confined to the house for a couple of weeks with a severe cold.

We are sorry to say that Mr. H. Marten is at present very low with pneumonia. We hope for a speedy recovery.

Mrs. McCoy who has been visiting Mrs. Lott for a couple of weeks returned to her home on Monday last.

Mrs. Murphy is no better.

Mr. Frank Haycock is improving.

Rev. Mr. Mears, of Newburgh, is holding revivals here this week.

Rev. T. F. Dowdell is holding Lenten services in St. Jude's church this week. All are welcome.

Quite a number from here attended the funeral of the late James Kelley on Thursday last. Much sympathy is expressed for his sorrowing widow and family.

Buy all your bright tinware from **BOYLE & SON** they make the best.

E. LOYST sells flour, feed, bran, shorts, salt, coal oil and pressed hay, just a little cheaper than others.

### ODESSA

Miss Florence Murphy went to the Kingston General Hospital last week and underwent an operation for appendicitis. Her condition is favorable.

Robert Dougherty, of Kemptville, has taken charge of his brother's factory at Westbrook, as a cheese maker.

Odesa factory opened April 2nd, with a supply of about 18,000 pounds of milk.

Died on Saturday at noon at his home, George Benjamin, of this place. The funeral service was held on Monday afternoon at



**THE** success of pastry depends upon the flour. Bread and pastry must be more than merely appetising; they must be wholesome, digestible, nourishing.

The flour depends upon the wheat and the way it is milled.

## Royal Household Flour

is made from spring wheat only. It is milled by the newest and best machinery. It is purified by electricity.

Use it and you get bread not only light, crisp and appetising, but also wholesome, digestible and nourishing.

You will better your baking by buying Ogilvie's Royal Household Flour from your grocer.

**Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd.**  
Montreal.



101

"Ogilvie's Book for a Cook," contains 130 pages of excellent recipes, some never published before. Your grocer can tell you how to get it FREE.

## Money Saved is Money Earned

Housekeepers and Homemakers realize the value of economy. We want them to realize the full possibilities of economy by dealing at this store

We are ready to save you money on the value of every article of Furniture used in the home.

We have a very large selection of Ladies' Desks and Combination Secretary-Bookcases.

A fine Combination Buffet in the latest finish, that is fast becoming the universal oak finish, is shown in our window.

**The Gibbard Furniture Co.,**  
of Napanee, - Limited.

**We Are Always  
Wide Awake  
Our Stock of Goods  
is Complete**

I will buy English Multiplier Onions. Full stock of Bibby's Cream Equivalent, Ground Oil Cake, Flaxseed Meal. Try our 25c tea. Five Roses Flour beats the world. Pressed Hay for sale.

#### KALADAR.

Spring has come and sugar making is the order of the day.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Kellar visited Napanee last week returning home Friday.

Mr. McHenry has purchased a valuable horse from Mr. P. J. Moron, also some cows from Mr. H. Shuman. He intends taking them to Pictou this week.

Mr. J. Battgate, Blairton spent Sunday in town.

Rev. Mr. Garbut of Flinton conducted services here on Sunday last and preached a very interesting sermon.

Mrs. McBride and Mrs. Dempsey spent Thursday and Friday in Cloyne.

Mr. Willie Morton left here on Monday for Cobalt where he intends spending the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Godfrey went to Arden on Saturday returning Monday.

M. Bailey, traveller for Robinson & Nichol passed through here on Saturday en route to Kingston.

A number of tramps have returned with the warm weather. They look hale and hearty, as though they had spent a good winter.

Miss Leta Morton was the guest of Mrs. J. Forbes on Sunday last.

Mrs. Anderson and Miss Fleming attended the Millinery openings at Twiss on Thursday.

Mrs. Allport returned home on Sunday after spending a couple of weeks with her sister, Mrs. Campbell of Flinton, who has been very ill.

Miss Pearl Thompson was the guest of Miss Leta Morton on Monday.

Blue Eyes is still in our midst and he says the longer he stays in Kaladar the more it seems like home.

Mr. W. Bongard left here on Monday for Bannockburn, where he has secured a good position for the summer.

Mr. Peter Morton spent Sunday at the King Edward.

Mr. Wilson and Mr. Alexander registered at the Algerian on Tuesday.

Misses Edith and Etta Kellar were the guests of Miss Lena McBride on Sunday last.

Mrs. J. Daffoe of Bancroft is visiting her son, Mr. W. Miller of this place.

Miss Lucile, teacher, spent Sunday at the Algerian.

Miss Hazel Godfrey was the guest of Miss Laura Morton on Sunday.

Mr. Henry Presley and his sister Addie returned home Thursday last after spending a few weeks in Ottawa.

#### Sugar Making Supplies.

Boiling furnaces and pans, buckets, spoils etc.

MADOLE & WILSON.

#### YARKER.

A splendid bale in two sections has just been packed by the Women's Auxiliary of the Church of England, Yarker, and will be duly shipped to the Rev. L. La Clare, Fairford, P. O., Lake St. Martin Reserves, Manitoba. The men of the congregation put in the bale a pound of useful articles for the Missionary.

The Parochial card collection this year has reached \$101.00 the best in the history of the Parish. Well done Yarker.

Everything indicates spring, and many of the feathered species have arrived. We all welcome the little birds again.

Stewart Crowther has gone to Brockville, where he has secured a position.

E. W. Benjamin will give the Merchants Bank a site for their new building free. Mr. Benjamin is all for Yarker's interest; long may he live.

Mr. Albert Benn got tired of his bachelor life and got married on Sunday to Miss Mary Lee, Colebrook. We extend congratulations; they will reside in Yarker.

#### Sore Throat and Coughs

A simple, effective and safe remedy for all throat irritations is found in

#### Cresolene Antiseptic Tablets

They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice.

10c. All Druggists

Her condition is favorable.

Robert Dougherty, of Kemptville, has taken charge of his brother's factory at Westbrook, as an cheese maker.

Odesa factory opened April 2nd, with a supply of about 18,000 pounds of milk.

Died on Saturday at noon at his home, George Benjamin, of this place. The funeral service was held on Monday afternoon at the house by the Rev. J. A. McCamus. The remains were placed in Morven vault. Deceased is survived by a widow and one son.

An old resident passed away on Monday evening in the person of Mrs. Elizabeth Caton, relict of the late Chas. Caton. She is survived by three daughters and one son: Mrs. John Aylesworth, Mrs. Charles Clark, Mrs. Mark Fraser and Byron Caton, all of this place.

J. C. Fraser has moved in front of W. A. Baker's house.

Miss Dora McDonald, who has been very sick with pneumonia, is better.

Mrs. George Watts visited friends in Belleville last week.

The Jolly Pathfinders again visited this place and gave a concert in town hall on Saturday evening.

James H. Gordon entertained his Sunday school class on Tuesday night

Nickle plated tea and coffee pots, trays &c. at MADOLE & WILSON.

**DIAMOND DYES.**  
Will Dye any Article of Clothing from feather to Stockings.

The Only Package Dyes That Make Fast and Unfading Colors.

Feathers, ribbons, silk ties, dress silks, shirt waist, dresses, costumes, capes, jackets and shawls can be dyed at home with Diamond Dyes so that they will look like new. Try a package of the Diamond Dyes, and see what a bright, beautiful, non-fading color it will make, with but little trouble.

Diamond Dyes are the greatest money savers of the age, as many a woman with one or two ten cent packages of these dyes has dyed her old dress a lovely and fashionable color, so as to save the expense of a new one. Partly worn clothing can be made over for the little ones, and by dyeing it with Diamond Dyes, one would not recognize that the dresses and suits were not new.

Diamond Dyes give new life and usefulness to curtains, furniture coverings, draperies, carpets, etc. Beware of imitation and common package dyes; ask for the "Diamond" and see that you get them.

**GREAT REMOVAL SALE.**

—OF—

**Boots & Shoes.**

We are moving to Neilson-Robinson's old stand, opposite Royal Hotel, and will conduct a Great Removal Sale, commencing,

**SATURDAY MARCH 10**

**BIG REDUCTIONS in all lines for a short time. Come to us for Bargains and the best.**

**FRED CURRY.**

Proprietor.

J. C. Hawley, Manager.

Shoes, Truiks, Valises.

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**Our Stock of Dress Goods**

Are unequalled, in quality, style and price

**Our Stock of Boots and Shoes**

Call and Be Convinced

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Cheap Cash Store, Colebrook, Ont.

**Old Time Wheeling Enthusiasm**

has been renewed with hosts of riders by the use of the Cushion Frame. That disagreeable jarring and jolting experienced in riding the ordinary bicycle over rough roads and streets is taken up by the Cushion Frame device, and does not reach the rider who glides along as smoothly as though riding on asphalt.

There are many other arguments in its favor.

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**THE CUSHION FRAME and SILLS HYGIENIC HANDLE BARS**

are the up-to-date features of our highest priced wheels.

Cleveland, Brantford,

Silver Ribbon Massey, Perfect.

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